Part One

MARION WEEKLY STAR.

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THE REVOLUTION IS NOW HISTORY

Mexican Troops in Control of Situation.

REVOLUTIONISTS ARE ON THE RUN

Reports of Little Outbreaks Are Coming In.

However, the Revolution as a Revolution Is a Thing of the Past and Those at the Head of It Admit It. It Is Fostered on American Soil. San Antonio Is Used by the Revolutionists To Plan Campaign.

San Antonio, Texas, July 2.—All doubt regarding the genuineness of the Mexican revolution was removed by the discovery here today of complete plans for the uprising in the office of the Sociedad Benevoloncia.

Papers found in the office, which turned out to be the headquarters for the revolutionary party in Texas, set forth the plans for the attack on Las Vascas and also for contemplated attacks on Porfirio Diaz, Juarez, Nueva Laredo, Matamoras and other Mexican cities.

The officials of the society were arrested. They will either be spirited across the Mexican border or an attempt made to extradite them.

Reports of little outbreaks are still coming in, though the Mexican soldiers are in complete control of the situation.

RISE AND FALL OF THE REVOLUTION

Trouble due to revolutionists in northern states of Mexico, particularly Coahuila.

Revolution fomented in the Mexican juntas of Austin, El Paso and other Texas towns.

Differences in wages to Mexican miners in Mexico and in the United States and the alleged misrule of President Diaz urged as causes for the revolution.

Three towns attacked so far, Viesca on Thursday; Las Vacas on Friday, and Polomas on Monday.

Revolutionists successful at Viesca, defeated at other two points.

Failure of revolution due partially to premature discovery of plans for a general attack on July 1.

Total number of killed estimated at 100.

United States troops under command of General Meyer preserving order on American side of the Rio Grande.

Mexican soldiers in pursuit of revolutionists under command of General Vallores.

Revolutionists summarily shot down whenever overtaken by government troops, no attempt being made to capture them.

Leaders of revolution say the fight will be renewed just as soon as they can effect a sufficient organization.

Twelve of the revolutionists were shot to death near Las Vascas by a company of rurales.

Fighting in Progress.

El Paso, Texas, July 2.—Fighting is believed to be in progress today at Ascension between a band of insurgents and troops defending the town. Latest reports say the band that attacked Palomas, after being driven away, headed toward Ascension. This is the band provided with bombs which caused a scare in numerous border towns. Only fifty soldiers are stationed at Ascension. A courier was rushed there with news of the coming of the bandits. No report has been received since the courier's departure.

A fight is said to have occurred between the troops and rebels at Casus Grandes, yesterday, but as all despatches are censored, the outcome is not known. At Ciudad, Jaurez, across the river from here, the whole town was kept awake last night because a rocket was sent up a short distance from the town. It was regarded as a signal of the insurgents, and guards patrolled the streets all night awaiting attack, but none came.

Marshall Named.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., July 2.—The president today named Colonel Marshall chief of engineers.

CHILD DECLARES SHE IS TAUGHT TO STEAL

Denounces Woman in New York Police Court.

New York, July 2.—"She taught me to steal. She showed me how to slip my arms through a basement grating, pull the lock back and rob all the houses. Yes, I stole every day and got lots of nice things. She sold them all. She was to blame."

Many persons in the Lee Avenue police court, Brooklyn, Wednesday shed tears as Annia Wilson, nine years old, shrilled out this denunciation against Mrs. Julia Campbell, who is accused of receiving the goods the child stole in raids on more than fifty houses. Emaciated almost tottering from starvation, the child made her accusation. It was many minutes before the crowd's mutterings were stilled after the child's story had been told. Then she was remanded to the custody of the Children's society and Mrs. Campbell was held for trial on a specific complaint of larceny.

WRECK RESULTS IN FATALITIES

Engineer, Fireman and a Number of Passengers Killed.

El Paso, Texas, July 2.—The engineer, fireman and a number of passengers of the Texas & Pacific passenger train which left here yesterday afternoon, are reported killed by despatches just received here from Boracho, Texas, 130 miles east of here. The train, so the telegrams say, ran into a washout early this morning and the engine and two coaches plunged over a high embankment.

Undertakers and physicians have left here on a wrecking train and another relief train has started for the scene of the disaster from Toyah, Texas.

SIX HUNDRED ARE DROWNED

Victims of a Storm Off Java Coast.

NEWS BROUGHT BY EMPRESS OF CHINA

Disaster Occurs in the Harbor of Batavia.

Large Number of Vessels Are Capsized in the Harbor—Fishermen Rescue Many—Others Are Eaten by Sharks Which Infest the Harbor—Passengers on the Empress of China Count 359 Corpses.

Victoria, B. C., July 2.—Six hundred persons have been drowned in a storm off Java, according to advices received here today by the steamship Empress of China.

The disaster occurred in the harbor of Batavia, when a terrific storm struck suddenly. A large number of heavily loaded vessels were in the harbor at the time, and many were capsized, throwing their passengers into the water. Fishermen rescued a large number, but more than 600 perished, as other overloaded boats were unable to get to their assistance in time.

Passengers on the Empress describe the struggle of the drowning people as terrible. Many fought frantically with those nearby to reach safety, reaching big vessels only to be crowded overboard again. Others were eaten by sharks which infested the water.

Before the Empress left the vicinity, 359 corpses had been recovered from the water, many badly mutilated by sharks.

Treasury Statement.

Washington, July—Receipts $2,264,212; expenditures $4,990,000.

AN AIRSHIP FLIGHT OF FOUR HUNDRED MILES

Friederichshafen, July 2.—Congratulations poured in today upon Count Von Zeppelin, one even coming from the Kaiser, as a result of his record airship flight yesterday when he remained in the air twelve hours and traveled more than 400 miles, maneuvering around many cities. At no time on the long trip was the slightest difficulty encountered. It is a wonderful achievement of which all Germany is proud.

REBELS STILL HOLDING CITY

Tabriz Not Yet in Hands of Shah's Troops.

CLASHES OCCUR DURING NIGHT

Outposts Driven Back with Heavy Life Loss.

Advancing Troops of the Shah Are at the Very Gates of the City—Revolutionists Are Short on Ammunition and but Poorly Provisioned. They Offer To Surrender on a Promise of Safety.

St. Petersburg, July 2.—After a day and night's fighting around Tabriz, a despatch received today says that the revolutionists are still holding the town. Their position is extremely critical.

Clashes occured last night between the revolutionary outposts and the advancing troops of the Shah. The outposts were driven back with great loss of life and the horsemen of Rhehin Khan and the infantrymen are now at the very gates of the city.

Owing to the fact that they are short of ammunition and the city poorly provisioned, the revolutionists have made an offer to surrender on promise of safety. Only the acceptance of this offer will prevent a bloody battle today. Details of yesterday's fighting are still lacking.

Tabriz presents the typical scene of a besieged city. Breastworks have been thrown up in nearly all of the streets and fortifications built around many of the principal buildings.

Recruits are still joining the Shah's ranks and as soon as Tabriz is placed under military control, the Shah evidently intends to suppress the rebellion throughout the province of Azerbaijan, the hotbed of the revolutionists.

Assurances are given that the foreign population is safe. The American consul, William F. Doty, says the foreigners are in no danger.

Under Seal of Death.

Teheran, July 2.—Fearing that the efforts of his uncle, Zill-Es-Sultan, in fomenting another rebellion against the throne, will be successful, the Shah has placed the seal of death against him and has sent word throughout the empire to arrest him at any price. Zill-Es-Sultan already has succeeded in drawing many men to his cause, but he does not intend to strike until he has a formidable army ready.

Russia and England are both friendly to Zill-Es-Sultan and should he be captured and an attempt made to execute him, these nations will undoubtedly try to save him.

In the disorders Zill-Es-Sultan was one of the first leaders sought by the Shah's soldiers. He made his escape, but not until after his house had been razed.

The demand made by the Shah upon the British legation to release the prisoners that have taken refuge there has been ignored. The legation will furnish asylum to these prisoners until fair trial is guaranteed them.

INTENDS TO CLEAN OUT GRAND DUKES

Czar Will Retire Them from Places of Trust.

St. Petersburg, July 2.—The Czar intends to clean out the grand dukes from their places of trust and to separate them from the rich salaries that attach to the offices. Supported by Premier Stolypin, urged on by the douma and himself convinced that his titled relatives are the greatest incubus that now affects his administration, the Czar has begun the weeding out process.

Grand Duke Vladimir is likely to be the only one retained, as he has always been one of the Czar's mainstays. Grand Duke Nicholas, president of the council of state defense, has already been let out. Others to go are Cyril and Boris, notorious profligates, the cruel Sergius, Paul, Constantin, Alexis, Andre and Michael, all of whom are considered high-priced trouble brewers by the Czar. The new policy of the Czar is likely to result in plots against him and fears are even entertained for his life at the hands of the deposed grand dukes.

Foster Goes to Cleveland.

Cleveland, July 2.—Pitcher Foster of the Charleston, South Carolina, team was purchased today by the Cleveland American team. He will report July 15.

BISHOP HENRY CODMAN POTTER.

Bishop Potter Is Fighting the Death Messenger at Cooperstown, N. Y.

TWENTY-EIGHT KNOTS AN HOUR

That's the Speed Promised for Battleship.

BRINGING PRINCE OF WALES TO CANADA

Proposed To Break All Records Across Atlantic.

The Indomitable, Which Is Much Faster Than the Inflexible, Has Been Selected To Bring the Prince Across to the Quebec Centennary. Warship Will Be Pushed Every Inch of the Way.

London, July 2.—A battleship of 17,250 tons displacement crossing the Atlantic at the unprecedented speed of twenty-eight knots an hour. This is what England is promising when the Prince of Wales sails for Canada on the Indomitable for the Quebec centennary.

When the news leaked out that England had a "mystery ship" that was capable of this speed, the idea was scouted. Such speed in a battleship was hardly dreamed of, and it was generally believed that the English naval authorities had made a mistake in their calculations.

The trial trip of the Inflexible yesterday, however, shows that the claims for the Indomitable are well founded. The Inflexible is a sister ship of the Indomitable. In her trial trip on the Clyde she made close to twenty-seven knots. The Indomitable is said to be even faster than the Inflexible.

A crew of specially-trained stokers and a number of the most skillful turbine mechanics will accompany the Indomitable. When the Indomitable sails, the order will be given to push the giant vessel for every ounce of her speed the entire voyage.

NO INFORMATION TO BE GIVEN OUT

Regarding the Details of New 20,000-Ton Battleship.

New York, July 2.—An order just issued at the New York navy yard has forbidden the publication of any information whatever as to the details of the new 20,000-ton battleships to be begun there within a few weeks. It is regarded as ending the publicity policy by which America has always been governed.

Not even the date for the laying of the keel will be divulged by the officials of the yard. William J. Baxter, chief naval constructor, when asked for details, would only say: "Under the new order I am shut up tighter than a clam."

SEVEN KILLED NEAR SEDALIA

Disastrous Wreck Occurs on Missouri Pacific.

TRAINS MEET HEAD ON IN HEAVY FOG

While Traveling at a High Rate of Speed.

Locomotives, Tenders, Mail Cars and Forward Coaches Are Reduced to Splinters—Fire Breaks Out and Adds to the Horror of the Wreck. A Score or More Are Severely Hurt.

Sedalia, Mo., July 2.—Meeting head-on in a heavy fog that shut out the view until too late to avert the catastrophe, while traveling at high speed, the California limited, one of the crack trains on the Missouri Pacific which left St. Louis last night, and the St. Joseph express, east bound, were wrecked near Knobnoster, twenty miles east of here, early today. Locomotives, tenders, mail cars and forward coaches of both trains were reduced to splinters. Fire broke out in the debris after the wreck.

Seven persons were killed, and a score severely hurt, according to latest advices. A relief train was sent out from Sedalia, carrying nurses and physicians and the injured will be brought here.

Both trains were traveling at high speed, the express being two hours late, it is reported, and trying to make up time. Failure of the limited to take a siding is said to have caused the wreck.

A long stretch of straight, level, tracks runs near Knobnoster, but the fog prevented either engineer seeing the other until too late. Most of the pasengers were asleep when the crash came. They were hurled from their seats or berths and those in the forward cars plunged beneath the debris.

The California limited carried two small cars, two chair cars, two sleepers and an observation dining car. The lighter express, carrying two sleeping cars, two chair cars and a coach, fared worst in the collision. Wreckage was piled on the tracks in such a way that until a wrecking train arrives it will be impossible to learn whether other bodies are buried under the debris as stated in an early report.

Ready for Cruise.

San Francisco, July 2.—The sixteen battleships of the Atlantic fleet are all assembled in the harbor preparing for the continuation of their world cruise on July 7.

SECOND WOMAN IS IN THE CASE

Of Mrs. Frances Thompson in the Windy City.

STORY TOLD BY A HOUSEKEEPER

Sees Man and Woman Running from House.

The Time, She States, Is About Midnight Monday—Examination of the Body of the Dead Woman Shows That She Was Horribly Strangled and Beaten — Heel Marks Are Found on the Body.

Chicago, July 2.—New mystery today was thrown around the murder of Mrs. Frances Thompson, who was found strangled in a Michigan avenue boarding-house, yesterday, when Mrs. Harry Morton, former housekeeper of the boarding-house, told the police that she saw a man and a woman running out of the house at midnight, Monday. She said they ran down Michigan avenue for a short distance and then disappeared.

Police Captain Cudmore also declared today that several attempts have been made by a man, since Mrs. Thompson was murdered, to sell her diamonds, which disappeared after she was slain. This clew has been followed up and the police announce that they are close on the trail of the man giving the name of "J. H. Raymond," who took Mrs. Thompson to the scene of the tragedy, and of another man believed to have been an accomplice of "Raymond" in the murder.

Detectives Are Active.

Fifty detectives today are searching the city for the man giving the name of J. H. Raymond, who disappeared three days before Mrs. Frances Thompson was found.

The police are absolutely without a clew to the whereabouts of Raymond. He had three days' start.

The murder victim was identified last night as Mrs. Frances Thompson, wife of Edward Thompson, a St. Paul, Minnesota, school teacher, by Walter Gilmour, an operator, her brother. He said his sister left her husband about a year ago in St. Paul and came to Chicago to live. She was employed in Oak Park as a domestic for several months. The police are looking for Thompson, believing he can throw some light on the mystery.

Brutality of Crime.

The brutality and apparent deliberation of the crime cause the belief that the slayer had some motive other than robbery for putting Mrs. Thompson out of the way.

Chief of Police Shippy today declared he was certain the murder had been executed according to a plan carefully prepared several days before the crime.

Mrs. Edward Johnson today informed the police that a chauffeur, named Nelson, had frequently met Mrs. Thompson at her house. The police are looking for Nelson.

The movements of Mrs. Thompson before her death are enshrouded in mystery. In spite of the fact that she worked as a house-maid at various places, she appeared to have plenty of money to purchase diamonds and jewelry. A further search of the records of downtown jewelry stores is being made today by the police, in the hope that further light may be thrown on the case.

The full brutality of the murder was not revealed until Coroner's Physician Reinhart and Hunter today made the first careful examination of Mrs. Thompson's body.

Terribly Strangled.

The report declared the woman had been so terribly strangled that

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TIRED OF WAITING FOR THEIR BILLS

Newport, R. I., July 2.—Butchers, bakers and the other tradesmen who minister to the wants of the "400" here are tired of waiting for their bills and have formed an association to attach some of the million-dollar homes of their rich debtors unless settlement is made at once. Thirty days is to be allowed the rich cottagers and failing payment by that time, sheriff's attachments will be put on properties

A SIMPLE CASE OF ARITHMETIC

That's All There Is to Denver Convention,

SO FAR AS HEAD OF TICKET GOES

There Is Only One Man in the Contest.

He Hails from Lincoln, Nebraska, and His Name Is William J. Bryan—Prefers Judge Gray for His Running-Mate—Is Not To Be Dictatorial in Matter of Membership of Resolutions Committee.

Denver, Col., July 2.—Tammany hall is to "get the hook" at the Democratic convention next week. That fact was made plain today by Former Senator Charles A. Towne on his arrival from Lincoln, where he conferred with William J. Bryan for several hours. Towne brings his own vice presidential boom and confidently asserted today that he would be nominated. When pressed to declare whether Bryan had promised him support, he sidestepped gracefully.

Towne was asked what action Bryan had taken on the platform. He declared the candidate was preparing a draft of special planks which he will insist on being inserted. Chief of these is an anti-injunction plank.

Towne made it plain that Bryan is incensed over the action of the New York delegation in preparing to fight this plank, and intimated that the Nebraskan would even come here in person to fight Tammany if this course should prove necessary.

However, he declared he believed Charles W. Murphy would "see the light" before he reaches Denver. When Former Judge Alton B. Parker, chosen spokesman of Murphy and State Chairman Connors reach here to start his fight against the resolutions incorporating labor demands, it is hinted that he will be warned that, if his attitude is persisted in, the national committee will seat every one of the contestants in the Kings county district, thus recognizing "Pat" McCarren over "Charlie" Murphy, and that any attempt to fight either in the committee or on the floor will be shut off hurriedly. The plan so far as preventing a fight on the floor is concerned, is as follows:

Bryan in Control.

Denver, Col., July 2.—It begins to look like a simple case of arithmetic, so far as the nomination for vice president and the determination of platform questions are concerned. Diligent search throughout Denver fails to reveal more than three persons who are not willing to wager that Bryan will have more than the necessary two-thirds—672 votes—on the first ballot next Wednesday or Thursday. These are Frederick B. Lynch, official custodian of the Johnson boom, and the firm of Marvel & Beamish, promoters of the Gray candidacy. The Bryanites claim at least 750 votes on the initial roll call, and the general consensus of opinion is that he will surely have as many votes as Taft got at Chicago—702. With the nomination of the head of the ticket thus practically settled without the formality of calling the delegates together, the trend of discussion has naturally drifted in the direction of the vice presidency and certain features of the platform. Considered mathematically, there can be no other conclusion than that a man acceptable to the Fairview farmer will be selected for his running-mate, and that the platform will be one approved by him.

A Decided Difference.

The fact seems to have been overlooked that whereas a two-thirds vote is required to nominate the candidates, only a majority is necessary to adopt the report of the committee on resolutions. With Bryan even more securely in control of the national committee and the prospective resolutions committee than Taft was at Chicago, it is difficult to understand how a majority of the 1,008 delegates of whom more than two-thirds are either instructed or pledged to support Bryan as a candidate for the presidential nomination, could be induced against the policies which he represents.

In the matter of the vice presidential nomination and disputed planks of the platform, it may be stated on the authority of one of the Nebraskan's closest friends that his attitude is not of a dictatorial character. Bryan will be entirely satis-

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Big Removal Sale!

Some Prices of Special Interest to Mothers and Boys from 2½ to 16 Years Old.

Figures That Speak Louder Than Words.

Your choice of our entire line of Boys' $5.00 Suits—Norfolks, Sailors, Russians and plain double-breasted,

$3.48

Your choice of our entire line of Boys' $4.00 Suits

$2.48

All Boys 75c separate Trousers, straight or Knickerbocker style,

50c

All Boys 50c separate Trousers,

36c

All Boys' 50c Blouse Waists

39c

Your choice of entire line of $2.00 Wash Suits—all "Regatta" make

$1.39

Your choice of all $1.00 Wash Suits

79c

Your choice of all 50c Wash Suits

36c

All 50c Rompers—sizes 2 to 8 years

36c

Boys' complete Base Ball Suits, consisting of shirt, padded pants, cap, belt and stockings

88c

Boys' 25c Brownie Overalls

19c

Kleinmaiers
BIG REMOVAL SALE.

HEALTH OF THE CITY NOW EXTREMELY GOOD

Health Officer Makes Report to Board.

BUSINESS OF CITY IS GIVEN ATTENTION

The Members of the Public Service and Health Boards Hold Sessions. Matter of Repairing the Paved Streets Is Discussed—Some Reports from City Officers.

The board of public service held an uninteresting meting, Tuesday evening, with all members present.

The most important matter taken up was a communication from B. F. Shurz, who threatened to sue the board if it did not allow his bill of $60 for work rendered as a paving inspector on Park boulevard in January. Issleib moved that the communication be assigned to the waste basket, which motion was quickly seconded and passed.

Issleib stated that he had investigated the matter and found the inspector was claiming salary for work done after the street had been completed, according to the contractors statement, and when no inspector was needed. Issleib further stated that he had looked up the matter of the employment of Shurz and found that he was to be paid two dollars a day for time actually employed. According to the contractor there was no work for an inspector after January 2.

The report of the garbage disposal plant superintendent was read and showed that the sum of $81.25 had been collected during the month of June. Tht total receipts are next to the largest for the plant since its installation.

Mr. Malone, representing the American Asphalt & Rubber company was present and talked to the board about his company's Pioneer filler.

F. G. Mayer, of Mayer Brothers, the High street paving contractors, was also present and addressed the board on the matte. of repaving the paved streets. The board evidently impressed with Mayer Brothers proposition, but funds are not available. Mr. Mayer stated that his company is anxious to kno what the city will do in the matter, so that it will not lose any time here between the time it finishes the High street paving and the time to take up the repair work.

Market-Master Bain was present and gave an encouraging report as to affairs at the market-house. He said that business was good and the affairs in general, he thought were much improved about the house. As superintendent of parks, Mr. Bain said that some arrangement should be made for the opening of stands and the granting of other privileges at the parks. He suggested some methods and the board finally authorized him to handle the matter as he saw fit.

Mr. Bain concluded his talk and started down street when he met Officer Stengel, whom he had deputized to catch some boys who were continually turning out the lights at Lincoln park, when the park is in use. The officer had apprehended a young fellow by the name of Ambrose Young. Ambrose stated that it was the first time he had done the trick, but the superintendent was convinced that he had been connected with the work before. The board suggested that the lad be taken before the mayor.

The board of health then met. Bills amounting to $53.25 were allowed. Health Officer Chapman was present and read his report for the month. There were two cases of chickenpox, two cases of whooping cough and one of scarlet fever. One case of chickenpox and one case of scarlet fever had been released.

There are now no other contageous or infectious diseases of any description or kind in the city. The health of the city as a whole is excellent.

NEWS NOTES OF THE PAST WEEK

People Visiting DeCliff and in the Vicinity.

DeCliff, July 2.—[Special.]—Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Cook, of Marion, visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Cook Friday.

Mrs. John Ullmer spent Sunday in Columbus.

Miss Edith Marsh and Miss Hazel Sharp, of LaRue, visited friends here Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Pace and children, of Marion, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Pace from Friday until Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel King, of Scott Town, spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. L. V. Wilson.

Alvin La Rue was a Marion visitor from Saturday until Monday.

James Rush, William Hickman, G. G. Miller, A. C. Brady and William Holden were in Marion Friday as witnesses in the Sordon trial.

W. L. Morral spent Thursday and Friday at Alger.

Mrs Rosa Woodbury was a Marion visitor Saturday.

Mrs. M. H. Bain, of Marion, is visiting relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Clifton visited friends at Ashley Sunday.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Roshon, north of town, Saturday.

Ebon Miller, who has been at Logansport, Indiana, attending school, is spending his vacation with friends and relatives here.

Miss Genevieve Mattox, of Marion, is the guest of Miss Florence Roux.

M. G. Miller, of Agosta, and George Miller, of La Rue, were visitors here Friday.

Little Miss Helen Pace is visiting friends near Agosta.

Mrs. H. E. Oborn and son, Morris, of Marion, were calling on friends here Wednesday.

In Circuit Court.

In the suit of the State of Ohio, on relation of John H. Clark, prosecuting attorney of Marion county, against Hiram H. Noyes and others, to recover alleged illegally-drawn fees while Noyes was county surveyor, Prosecuting Attorney Clark, has filed a petition-in-error in the circuit court.

Worth $1.50 are Beatty & Long's 98-cent fine white canvas oxfords—either French, Cuban or low heels—surely see them before buying—window. d&w

BUSINESS CHANGE OF DRAKE & LANDGRABE

Mr. Drake Retires from Jewelry Business.

LADIES' GUILD TO GIVE AFFAIR

Mrs. Quick Covert and Daughter, Ruth, Return to Their Home at Perryville After a Visit with Relatives at LaRue—Some LaRue Notes of Interest.

La Rue, July 2.—[Special.]—The jewelry store conducted under the firm name of Drake & Landgrabe has been purchased by Mr. Landgrabe, Mr. Drake retiring from the business.

The Ladies' guild of the Presbyterian church will hold a daisy luncheon on the church lawn Saturday evening, July 11.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Allen left, Tuesday, for Wapakoneta, where they will spend a few days.

Mrs. Carl Caddle, of Rochester, New York, arrived at La Rue Monday evening, where she will visit a few weeks with Mr. and Mrs. T. P. Dodd and other relatives of La Rue.

Mrs. Quick Covert and daughter, Ruth, returned to their home at Perryville, Friday, after an extended visit with Mrs Covert's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Rauh, south of town. Miss Ella Rauh accompanied them home for a few weeks' visit.

J. D. Hastings was a business visitor at Agosta Friday.

Mrs. W. H. Sprague was the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Eliza Howser, and family, of Marion, Friday.

Mrs. Coy Ellis and son, Henry, have returned from a visit with relatives north of Marion.

G. E. Layman was the guest of relatives in Marion Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Bheley visited Mr. and Mrs. M. E. Burke, of Marion, Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Slauser spent Sunday in Quincy, the guests of Rev. Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Busard.

Mrs. Charles Allen and Mrs. L. G. Copeland were Marion visitors Saturday afternoon.

R. B. Bell was a business visitor in Marion Saturday.

Miss Zoa Cleveland and Lester Landgrabe have returned to their studies at Ada, after a few days' visit with their parents.

Mrs. C. H. Sutton and son, Ray, spent Friday in Marion.

Mrs. J. E. Wright, of Marion, was the guest of her parents here Friday and Saturday.

Frank Hussey, of Upper Sandusky, returned to his home, Saturday, after a week's visit with Mr. and Mrs. Charles Hussey.

Miss Demeral Morris returned home, Saturday evening, after a two-weeks visit with friends in Columbus.

R. B. Bell, Miss Callie Schotte, Miss Leona Baughman, Miss Susie Raub, of this place, are in Cleveland, this week, attending the annual meeting of the National Educational association.

Mrs. A. H. Davis was the guest of relatives in Marion Saturday.

A son was born, Friday morning, to Mr. and Mrs. Milton Anderson of east Vine street.

Ralph Kemper, of Delaware, spent Sunday with his parents here.

Miss Stella Prettyman left Saturday for Springfield, where she will visit a week with friends.

Mrs. J. C. Whitman was a business visitor in Marion Monday.

Charley Engel, of Spencer, spent Sunday with friends at LaRue.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Hasting were called to Marion, Tuesday, by the illness of a relative.

Mrs. William Riley, Jr., and Miss Spray Riley spent Monday in Forest.

Mrs. J. A. Slanser was the guest of friends in Marion Thursday.

Mrs. W. J. Keyes has returned to her home in Marysville after a few days visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Leonard, of south High street.

Mr. and Mrs. William Clark and daughter, Marjorie, spent Sunday in Marion, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Blue.

J. M. Carey was a business visitor in Marion Friday.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. John Shirea, Thursday, a son.

Mrs. G. N. Myers spent a few days last week with relatives in Marion.

Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Burke, of Marion, were guests of relatives in LaRue and vicinity a few days last week.

Mrs. G. W. Manley and two daughters have gone to Battle Creek, Michigan, to visit relatives a few weeks.

Rev. J. A. Sutton was called to Pleasant Hill, Monday morning, to preach the funeral of Mrs. Melvin Tufts. He was accompanied by Rev. E. N. Long.

Mrs. G. P. Scranton, daughter, Lena and son, William, spent Sunday in Cleveland.

Hiram Mills left, Thursday, for Morral where he will visit relatives a short time.

Miss Leola Scranton, of the local telephone, is spending her vacation with friends in Marseilles and Marion.

Miss Frances Burke returned to her home in Columbus, Saturday evening, after a two-weeks visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Baughman, of south High street.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Halstead spent Sunday and Monday in Cleveland the guests of relatives.

John Thombs, Sr., went to Andover, Pennsylvania, Sunday, where he will visit a few weeks with his son, Charles, and family.

Mrs. T. F. Cook, of Morral, is spending the week with her daughter, Mrs. C. H. Sutton, and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Blue visited relatives and friends in Marion Sunday.

Mrs. H. M. Williard, of Columbus, has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. N. Sifritt the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Bonner and Mr. and Mrs. Charles Allen spent Sunday at the country home of Mr. and Mrs. S. Allen southwest of town.

Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Prettyman and children, of Marion, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Tannyhill, of Chestnut street, Sunday.

Mrs. Clyde Conley returned to her home, in Ashtabula Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Alt spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Casper northwest of LaRue.

Mrs. Burle Hune and daughter are visiting relatives at Pfeiffer this week.

Mr. and Mrs. R. D. Henkle spent Sunday in Delaware the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Henkle.

Little Miss Elma Delander returned to her home in Marion, Monday, after a two-weeks visit with her grandparents.

Mrs. J. J. Jerome and children returned home, Sunday, after an extended visit with relatives in Ashtabula.

G. A. L. Markwith was a business visitor in Marion Monday.

Mrs. James Hastings and son, Maxwell, are in Ashtabula this week the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Clyde Conley.

Marion Bonner was the guest of relatives in Marion Saturday evening.

See Beatty & Long's shoe window for cut price oxfords and slippers—try on your size—every size there. d&w

The Marion County Medical society has discontinued its meetings until September.

The Warner & Edwards Store.

Ready to Wear

It's too late to make any thing for the fourth—but you can buy almost any garment you may want, all ready to wear.

Inexpensive Tailor Made Waists.

Plainly tailored waists of linen and fine barred muslins, very practical, smart, genteel waists **$2.50, $3.00**

Gloves, Belts, Neckwear.

All New for the Fourth.

12 button Lisle Gloves....**38c**
White tailor made belts....**25c**
Elastic belts in gilt and silver..... **50c**
Novelties in Collars.....**25c**

Separate Skirts OF Economy Linens.

A special offering of the newest linen skirts in White, Blue, Champaign Brown..... ...**$1.00, $2.50, $3.50**

White Waists to Close.

Two tables of stylish waists at half.

One lot that sold up to one twenty-five.....**50c**

One lot of the Fine White Waists that sold up to three.....**$1.00**

Warner & Edwards.

GET THE CASH HABIT.

Special Emb. Sale

On Sale Friday morning at.....2c per yd

Think of it—2c per yard, values worth up to 15c.

Store open all day the 4th—evening also.

New York Store

All Next Week Continues Our

Mammouth Half Off Sale!

Because of closing Saturday, July 4th at noon for the rest of the day and because so many of our customers were not able to purchase all they wished, we have decided to continue our

HALF OFF SALE ALL NEXT WEEK.

Remember, almost our entire stock of ladies' ready-to-wear and furnishings at just Half Price.

Ludwig's
SPECIALTY STORE.

NO. 133, - - - - - EAST CENTER ST.

Change in Name.

A change was made in the name of the postoffice at Owens, Wednesday. The postoffice name for the place has always been Owen, while the place has been called Owens, having been named after the Owens family. The postoffice name for the village in the future will be Owens.

Company Incorporated.

The Caledonia Grain & Milling company was incorporated at Columbus, by E. H. Day, J. A. Resler, A. E. Monnette, Fred E. Guthery and D. R. Crissinger. The company has an authorized capital stock of $10,000.

Good News for the Lady who Wants a New Dress

$12.50 Lingerie Swell Dresses at $4.50

Can you use another dress? Would you can to see these beautiful dresses made from a fine batiste that retails at 39c yard? A one piece Princess style; the entire dress being adorned with dainty laces, having the new Japanese sleeve. The colors are light blue, pink, champaign and white, all sizes—actual $12.50 values, selling fast at **$4.50**

$25.00 Silk Dresses at $12.50

$30.00 Silk Dresses at $15.00

The silk alone in these elegant dresses could not be bought at wholesale for the cost of the dress ready-made. Exquisite silk dresses in elegant Foulards, Rajahs, striped Taffettas, yoke and sleeve of Allover lace. The $25.00 styles go at **$12.50.** The $30.00 styles sell at **$15.**

STORE WILL CLOSE SATURDAY AT NOON.

Frank Bros. & Co.

Our Important "4th of July" Sale

now in progress—but remember, please, to shop before noon, Saturday, as our store will be

CLOSED AT 12 O'CLOCK (NOON) THE FOURTH

UHLER & PHILLIPS

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
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THE RESIDENTS OF DAYTONA ARE GIVEN A VERY UNUSUAL SIGHT

School of Whales Representing a Small Fortune in Bone and Oil Are Stranded on Beach Near Daytona.

The residents of Daytona, Florida the winter home of a number of Marion people, were given quite an unusual sight recently. The Daytona Journal, of June 17, makes the following reference to a very interesting incident:

Saturday night about 10 o'clock Dr. and Mrs. J. E. Rawlings were coming home from a drive on the beach in their auto when to their amazement they discovered a monster whale spouting and slashing the water at a point near the inlet. Upon investigation they saw eight more on a sand bar about one hundred yards distant which were later thrown up on the beach by high tide The largest measured thirty-six feet in length by seven feet in height, the others measuring from twenty-eight to thirty-four feet. They were the Odontoceti Sperm Whale which abound in the waters of the tropics and feed chiefly upon large cuttlefish, which its great strength and powerful underjaw are supposed to enable it to dislodge from their rocky retreats at the bottom of the sea. They are young whale as the old ones generally reach a length of about sixty-five feet. Their head is of immense size, and is shaped like an elongated wedge with the base uppermost, and the edges and free end rounded. The blow hole is single and situated at *the end of the snout on the left side.* The lower jaw is narrow and much shorter than the upper, in it are implanted forty-four large conical teeth which fit into pits in the upper jaw when the mouth is closed, there are no teeth in the upper jaw. The back is without a fin. The pectoral fins are broad and about six feet long They are black above and somewhat mottled with grey below. In the head between the skull and the integuments is a kind of large reservoir of semi-solid "head-matter" rich in spermaceti, which is now valued at about $1 50 per gallon, and will average about twenty-eight gallons to each whale. The whale oil is also worth about sixty sents per gallon and each will produce about 200 gallons of oil. The whale bone is also worth about five to seven dollars per pound and the average to each whale is thought to be about 1,500 pounds.

A great many reasons have been given out as to why these whale were driven ashore, some people advanced the idea that sharks had driven them in, which is not the case as sharks never attack live whale.

It seems to be a whale's nature to travel in schools and whenever they get into shallow water they stampede and do not know where they are going and oftimes come ashore as these did. Anyway is caused great excitement for our people and about everyone in Daytona and vicinity visited the scene which will long be remembered. The work of extracting the *spermaceti, oil and whale-bone is rapidly* being done by Elmer Oliver and J. C. Pettepher with a large crew of workmen.

THE TRAINING IN THE NAVY; OPPORTUNITIES OFFERED MEN

A Demand for Different Class of Men Calls for Schools for Proper Training—The Pay and Prospects.

In the old days of the navy, when about the only requirement of men in the fo'castle was a knowledge of sailoring, the service was recruited almost exclusively from the seafaring class. It was not essential that a man have any other qualifications for naval duty than to know how to "let go and haul," man a boat, and steer. It was not necessary for him to be an American citizen; in fact, usually he was not.

With the advent of modern naval construction, however, the demand arose for an entirely different class of men; seamanship was subordinated to machinery and electricity. Nowadays a man must be an American citizen, native or naturalized. He must, besides, furnish satisfactory evidence that he is of good moral character, but it is not necessary for him to have any knowledge of the sea—that is all taught him after he enlists.

The crew of a battleship is composed of men with a great variety of trades, the larger portion of which *are in the seaman branch. In order* to train men for the duties required of them, the navy department has established three large training stations. They are located on Coasters' Harbor Island, in Newport harbor, Rhode Island; at Norfolk, Virginia; and on Yerba Buena Island, in San Francisco bay. These stations receive young men between seventeen and twenty-five years of age, who enter the navy as "apprentice seamen." Recruits are first assigned to the "newcomers' squad," and are quartered in a separate building, where they receive close supervision at the start and are taught the necessity for naval discipline, regular habits, and implicit obedience to the orders of their superiors. They are also instructed in the method of keeping their uniforms and persons neat and clean, ready for inspection at all times, they learn how to swim, if they do not already know how, swimming pools being provided indoors for winter months, with facilities for heating the water, and precautions taken to prevent accident.

The apprentice seaman is then assigned to a company or division, and he is soon able to master the various drills or evolutions. These drills consist of infantry tactics, setting-up exercises, riot formation, as well as artillery drill. He learns how to "box the compass" by means of a large painted reproduction of a compass on the walls; he acquires a knowledge of signaling, and a familiarity with the flags of all nations and international signal flags; he learns how to heave the lead, the use of the log, how to tie knots, splice ropes, make hitches and bowlines, and is given general instruction in old-time seamanship in the rigging aloft. Later he is assigned to one of the yachts or small training ships attached to the station, for a cruise of a week or two in inland waters, where he puts into practice the knowledge he has acquired at the station, and has a turn at the wheel. This brief experience on board ship teaches him also how to sling his hammock, and usually gives him his "sea legs," so that later, when he completes the course and goes on board a battleship, he is less apt to be seasick. During all the period his physical well being is carefully looked after; calisthenic drills or setting-up exercises are held every day, and he has besides the benefit of a well-equipped gymnasium. The hours of duty and instruction are not long, and ample time is allowed each day for out-door *athletics if the weather permits, and* for reading and study.

The commissary department is one of the most important features of the station. Men are given three good, plain, appetizing meals a day, besides coffe or cocoa in the early morning. The bugle sounds at 5:30 a. m., and the boys tumble out *promptly and lash their hammocks.* After a bowl of hot cocoa or coffee comes an hour of scrubbing up; not only of clothing, but hammocks, covers, hammock bags, etc., which must all be cleaned, dried and aired. At 8 o'clock they fall in for breakfast; after which there are quarters and prayers. From about 9 until noon the time is given over to study or instruction. After dinner the instruction continues until 3 or 4, after which time until taps are sounded at 9 the apprentice seamen is free to do as he pleases.

In addition to the training stations for the instruction of apprentice seamen, the navy maintains schools for electricians, machinists, artificers, yeomen (who form the clerical force of the navy,) seamen gunners, the hospital corps, and cooks and bakers. Recruits are received at all these schools direct from civil life, as well as from men in lower ratings already in the service. At each school a most complete course of instruction is given, which fits the men for the duties which will later be required of them on board ship; but it also prepares them for following their trade in civil life, should they decide not to return to the service after their enlistment. The navy aims to make its training so thorough that every man who leaves any one of its schools is competent to perform the duties of his trade. It receives boys with no previous training of any kind, develops their physique, hardens their muscles, broadens their chests, gives them a technical education, and offers them permanent occupation at a fair rate of pay at the start, with advancement in pay and position as fast as they become qualified.

Men who complete the instruction at the training station are rated ordinary seamen, at $19 a month, or coal passer, $22. The higher ratings of the seaman branch are: Seamen, $21; and $30, $35 and $40 for petty officers third, second, and first class. In the engine room the ratings are: Firemen, $30 and $35; oiler, $37; water tender, $40; plumber and fitter, $15; blacksmith and chief water tender, $50; coppersmith, $55; and boilermaker, $5.

The artificer and special branches have four classes of petty officers, with pay corresponding to the classification in the seaman branch. Ship's cooks are paid $55, $10, $30 and $25, while bakers receive $15 and $35. The hospital corps consist of three ratings, paying $0, $30 and $20.

The bluejacket must pay for his uniform after the initial outfit, but he gets it at actual cost. He is also required to purchase certain "small stores," pay his barber bill, and keep his clothes clean. The necessary alterations to his uniform are made free of charge by the ship's tailor. It is customary for the chief petty officers' mess to contribute a small monthly sum for the purchase of delicacies not on the navy ration. Other than these, the expenditures of an enlisted man are voluntary.

Besides the regular pay and allowances for re-enlistment, continuous service, and good conduct, there are compensations for certain duties and for expertness. For instance. Coxswains of steam launches receive $5 a month; crew messmen and jacks-of-the-dust (the paymaster's "striker") are also allowed $5; signalmen get $3, $2 and $1 additional; the *crew of a submarine are paid an ex*tra $5 a month, besides a dollar a day for each day the boat is submerged; gun pointers draw a bonus of $2 to $10, depending on the size of the the gun; money prizes are also offered for skill at target practice. Ship's tailors are paid for their extra duty $15 and $20, while the tailor's helper has $10 added to the pay of his rating.

A chief petty officer, after one year's service on board a man-of-war, receives $70 a month. To this should be added allowances for continuous service, *good conduct medals, and re*-enlistment money, which in two enlistments would amount to $11.17 a month. When it is remembered that his board, lodging, medical attendance, hospital care if sick, street-car fare, and traveling expenses cost him nothing, it will be seen that this pay compares very favorably with like occupation in civil life. It is possible for a man to attain the rating of chief petty officer within one enlistment of four years; and if he does not do so within eight years, he lacks the qualities for succeeding in any occupation.

But we need not stop with the highest enlisted rank. After seven years' continuous service he can apply for a warrant, an intermediate rank between a chief petty officer and a commissioned officer. The pay ranges from $1,200 to $1,800 a year with an allowance for rations and commutation of quarters, which increases it by $200 to $300. There is also a chance for exceptional men to attain a commission the examination being limited to warrant officers with four years' service. To pass this examination means hard work, study, and faithful devotion to duty; but since the law authorizing the promotion of men from the ranks to commissioned grade was passed in 1901, a considerable number of the candidates have each year attained the rank of ensign.—By John R. Cox in *Scientific American.*

Some men decline to look upon the wine when it is red because they prefer another color.

Blunt language is often used in making sharp retorts.

FREE GOVERNMENT FARMS; SOME OPENINGS FOR SETTLERS

Tract of 15,000 Acres Is Thrown Open to Entry and Settlement. What Is Required To Obtain the Farms.

In northern Wyoming, seventy-five miles east of the Yellowstone National Park, 300 farms varying in size from forty to 160 acres have just been thrown open to entry and settlement under the Reclamation act. *This tract of about 15,000 acres con*stitutes what is known as the first unit of the Shoshone irrigation project.

The farms are obtainable under the Homestead law, subject to the charges of actual cost of supplying water to the land. This charge has been fixed at $15 per acre, payable in not less than five nor more than ten annual instalments. In addition to this the settler is required to pay an annual fee for maintenance and operation of one dollar an acre. The first installment of $5.50 an acre is due and pakable at the time application is made for water right for any farm unit. The second installment will be due on or before December 1, 1909, thus giving early settlers an opportunity of securing two crops before the second payment becomes due.

The elevation is about 4,400 feet above sea level, and the temperature seldom goes above ninety-five degrees in summr or below zero during the winter months. The valley is sheltered by mountain ranges on every side, and no blizzards, cyclones or other severe storms ever occur there.

The crops that can be grown on the Shoshone project are those common to the temperate zone. Alfalfa, wheat, oats, barley, timothy, potatoes, sugar beets, and all other crops produced in the states of the Mississippi Valley of the same latitude are grown here. Wheat of excellent quality averages *forty bushels to the acre, oats average* fifty-five to sixty bushels, and potatoes yield 250 to 300 bushels per acre. Sugar beets contain a large percentage of saccharine matter and a beet sugar factory is projected for this project as soon as the acreage settled is large enough to warrant it. At present the beets are shipped to the factory and Billings, Montana. Hardy varieties of apples, pears, plums, cherries, and small fruits may be successfully grown. Large numbers of cattle and sheep graze on the lands surrounding the project, and there will always be a home market for hay.

Transportation facilities are furnished by a branch of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroad, which passes through the entire length of the project, and a line under construction giving a north and south trunk line from enver, Colorado, to the Pacific coast via Billings and Great Falls, Montana.

Four flourishing towns, viz: Cody, Garland, Powell, and Ralston are located on this project, containing schools, churches, banks, newspapers, manufacturing establishments, hotels, stores, etc and offering fine opportunities for professional and business men and laborers.

The surrounding mountains are covered with spruce and fir and supply the farmers with timber and the stockmen with sumer range. Large coal mines operated in the vicinity supply cheap fuel for domestic and manufacturing purposes. Well water of good quality is found at depths varying from thirty to fifty feet.

Every settler will need some capital. The amount, of course, will vary with the man, but $1,000 or its equivalent, is desirable. He will need a house to live in, well, fences, barn, provisions for his family and feed for his working animals su cient to last one year, as well as machinery, tools, etc. Arrangements have been perfected whereby settlers will be given opportunity by th Reclamation service to work out their water right payments in excavating canals, extending the present system to cover additional lands.

Further information may be obtained by addressing the Statistician, U. S. Reclamation Service, Washington, D. C.

EXPRESS SPEED AT SEA.

On the latest record-breaking trip of the giant turbine steamship Lusitania that champion of the oceans covered 641 knots in twenty-four hours, which means an average of more than twenty-six knots an hour.

The sea mile or knot is one-seventh longer than the statute mile used on land. It takes only sixty knots to equal 69.5 ordinary miles. Therefore when the big racer steamed 641 knots the record was the same as 732 miles on land. That means an average of more than thirty miles an hour, day and night.

It is good express train time, of not many years ago, taking the whole distance between terminals like New York and Chicago. It is faster than the average of express trains across Siberia now. There are numerous passenger trains in our own Southern States which make slower time.

When the bulk of the ship driven at this speed is considered and due account is taken of the rate at which the resistance of the water increases with higher speed the work of the machinery which accomplishes such results is one of the wonders of the age. The resistance of the sea grows as the cube of the number of miles an hour. A vessel going thirty miles every sixty minutes requires more power than the same boat running twenty miles an hour, in the proportion of 27,000 to 8,000. Instead of only wanting one-half more engine force almost three and one-half times as much is necessary. The Lusitania must have eight times as much powed to make thirty miles an hour as the same ship uses in steaming fifteen miles an hour.

Truly the steam engine is one of the marvels of all time and it grows more wonderful as predictions of its coming displacement multiply.—Cleveland Leader.

Next Secretary of War.

Mr. Taft has resigned the secretaryship of war, his resignation to take effect July 1. This action has been expected and was of course inevitable. But consolation for the loss of his services at the war department is found in the full assurance of good service which the personality of his *successor affords.* The appointment of General Wright is no surprise. That it will be regarded with general favor, and will justify that sentiment, is not to be doubted. It is of happy augury that General Wright has been associated with Mr. Taft in some important features of his work, and has been his successor in another important place before the present. We may confidently expect him to maintain in the war office the high standard of administration which is there established and to which he himself as a subordinate has already contributed.

The fact that General Wright is a Democrat in politics will not lessen the approval which will be given to his well earned promotion. The appointment is a fine and exceptional example of the application of the merit system to the public service in the highest grades. The president is president of the *whole country,* and the war department likewise serves the whole country, Democrats and Republicans alike, and if a non-partisan, or perhaps extra-partisan, selection for office promises the best service for the country that selection is to be commended and applauded.—New *York Tribune.*

It's all right for a man to be a dreamer of dreams providing he wakes up occasionally and gets busy.

An Ideal Form of Outdoor Summer Living

ALTHOUGH house boating is still regarded as a modern and rapidly expanding fad, it is really of an origin so remote that the imputation of being "merely a passing craze" falls to the ground. The craft has its prototype in the ark, that ancient house boat which played such an important part in the preservation of the human race.

There are moderns who believe that it has performed a similar service in their behalf; that it has brought them the health and mental refreshment which they could have obtained in no other way.

In view of American national progressiveness and the growing fondness for outdoor life, which now amounts to a well established habit, it is remarkable how slow the house boat has been in making its way into our affections. Perhaps it is because speed is utilitarian, and there is nothing so at variance with the house boat idea as hurry. Most forms of aquatic sport smack of commercialism, but what has the house boater in common with those who rush madly hither and yon in pursuit of the joys which strenuous outdoor play is supposed to bring, but which it so often fails to accomplish?

* *

No human floating habitation is to be found under more forms or in more widely differing places. In the dahabeah form it skims the turbid waters of the far eastern rivers, the Nile, the Hugli and the Yangtsekiang, as well as numerous landlocked bays and inlets. These bodies of water fairly swarm with the floating dwellings in all shapes and propelled in a variety of ways—by steam, oars, sails, poles or toward like canalboats. In the Chinese empire the house boat has long been in high favor with rich and poor. The mandarin or merchant prince hires a flower boat for the entertainment of his friends and while he is sailing or anchored in the river spreads a sumptuous feast, with an accompaniment of music, dancing maidens and marvelous jugglers. The humble cooly lives his life in a sampan used to fetch and carry during the day and to afford a bedroom for himself and his family during the night. Europeans and Americans living in China soon adopt the prevailing fashion and charter house boats, in which they make long journeys up the great rivers and canals. Those who have lived this dolce far niente existence on a Chinese house boat are wildly enthusiastic over it. There is a constant change of scene, and the opportunities for fishing and hunting are unequaled. No more agreeable way of getting a glimpse of the empire's great interior could be devised.

* *

The habitat of the house boat in American waters is the vast network of coast and interior streams and inlets which stretches in an almost limitless circuit around half the continent from the great lakes through the St. Lawrence, south along the Atlantic, around the gulf to the Mississippi and through that huge waterway and its tributaries back to the inland seas. It is possible to make the entire circuit in one of these light draft floating homes.

The typical house boat is practically a floating summer cottage. It is provided with all the conveniences and comforts of such a dwelling combined with the romance of life afloat. The rooms may be large and comfortable, and they may be arranged to suit individual tastes. Not having to sail in the regulation way from port to port, the craft is modeled and built primarily for comfort, and space which ordinarily would be sacrificed to form or model is utilized to make matters cozy and homelike on board. The arrangement of some of the modern boats is as comprehensive as that of a first class city apartment. There are halls, kitchens and storerooms, parlor, dining room and bedrooms and above all is the roomy deck, which may be used for a variety of purposes.

The skipper of a house boat need not be a skilled navigator or even a fair sailor. He need take no especial thought of wind and weather. The wind may be howling with rage outside; the waves may be doing the proverbial "mountain high" stunt. It really matters little to those safe within the shelter of the stanchly built house boat. In its secure haven alongshore or in some well sheltered cove its inmates may make merry while the storm runs high.

* *

In England, where house boating has been exceedingly popular for many years and is becoming more so each season, it is the custom to have the boat moored quietly along some pleasant shore or at anchor in some little frequented stream. The skipper of an English house boat will keep his craft in one position during an entire season. That would never do for an American. In this country we must keep moving and the boats are changed from only from one position to another. Most house boats nowadays are furnished with some kind of motive power. A number of them have been fitted with steam engines, but they have been found objection ble on account of the boat and dirt incident to the machinery. Others rely entirely on sails and are manipulated after the fashion of an ordinary sailboat. The perfection to which the gasoline engine has been brought has made it an especial favorite with those who engage in house boating. The installation of one of these small motors is not a difficult or expensive matter, and it has become the favorite plan for those who are able to substitute it for the old fashioned poling.

In spite of the fact that England has been house boating for pleasure for at least a hundred years and the oriental for a good deal longer than that, the time has come when America is preeminently the land of the house boat. A house boating European or oriental would be astonished at the magnificence of some of our more pretentious craft of this kind. One of the handsomest was the famous Loudoun, designed and built by Lewis Nixon for his own use. This luxurious floating summer home was constructed at the Nixon yards at Elizabeth, N. J., at a cost of more than $50,000. The Loudoun was built with a steel hull, wooden top sides and given a length of 130 feet on deck. She was equipped with triple expansion engines and could make twelve knots an hour. The telling feature of this boat was her 110 feet of uninterrupted deck, which was utilized as the principal living room of the family. An awning lined with dark blue cloth protected it from the glare of the sun, the floor was covered with rugs, and lounges and easy chairs of the most luxurious description were everywhere. From this deck a winding staircase led to the drawing room below. This and all the other rooms below were provided with large windows with sliding sashes. The handsomest of all was the dining room. Its walls were covered with burlap, wainscoted for four feet and finished with white enamel. A costly blue and white rug covered the floor, and all the hangings were blue. The crew's headquarters were aft, and so were the bedrooms, all finished in the coolest tints of green and blue.

* *

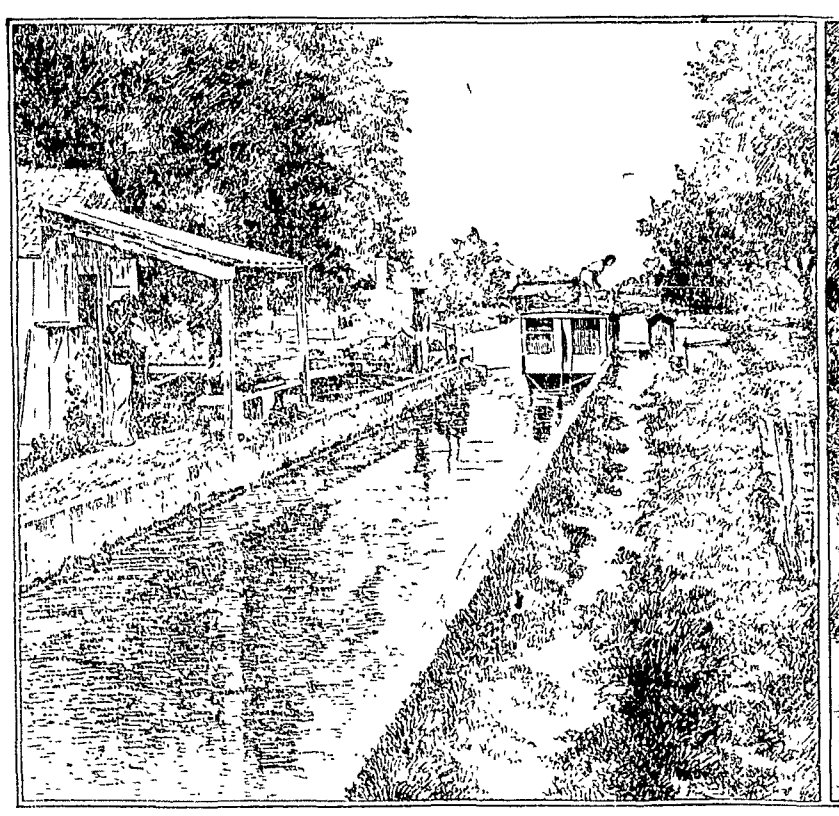
Although boats of the variety described are within the reach of only the few, the great majority has found abundant satisfaction in craft far less pretentious. In the neighborhood of the great maritime cities, and even in those which are far inland colonies of house boats have assembled season after season in constantly increasing numbers. The boats in these interesting colonies are all practically without motive power. No two of them seem to be of like construction or plan. Wonderful tales have been written about house boats built up on old scows at a cost of $100. It is not well to be too credulous in respect to these fascinating yarns.

A man who has summered for several years in a house boat colony on the Long Island coast writes amusingly of some of his experiences:

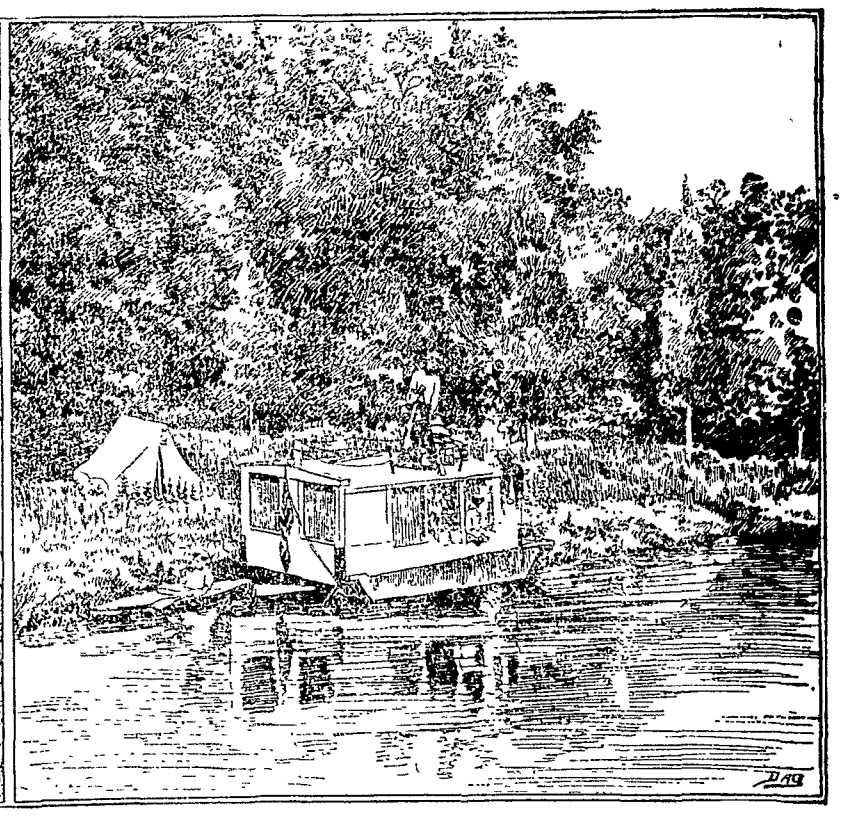
"There are elements of humor in summering in a house boat colony. The man who goes to business daily, leaving his boat and his wife on the bay, may not find them when he gets home at night. The boat may have broken from its mooring and gone wandering away, driving before the wind. One such boat started straight for Europe one day, with a weeping wife and daughter on board, and the distracted husband and father had all the tugs on the coast chasing it before the runaway was caught.

"Again, possessed of seven evil spirits, the house boat may break away in the night and go bumping around the colony, seeking eagerly to put its nose through the sides of every other boat therein.

ELMER A. STEARNS.



HOUSE BOATING ON THE RARITAN CANAL.



READY FOR THE NIGHT, WITH SLEEPING TENT ON SHORE.

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HALF A CENTURY OF TAFT

AN IMPORTANT EDUCATIONAL CONVENTION

APROPOS of the forty-sixth annual convention of the National Education association to be held at Cleveland June 29 to July 3, it is predicted that it will be the largest meeting yet held by this great association, not excepting that at Boston in 1903 with its estimated attendance of 35,000. The Forest City is preparing to receive this host of convention guests and to demonstrate that, although it may not be either the largest or the richest, it is certainly one of the most hospitable cities in the United States. It has long been known as a "city of homes," built up as it is with mile after mile of residential streets and avenues lined with handsome detached dwellings, each in its own setting of green lawn, shade trees and shrubbery.

To the homes of Cleveland has the appeal for accommodations been made, and not in vain has the local committee asked hospitality for these guests. In many cases where it could be afforded hospitality has been freely offered. In the tens of thousands of others a moderate compensation only will be charged. Practically accommodations for all who come are already assured by a most systematic and thorough canvass conducted from the offices of the executive secretary. The many excellent hotels and apartment houses will be able to care for 10,000 people. At Euclid Beach park, on the lake shore, the National Education association will have a little city of tents, where 5,000 people can be taken care of during the convention. These tents will have wooden floors and be furnished with cots, bedding, linen, rugs and water, gas and electricity, while all care of them will be undertaken by the management. Being close to the lake and on the skirts of the large amusement park will give this summer feature advantages that will please many people. The "veranda life" of Cleveland is one of its most salient and comfortable characteristics during the warm weather. Every separate house has its verandas of more or less commodious proportions, which, when decked out with red carpet and gay cushions and furnished with wicker chairs, hammocks, couches, swings and tea table, make outdoor sitting rooms whose languorous ease the convention guests will in nowise despise. The restaurants, temporary and otherwise, will cope satisfactorily with the merely physical hunger of the educational army, whose mental appetite will be so generously appeased by the programmes of lectures and discussions prepared for it by the association. Rest rooms are to be established all through the downtown district and at the department meeting places, where the tired pilgrims of this educational journey may drop in and find easy chairs and summer weather comforts awaiting them. These will be at school headquarters, Cleveland Sorosis parlors, the shops and the banks, of which Cleveland has an unusual and splendid array. These will for the most part be in charge of the Principals' club, the Grade Teachers' club and other teachers of the elementary schools.

For the masculine members the Schoolmasters' club will maintain a rest room in the handsome quarters of the Cleveland Athletic club, generously proffered for the purpose. For this same fortunate minority of visitors to the city the Young Men's Christian association will issue cards of hospitality admitting them temporarily to all the advantages of the well equipped headquarters building.

Cleveland hasn't spent all its energies upon arranging for the lodging and physical comfort of its guests, however. There are plans afoot for interesting things to do or to see or to hear every hour of every day of the whole convention week. "Open house" at factory, shop, mill and blast furnace will be the rule rather than the exception in honor of the guests of the National Education association. The shipbuilding yards, the great ore docks, with their colossal unloading machinery; the drills at Uncle Sam's life saving station—all these may be visited, day and hour being bulletined for visitors along with other interesting facts about each day's offering of pleasant things to do and places to see.

Three features of unique interest have been specially planned for the National Education association convention visitors in Cleveland this year—the great outdoor evening reception, the National spelling contest and the play festival. The reception will be held on Wednesday evening, July 1, at University circle, in Wade park, and upon the campus of Western Reserve university and Case School of Applied Science, when all members of the National Education association will be guests of the occasion. Beautiful illuminations and fireworks and several bands of music will make the evening very entertaining.

The National spelling contest, which is to be held in the immense Hippodrome on the forenoon of June 29, will open the regular programme of the convention. This unusual feature has created widespread and favorable comment. Eighth grade children will be chosen for this contest and will be entered in groups of fifteen from a number of the large cities. Interest in spelling has so awakened the zeal of the children all over the country that not only in cities which have entered the contest, but almost universally, spelling averages have taken a leap upward. The old fashioned spelling bee is once more in vogue.

J. Q. A. HULL.

NUMERICAL KEY TO THE TAFT GROUP.

1—aged three; 2—aged eight; 3—aged eleven; 4—aged fifteen; 5—aged twenty, junior at Yale; 6—judge of Ohio circuit court; 7—governor of the Philippines; 8—governor of Cuba; 9—in doctor's cap and gown at Yale; 10—most recent picture. The other pictures are from photographs taken at various times and in various places—aboard ship on voyage to far east, at the White House, in Cincinnati, at Manila, in Japan, Cuba, San Francisco and elsewhere.

Suffers Broken Hip.

Jacob Alexander, aged sixty-four years, and residing in Big Island township, stepped off a load of hay at noon Monday and fell in such a manner that his right hip was broken. He was given surgical attention by Dr. James Wilson McMurray and Dr. E. L. Brady.

F. A. Stengie, optician S. State St. 210-e&wk.

NOTICE TO NON-RESIDENTS.

The unknown heirs of Aseneth S. Grubb, deceased, whose place of residence is unknown, will take notice that Israel Grubb, administrator of the estate of Aseneth S. Grubb, deceased, on the 3rd day of June, 1908, filed his petition in the Probate Court within and for the County of Marion, and State of Ohio, alleging that the personal estate of said decedent is insufficient to pay her debts and the charges of administering her estate; that she died seized in fee-simple of the following described real estate situate in said county, to-wit: and known as a part of the south middle part of the North half of the East half of the Northwest quarter of section 21, Township No. 5, South range 14 East as conveyed to Thomas Stores by quit claim deed dated March 22, 1890 Record in Volume 67, page 501, deed record of Marion county, Ohio, beginning at the Northeast corner of said middle part and at the southeast corner of Mary Yachuer's land (see quit claim deed to Mary Yachuer dated March 22, 1890, from Joseph G. Paugborne, et al.); thence south along the sectional line five rods more or less to the northeast corner of lands conveyed to Sanford Miller by deed from Thomas Stores, dated March 29, 1890, and recorded in volume 67, page 552, deed record of said Marion county; thence west along the said Miller's north line (now Elizabeth Rush's) eight rods; thence north on a line parallel with said east line five rods; thence east on a line parallel with said south line eight rods to the place of beginning, containing one fourth of an acre of land more or less.

The prayer of said petition, for a sale of said premises for the payment of the debts and charges aforesaid, will be for hearing before said Court on August 10th, 1908.

The persons first above mentioned will further take notice that they have been made parties defendant to said petition and that they are required to answer the same on or before the 10th day of August, A. D., 1908. ISRAEL GRUBB.

Administrator as aforesaid.

Dated, June 26, 1908.

By H. Edmund Hill, his attorney.

181 -s-wk-6

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Notice is hereby given that the Commissioners of Marion county, Ohio, will receive sealed bids until Saturday, July 11th, 1908, at 1 o'clock p. m., at the County Commissioner's Office for making fill, west of relief bridge on the Klingle and Wick road in Richland township, according to the plans, specifications etc., now on file in the County Commissioner's Office

Each bid must be accompanied by $50 00 in cash or a certified check for said amount on a bank in Marion county. The successful bidder will be required to enter into a contract for the construction of said work according to the plans and specifications aforesaid and give a good bond acceptable to the Commissioners of Marion county, Ohio, within five (5) days from the day of letting for (50) fifty per cent of the estimated cost. Estimated cost $324.50.

By order of the Board of County Commissioners. V. PERLE GARDNER, *Clerk.*

6-wk-f-2

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Annore Cranmer vs. Harry Cranmer et al.

In Court of Common Pleas, Marion County, Ohio. Case No. 11868. By virtue of an alias order of sale issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Marion County, Ohio, and to me directed and delivered in the above named case, I will offer for sale at Public Auction at the door of the Court house in Marion County, Ohio, on the 18th day of July, A. D., 1908, at the hour of 2 o'clock p. m. of said day the following described real estate situate in the Township of Big Island, County of Marion and State of Ohio to-wit:

An undivided one-half interest in the following: Situate in the Township of Big Island, County of Marion and State of Ohio, and bounded and described as follows, commencing at the northwest corner of Section Eight (8) Township Five (5), and Range Fourteen (14) south, and running south one hundred and thirty (130) rods, to the corner of William Woods land; thence east eighty (80) rods; thence north one hundred and thirty (130) rods, to the corner of said land; thence west eighty (80) rods to the place of beginning and containing sixty-five (65) acres.

Also situate in the Township of Big Island, County of Marion and State of Ohio, and bounded and described as follows: Being the west half of the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter of Section Eight (8) Township Five (5), South Range Fourteen (14) east and containing twenty (20) acres. The last two described tracts of land being subject to the dower of Lucinda Cranmer Brown, as set off and assigned to her at a former term of this court, to-wit: Being a part of the west half of the northwest quarter of Section Eight (8), Big Island Township, Marion County, Ohio, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a stake in the center of the public road, running north and south on the line between the east and west half of said Section Eight (8), said stake being south four and 21-100 (4.21) chains of a stone in the center of said road, at the northeast corner of the west half of the northwest quarter of said section Eight (8), said stone being at the south east corner of lands of Samuel C Dodds; thence south along the center of said road 25.22 chains to a stake; thence west 10.31 chains to a stake; thence north 25.22 chains to a stake; thence east 10.31 chains to the place of beginning, containing twenty-five (25) acres. Said tract to be offered seperately and as a whole.

Tract 1. Appraised at $1885.00 Dollars
Tract 2. Appraised at $670.00 Dollars.
Terms of sale, Cash on day of sale.

Dated at Marion, Ohio, this 16th day of June, A. D., 1908.

E. E. BROWN, Sheriff M. C. O.
By A. C. JOHNSTON, Deputy.
DeGolley & DeGolley, plaintiff's attorney
5-wk-f-5.

LEGAL NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a petition will be presented to the Board of Commissioners of Marion county, Ohio, on July 14, 1908, at 1:00 p. m., asking said board to appoint Commissioners to lay out and establish a free turnpike road in said county, between the following points to-wit:

Beginning on the section line between section four and nine, Big Island township, at the intersection of said section line with the Marion and Kenton pike; thence east on the section line between sections four, three, two, one and nine, ten, eleven and twelve, Big Island township, to the township line between Big Island and Marion township; thence east on the section line between sections six and seven, Marion township, for one-fourth mile; thence southeast one-fourth mile; thence east one-fourth mile to the Hilman-Ford road and there terminating a distance of about 4½ miles.

Said petition also prays that said Board of Commissioners levy an extra tax, the amount of which shall not exceed ten mills on the dollar valuation in any one year on all lands and taxable property within the bounds of said proposed free turnpike and said levy continue for fifteen years if the cost and expense of building is not sooner paid. *4-wk-f-4*

SHERIFF'S SALE.

A. J. Thomasson and Belle Thomasson, vs. John Hinton and Sophronia Hinton. In Court of Common Pleas, Marion County, Ohio. Case No. 11908.

By virtue of an alias order of sale issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Marion County, Ohio, and to me directed and delivered in the above named case, I will offer for sale at Public Auction at the door of the Court house in Marion County, Ohio, on the 18th day of July, A. D., 1908, at the hour of 2 o'clock p. m., of said day the following described real estate situate in the Village of Larue, County of Marion and State of Ohio to-wit:

And being the following described portion of Lot Number Eight (8), in Topliff's Second addition to the Village of Larue, Marion County, Ohio, and commencing at the northwest corner of lot owned by Mary B. Miller; thence north on West street; thence east fifty (50) feet; thence south to land owned by Mary B. Miller; thence west fifty (50) feet to the place of beginning; all of the above enclosed plat of land, save and except sixteen (16) feet off of the south end of the same, which is hereby reserved for an alley.

Appraised at Two Hundred and Fifty ($250.00) Dollars.

Terms of sale. Cash on day of sale.

Dated at Marion, Ohio, this 16th day of June, A. D., 1908.

E. E. BROWN, Sheriff M. C. O.
A. C. JOHNSTON, Deputy.
Mouser and Quigley, Plaintiff's Attorney.
5-wk-f-5.

LEGAL NOTICE.

Tracy Medford Miller, of Tucson, in the State of Arizona, will take notice that his wife, Grace Blanche Miller, of the County of Marion and State of Ohio, dated on the 28th day of May, 1908, filed her petition in the Court of Common Pleas within and for the County of Marion in said State of Ohio against the said Tracy Medford Miller praying judgment divorcing the said plaintiff and defendant and dissolving the said marriage of plaintiff and defendant, that the plaintiff be restored to her maiden name and that said plaintiff be granted alimony in the sum of $500.00, and the said Tracy Medford Miller is notified that he is required to appear and answer said petition on or before the 4th day of July.

GRACE BLANCHE MILLER.
Bohn H. Clark, her attorney.
2-wk-f-6

SCHOOL EXAMINATIONS.

The School Examiners of Marion county, Ohio will meet for the examination of teachers at Central school building, Saturday,

July 11.
August 1.
September 5.
October 3.
November 7.

Examinations commence at 8:30 a. m. and no applications will be received after 10 a. m. All examinations will be written and positively no private examinations will be granted. A fee of 50 cents will be charged on admission to the examination, and each applicant will furnish an envelope, stamped and addressed to him or herself, in which a certificate or notice of failure will be forwarded. Applicants will be graded on a scale of 100. No certificate will be granted when the grade in any branch falls below 65. An average of 70 with a minimum of 65 secures a certificate for one year, 85 with a minimum of 70 secures a certificate of two years, 95 with a minimum of 85 secures a certificate for three years.

Success in the school room will also be taken into consideration in determining the class of certificate.

S. W. Allmendinger.
W. P. Moloney.
R. B. Bell, Clerk

PETITION FOR FREE TURNPIKE ROAD.

To the Honorable Board of Commissioners of Marion County, Ohio.

Gentlemen:—

The undersigned land owners, owning lands lying within the bound of a proposed and herein after described route of a Free Turn Pike Road, respectfully ask that your honorable body do appoint Commissioners at a special session to be held Monday, July 20th, 1908, at 1 o'clock p. m., to lay out and establish a Fre Turnpike road pursuant to the provisions of the statue, under Title 7, Chapter (7) seven, "One Mile Assessment Pikes," Revised Statutes of Ohio, Section 4774 to 4828, inclusive, and all acts amendatory thereof or supplementary thereto upon the following points within the County of Marion, State of Ohio, to-wit:

Beginning in the center of The Brush Ridge and Morral Free Turnpike road at the northeast corner of Section 19, and northwest corner of Section 20, in Grand Prairie township, Marion county, Ohio; thence south on a public highway between Sections 19 and 20, aforesaid, to the center of a public highway running east and west between Sections 19 and 30 and Sections 20 and 29, in said Grand Prairie township, Marion county, Ohio, and there terminate. Said point of termination being at the southeast corner of said Section 19, and the southwest corner of said Section 20, and the length of said proposed improvement being 1 mile, more or less.

We would represent that we are residents of Marion county, that we own lands that lie within the bounds of said Free Turnpike Road. We further request than an annual levy be made of extra tax upon all the property within said bounds for the period of not exceeding 25 years and in amount not exceeding ten mills upon the dollar valuation, each year, as may be deemed necessary by the Commissioners appointed to construct said road and for such orders in the premises as are authorized by law.

Dated June 17, 1908.

E. BROWN, et al.
5-wk-f-4 Petitioners.

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF OHIO.

JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the state of Ohio relative to the passage of bills.

Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio:

SECTION 1. A proposition shall be submitted to the electors of this state at the next election for members of the general assembly, to amend the constitution of the state of Ohio so that sections 18 to 32, both inclusive, of article II, shall respectively be numbered as sections 19 to 33; and sections 16 and 18 of such article be so amended as to read as follows:

ARTICLE II.

Sec. 16. Every bill shall be fully and distinctly read on three different days, unless, in case of urgency, three-fourths of the members elected to the house in which it shall be pending, shall dispense with this rule; but the reading of a bill on its final passage shall in no case be dispensed with. No bill shall contain more than one subject, which shall be clearly expressed in its title; and no law shall be revived or amended, unless the new act contain the entire act revived, or the section or sections amended; and the section or sections so amended shall be repealed.

Sec. 18. Every bill passed by the general assembly shall, before it can become a law, be presented to the governor for his approval. If he approve it, he can [shall] sign it. If he do not approve it, he shall send it with his objections in writing, to the house in which it originated which may then reconsider the vote on its passage. If two-thirds of the members elected to that house then agree to repass the bill, it shall be sent, with the objections of the governor, to the other house which may also reconsider the vote on its passage. If two-thirds of the members elected to that house then agree to repass it, it shall become a law, notwithstanding the objections of the governor. If a bill shall not be returned by the governor within ten days, Sundays excepted, after being presented to him, it shall become a law, unless the general assembly by adjournment prevent its return; in which case, it shall become a law unless, within ten days after such adjournment, it shall be filed by him, with his objections, in the office of the secretary of state. The governor may disapprove any item or items in any bill making an appropriation of money, and the item or items, so disapproved, shall be stricken therefrom, unless repassed in the manner herein prescribed for the repassage of a bill.

SEC. 2. This amendment shall take effect on the first day of January, A. D. 1909.

C. A. THOMPSON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
ANDREW L. HARRIS,
President of the Senate.
Adopted March 20, 1906.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, OHIO,
Office of the Secretary of State.

I, CARMI A. THOMPSON, Secretary of State of the State of Ohio, do hereby certify that the foregoing is an exemplified copy, carefuly compared by me with the original rolls now on file in this office, and in my official custody as Secretary of State, as required by the laws of the State of Ohio, of a Joint Resolution adopted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio, on the 20th day of March A D 1906.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my name, and affixed my official seal, at Columbus, this 23rd day of April, A. D. 1908.

CARMI A. THOMPSON,
[SEAL.] *Secretary of State.*

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF OHIO.

JOINT RESOLUTION

To amend section two of article twelve of the Constitution of Ohio.

Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio:

SECTION 1. That a proposition shall be submitted to the electors of the state of Ohio, on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1908, to amend section two of article twelve of the constitution of the state of Ohio, so that it shall read as follows:

ARTICLE XII.

FINANCE AND TAXATION.

Sec. 2. The General Assembly shall have power to establish and maintain an equitable system for raising state and local revenue. It may classify the subjects of taxation so far as their differences justify the same in order to secure a just return from each. All taxes and other charges shall be imposed for public purposes only and shall be just to each subject. The power of taxation shall never be surrendered, suspended or contracted away. Bonds of the state of Ohio, bonds of any city, village, hamlet, county or township in this state and bonds issued in behalf of the public schools of Ohio and the means of instruction in connection therewith, burying grounds, public school houses, houses used exclusively for public worship, institutions of purely public charity, public property used exclusively for any public purpose, and personal property to an amount not exceeding in value $200, for each individual, may, by general laws, be exempted from taxation; but all such laws shall be subject to alteration or repeal; and the value of all property, so exempted, shall, from time to time, be ascertained and published as may be directed by law.

SECTION 2. All taxes and exemptions in force when this amendment is adopted shall remain in force, in the same manner and to the same extent, unless and until otherwise directed by statute.

J. D. CHAMBERLAIN,
Speaker Pro Tem. of the House of Representatives.
JAMES M. WILLIAMS,
President of the Senate.
Adopted March 27, 1908.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, OHIO,
Office of the Secretary of State.

I, CARMI A. THOMPSON, Secretary of State of the State of Ohio, do hereby certify that the foregoing is an exemplified copy, carefully compared by me with the original rolls now on file in this office, and in my official custody as Secretary of State, as required by the laws of the State of Ohio, of a Joint Resolution adopted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio, on the 27th day of March, A. D. 1908.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my name, and affixed my official seal, at Columbus, this 23rd day of April, A. D. 1908.

CARMI A. THOMPSON,
[SEAL.] *Secretary of State.*

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF OHIO.

JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the state of Ohio relative to the time of the commencement of the regular sessions of the general assembly.

Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio:

SECTION 1. A proposition shall be submitted to the electors of this state at the next election for members of the general assembly to amend section 25 of article II of the constitution, so as to read as follows:

Sec. 25. The regular session of each general assembly shall commence on the first Monday in January next after it is chosen.

C. A. THOMPSON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
ANDREW L. HARRIS,
President of the Senate
Adopted March 20, 1906.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, OHIO,
Office of the Secretary of State.

I, CARMI A. THOMPSON, Secretary of State of the State of Ohio, do hereby certify that the foregoing is an exemplified copy, carefuly compared by me with the original rolls now on file in this office, and in my official custody as Secretary of State, as required by the laws of the State of Ohio, of a Joint Resolution adopted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio, on the 20th day of March, A. D. 1906.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my name, and affixed my official seal, at Columbus, this 23rd day of April, A. D. 1908.

CARMI A. THOMPSON,
[SEAL.] *Secretary of State.*

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MEMORIAL SERVICES AT MASONIC TEMPLE

Order of Eastern Star's Tribute to the Departed.

A LARGE AUDIENCE IS IN ATTENDANCE

Address Is Delivered by Rev. J. P. Currin—Some Beautiful Vocal Selections Are Rendered and Prayer Offered by Rev. L. C. Reed—Roster of Departed Members.

The annual memorial exercises of Lydia Chapter, No. 83, Order of the Eastern Star, were held in the Masonic temple, at 3 o'clock Sunday afternoon, and attracted a very large audience composed of members of the chapter and Masons and their families.

The hall was appropriately decorated with the bloom of the season and presented an attractive and pleasing appearance.

The exercises were opened promptly at the appointed hour with a vocal selection by a quartet composed of Mrs. Joseph Johnston, Mrs. J. B. Layton, W. R. Waddell and Walter Moore. Mrs. Lida Gunder served as pianist.

Rev. Loren C. Reed, pastor of the United Brethren church, offered an invocation and after another selection by the choir a very brief address was delivered by Rev. J. P. Currin, pastor of the First Baptist church.

Rev. Mr. Currin spoke feelingly of the departed members of the chapter and drew a number of beautiful lessons from the lives of those who have passed to the great beyond.

The speaker paid a tribute to the order and its work and illustrated the effect of the order on the lives of those identified with it. Something of the history and work of the Eastern Star since its organization as an auxiliary of Masonry was given and the great possibilities of the future furnished much for thought. The speaker was heard with a great deal of interest.

The address was followed by another vocal selection and the memorial ceremony of the order by Mrs. Mildred Hunter, Mrs. Martha Scherff and Mrs. Mary Evans.

After the reading of the proclamation of the grand worthy matron by Clifford Cass, the audience joined in singing "God Be With You till We Meet Again" and the benediction was spoken by Rev. Mr. Reed.

The roster of the dead of Lydia chapter contains the names of Abigail Dewitt, Mary Katharine Smith, Florence Parkinson, Mary Hedges, John Wilson, Rose Oppenheimer, Belle Bland, A. B. McMurray, Rosetta Knapp, Joseph Johnston, Mary E. Powers, Philip Dombaugh, U. K. Guthery, Charles Clark Rebecca Miller and Alice Hazen in the order given.

After the services the memorial committee went to the Marion cemetery and decorated the graves of the departed who are at rest there.

LAST OF ESQUIMAUX LONGING FOR HOME

Wants To Go Back to the Land of His Fathers.

New York, June 30.—Meenie Keshoo, sole survivor of five Esquimaux brought to America in 1895 by Commander Robert E. Perry, wants to go back to the land of snow. Meenie, who is sixteen, has been refused passage back to Greenland by Perry, but is offered a Kayak, or sledge, instead, when the explorer returns from his coming dash for the pole.

Not satisfied, the boy has written the state department at Washington but his request was answered by a proposal by Secretary Loeb that he go to Carlisle school. Meenie declined.

"They brought me here without my asking," said the boy at the home of William Wallace, director of the Museum of Natural History, who is caring for him. "All I ask is to go home."

Meenie's father and three others who came with him from Greenland have succumbed to tuberculosis. Influential men will make an effort to have Commander Perry reconsider his answer and make provision to take the orphan boy north on the Roosevelt.

ARE MARRIED AT HOME OF MINISTER

Miss Eager and Mr. George W. Clutter.

Miss Sophronia Eager, fifty-four years old, and Mr. George W. Clutter, aged sixty-two, were united in marriage at the Free Baptist church parsonage on south State street, Sunday morning at 9:30 o'clock, Rev. G. E. Barnard officiating. They were unattended. The marriage was followed by a dinner at the home of Frank Burtsfield, north of the city.

The bride is a resident of Grand Prairie township, while the groom lives at Caledonia, where they will make their future home.

DON'T GO HOME WITHOUT A STAR.

Whenever you are in Marion on Saturday afternoons, don't go home without a Daily Star. It has 16 to 20 pages of interesting reading matter, enough to last all day Sunday. Two cents per copy of newsboys or at the Star office. 30-wky-tf

The greedy are always needy.

A NATION IN THE FASHION.

By William T. Ellis.

The most notorious murderer of this generation is the son of a man who was an honored and upright Presbyterian elder. The decadence of the second generation is so common as to seem one of the signs of the times; the foolish or wicked escapades of the sons of fine fathers may be read in almost any day's newspaper. Yet this sort of thing is not new; here we find it in a Sunday-school lesson dealing with a period more than a thousand years before Christ. Samuel, the spotless judge and prophet, had sons who were grafters; they "turned aside after lucre, and took bribes, and perverted justice." Even so had the sons of good old Eli, whom Samuel had succeeded in office.

Goodness is not hereditary, although capacity for goodness is. The tendency of individuals, as of institutions, is to count too much upon the past, forgetting that virtue cannot be transmitted, but must be won by each generation for itself. A plant, a person, a nation, left to itself, has a tendency to deteriorate. The upward trend of life is to be maintained only by conscious effort and by assistance from without. No order will run itself. The need for reform—which recurs with such sad frequency in our political life—forced itself upon the attention of the Jewish tribes, as they saw that Samuel was growing old and that his sons were unfit.

"Like the Nations."

A deputation of leading citizens called upon the venerable judge and stabbed him to the soul with a two-edged sword—the reminder that he had grown old and that his sons were not worthy of him. Such are the sorrows that come to the aged; and such is the thoughtless cruelty of the world. All this, on the part of the elders, was but a preface to their real desire: they wanted a king "like the nations." This was the nub of the matter. Israel had been prospering and achieving something like national solidarity. So, now that it had got up in the world, it wanted to be in fashion. It was restive under the distinction of being "a peculiar people."

Like many in individual "bounder" in New York, who has endured all manner of humiliations in an effort to break into what he believes to be the charmed social circle, only to find it not worth while, so Israel was going to follow the king-fashion, and learn that kings mean a new variety of troubles. Perhaps it is too much to expect that Israel should have perceived the pre-ominence of personality, and to have known that greatness consists not in imitation, but in originality. With its own distinctive life as a theocracy, Israel was better off than with a king, after the world-fashion.

Japan has of late years been taking on Western ways, sometimes indiscriminately. A curious consequence is that its modern manufactures are tawdry and ugly; the nation seems to have lost its historic sense of harmony, symmetry and perspective when it comes to the new artst. A Japanese house made "foreign style" is likely to develop unexpected hideousness, while the European clothes of the natives are rarely attractive. Yet in its own individual and ancient arts Japan is unequaled: with good reason has civilization gone into ecstacies over Japanese cloissoine, porcelain, paintings and embroideries. In somewhat similar fashion American society has become stale and flat by being reduced to a dead level of uniformity. Madame Grundy places a premium upon conventionality and frowns upon individuality. Yet the law runs that pleasure is to be found in variety. So in the world of architecture: rows of brick houses, all alike, robs a neighborhood of all beauty; whereas a community of individual dwellings, each expressive of its owner's taste, is a delight to the eye. No greater mistake can be made by a country or a person than to try to do as "everybody does"; Isreal made a fundamental misstep when it undertook to be "like the nations."

A Patriot's Perplexity.

There are many politicians, but few statesmen. Samuel was a statesman. He thought in national terms and took long views. His one concern was for the welfare of the whole people. Nobody would ever hear him talk about "my district," but rather about "my country." The stupidness and the short-sightedness and sins of the whole people burdened his heart; he had looked backward and forward, and he perceived that this new folly of choosing a king was bound to result in evil. So, as many another great statesman has been forced to do in an hour of national extremity, he laid the whole matter before the God of nations.

Probably Samuel was disappointed in the Lord: he wanted Jehovah to confirm his own opinion and to deny the people the privilege they craved. But the Almightiy regards as very sacred the right of self-government which he has bestowed upon mankind. He believes in democracy. Even the Omniscient One will not deprive men of their sovereign free will: he lets them have their own way, even to their own hurt. So he bade Samuel let the people carry out their desire.

One more protest he should make. The statesman's place is to utter a solemn warning against any popular error of judgment; but he may not become a pessimist or sulk apart, because the advice he has given has not been followed. He is still the servant of the people and must go along with them, even if they do not go his way. Times change, and the great men of one era may not hang on the heels of the next, croaking "The old is better." After this one solemn protest Samuel was not to continue nagging; but he was to cooperate in the new plans and remain a leader still.

"The old order changeth, yielding
place to new,
And God fulfills Himself in many
ways."

"Suffer Not the Old King."

Kipling once wrote a poem as a warning to his nation. It was called "The King," and was really a free paraphrase of this eighth chapter of First Samuel, although probably not so recognized by the reading public. In this passage Samuel expresses Jehovah's warning concerning what a king will mean to the nation. Israel had not thought the subject through; masses of men never do. They did not perceive that their clamor for a king meant the rejection of Jehovah. The cost of this new fashion of government they had not reckoned, nor the burdens it involved. We always pays a heavy price for the attempt to be fashionable. The load of monarchial machinery and the consequent loss of individualism were all set forth by Samuel; but the people would not hearken to him any more than they had hearkened to the same warning written in the law of Moses.

There is no cure for the ambition to be "in society" except to get into society; where one soon discovers the hollowness and unsatisfactoriness of it all. The only way to convince Israel of the folly of wanting a king, "like the nations," was to give it a king. The people wanted to shift their burdens and responsibilities on to the shoulders of royalty; most of all, they wanted to escape being themselves, and to merge their identity as a peculiar people into the monarchial fashion followed by the other nations. So God gave them their way.

Failing to follow His program, He tried to make the best possible of their program. As Peloubet says: "God does the best He can for us. If we will not seek His ideals, and accept the best life He has planned for us to live, He will give us the second best blessings. He grants our request and teaches us by hard experience the better way. The tuition is high in the school of such experience, but we have to pay it, and blessed is he who is wise enough to graduate and take no post-graduate course."

A SMALL COMPANY WITNESSES CEREMONY

Miss Close and Mr. F. M. Smith Married.

Miss Maude Close and Mr. Francis Marion Smith were united in marriage at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Close, south of the city, at 12 o'clock Sunday.

The marriage service was performed by Rev. G. L. Bender in the presence of a small company of friends and relatives.

The International Sunday-School Lesson for July 5 is, "Israel Asks for a King." I Samuel 8.

ANNUAL PATTERSON EXERCISES ARE HELD

Young People Are Given Their Diplomas.

ENTITLED TO ENTER ANY HIGH SCHOOL

Program Consists of Music and an Address by W. P. Moloney, Who Gives the Graduates Some Very Good Advice—Some of the Advantages of an Education.

The annual Patterson commencement exercises were held in the auditorium of the High school building, Saturday afternoon. The auditorium was more than half filled with the relatives and friends of the young men and women who were given certificates that will entitle them to leave the country school and to enter the High school.

It was nearly 3 o'clock when S. W. Allmendinger, who presided, announced that a short program would be observed. The weather was exceptionally warm, and those in the audience kept fanning themselves constantly.

Following a selection by a quartet composed of R. B. Bell, of LaRue; A. N. Carmine, of Green Camp; D. M. Birch, of Agosta, and T. E. Bolander, of Morral, Mr. Allmendinger introduced W. P. Moloney, who delivered a very interesting address. He declared that it had been said that knowledge was power. He wanted the Patterson graduates distinctly to understand that this is not true. Knowledge is only power when it is applied, he said.

The speaker asserted that the pupils of this graduating class—the largest in the history of the country—should be proud of their records. Many were the great men who have received their early training in the district school. In Ohio alone you cannot count them on your fingers, he said. The education of today is better than that of previous years. It is improving constantly. The graduates of today have the advantage of the graduates of a year ago or of the graduates of years ago.

After the address the diplomas were distributed by Mr. Allmendinger and Mr. Bell as the names of the graduates were called. The program was closed with a selection by the quartet.

The graduates are:

Marion—Ruth Folk, Helen C. Brooks, Florence Baseler, Albert Ruth, Carl E. Beers, Dean W. Hinamon, Gertrude Sabins, Gusta A. Scherger, Harry Allmendinger, Clyde Hinamon, Mildred G. Hill, Marcella Dunn, Hazel Beck, Genevieve Walker, Maud Wagner and Wanda Hedges.

Agosta—Zoa Gorenflo, Emma Day, Maymie Bricker, Florence Reichert, Ruth Bricker, Carl Haberman and Walbur Zelg.

Prospect—Watt H. Treese, Ruth M. Moyer, Clara Moore, Irene Redd, Ralph Thibaut, Earl J. Lewis and Edson Reckly.

Waldo—Carolton L. Miley, Florence Smith, Elza Smith, Hazel Dickson and Frederick Smith.

LaRue—Lawrence Sager, Ruth Maueller, Mildred Gaffney, John A. Dilsaver, Gayle Hatfield, William Irey and Alvin LaRue.

Caledonia—Florence Cline, H. R. Trout, Wesley Mitchell, Chester Trout, Irey Holt, Dora Boland, Ralph B. Ullom, E. L. Trout, Della Irey, Inez Rice and Myrtle Boland.

Martel—Belle Haney, Mae Cyphers, Clarence Widemair and Adah Lowmiller.

Green Camp—John W. Ruth, Ernest L. Long, Dellanoe Boxwell Leora Shannon and Lulu Eaton.

MARION FRIENDS GIVEN SURPRISE

Miss Davids and Mr. Rolla A. Schrock Married.

Rolla L. Schrock, who went to California more than a year ago, returned to his home in this city unexpectedly, Monday evening. He was accompanied by his bride, who was Miss Mattie Davids of Prospect. They were married at San Bernardino, California, June 24, and started for Ohio on their honeymoon. The bride went to California for her health and shortly afterward she was followed by Mr. Schrock, who continued his courtship on the Pacific coast.

Ditch Hearing.

The final hearing on the Rubins ditch in Grand township was held by the county commissioners, Monday afternoon. The engineer's report was accepted. The ditch will be sold July 11.

A Drop in Twine.

For the next few days, we will sell McCormick standard twine at 9 cents per pound. All orders taken prior to this announcement will be charged at 9 cents. The Houghton-Merkel Co. 178-t6-wk-4

THE CELEBRATION OF PRETTY HOME WEDDING

Miss Dorward and Mr. Milton J. Hagemann United.

A SMALL COMPANY WITNESSES CEREMONY

Marriage Service Is Spoken by Rev. E. G. Mapes, of St. Paul's Episcopal Church—Young People Will Make Their Future Home in the Capital City.

A very simple home wedding was celebrated Tuesday at 11 o'clock, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Dorward, of No. 346 Windsor street, when their only daughter, Miss Ethel Dorward, was united in marriage to Mr. J. Milton Hagemann, of Columbus.

The ceremony was performed in the presence of only the relatives of the contracting parties, Rev. E. G. Mapes officiating and the ring service being used. Up until the appointed hour for the wedding the bride and groom mingled with the guests. They then took their positions before a decoration of honey-suckle in the parlor where the marriage vows were taken. Following the ceremony an elaborate dinner was served. The color scheme observed throughout the Dorward home was pink and white.

The bride is an attractive young woman and very prominent in the younger social set. She is an accomplished musician and is held in the highest esteem by her many friends. Mr. Hagemann, who formerly resided in the city, is a member of the Tally Wag club and is a young man of excellent qualities. He is at present employed as a pharmacist at the Wendt-Bristol pharmacy opposite the state house in Columbus.

Mr. and Mrs. Hagemann left over the Hocking Valley at 1:34 o'clock for Columbus where they will take up their residence at once, the groom having prepared a home on Dennison avenue.

The guests in attendance at the wedding from out of the city were Mr. and Mrs. C. Hagemann and sons, Harry and Russell, and Miss Coulter, of Columbus, and Miss Gertrude Dorward, of Chicago.

DISTRIBUTION OF ADMITTED ALIENS

A Plan To Find Work for Those Seeking It.

FARMERS WILL HAVE PLENTY OF WORKERS

A Unique Scheme Original in This Country Which It Is Expected Will Be Good for the Employer and the Man Who Really Wishes To Work.

Washington, June 30.—Through the department of commerce and labor and the postoffice department, Secretary Straus and Postmaster General Meyer have inaugurated a plan of service which will relieve farmers and others in this country from further embarrassment in the matter of procuring adequate help. The details are being promulgated through the division of information, bureau of immigration and naturalization, department of commerce and labor, and Assistant Postmaster General DeGraw, through the rural delivery service.

The plan is original to this country and contemplates a general distribution of admitted aliens and other persons seeking employment. In that view, there are being forwarded to postmasters throughout the United States, packages of cards, with return attachments, for distribution to farmers and others who are likely to need the services of farm and common laborers, or mechanics, and who may obtain the character of help required by mailing the return information card, properly filled out, without payment of postage.

For this valuable service no charge is to be made, or fee accepted, either from employer or employee, and the officers entrusted with the work will exercise every possible precaution in selecting men and directing them to destination.

In cases where labor is not needed at this particular time, the applications may be retained by prospective employers for future use.

The work of selecting suitable persons to serve in the several fields of labor covered will be given special attention by experts designated by the Department of Commerce and Labor.

COMMON PLEAS.

The suit of the Sulpho-Magnetic Springs Sanatorium company, of Prospect, against the Assurance Company of America, which came up for trial in the common pleas court, Thursday afternoon, was dismissed, after a jury had been impaneled.

It developed that the policy was issued to W. H. Hinklin, president of the Sulpho-Magnetic Springs Sanatorium company. Leave was given to again plead and the petition was dismissed.

The sanatorium building burned at Prospect about three years ago, since which time Dr. W. H. Hinklin has figured in the courts in an effort to obtain the insurance. There are several suits pending against different insurance companies, in which Dr. Hinklin or the Sulpho-Magnetic Springs Sanatorium company appear as plaintiff.

On the ground that the plaintiff failed to show he was not negligent, Judge B. G. Young, of the common pleas court, Friday afternoon, arrested further evidence from the jury in the trial of Byron Sorden against the Chicago & Erie Railroad company and directed a verdict for the defendant. Sorden sued the railroad company for $125 for killing a horse.

In the suit of Kathleen Modrack against M. P. Fitzgerald and John Hanley. Judge Babst has sustained the demurrer to the petition and the amendment thereto. This was an action brought by the plaintiff to recover $248 for nursing Mr. Fitzgerald during his illness. The defendant demurred to the petition and the amendment to the petition on the ground that not sufficient facts were stated to constitute a cause of action.

In the suit of McKinniss against the Hocking Valley Railway company, Judge Babst has overruled the demurrer to the petition.

Judge Young dismissed the jury, Friday afternoon, until the next term of court.

The suit of Flora Bird against Lenox Reber has been settled out of court. This was a suit in which the plaintiff sought to compel the defendant to make a settlement with her in a hotel partnership agreement.

In the suit of H. S. Long against the Long Dump Wagon company, Charles E. Merkel, receiver, has filed an application in the common pleas court to sell personal property to H. S. Long for $800.

Through Attorneys Crissinger & Guthery, the Story & Clark Piano company brought suit in the common pleas court, Tuesday, to recover judgment of $165.30 on a promissory note against J. Lee Shaw.

In Bankruptcy.

Mitchell Austin, residing on west Columbia street, has filed a petition in voluntary bankruptcy in the United States court at Toledo. The liabilities amount to about $400, with no assets.

PILES FISTULA
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE RECTUM

Dr. McClellan announces to the profession and the public that he makes a specialty of these diseases and has had 20 years constant experience. No pain and no detention from business. Bladder, Kidney, Blood and Skin Diseases and Diseases of Women. WRITE FOR BOOK ON RECTAL DISEASES (FREE) and indorsements of patients cured. Established 1880.

DR. J. J. McCLELLAN
Outlook Building, 44 East Broad Street
COLUMBUS, O.

Notion Bargains.

Values that are real—quality in every instance—bargains you will appreciate.

10c linen napkins, each.....5c
10c collars for ladies, each..8 1-3c
15c veiling, per yard.....10c
75c veils, each.....48c
35c work baskets.....25c
25c work baskets.....20c
Fancy crepe paper, roll.....5c
Painted pillow tops, 25c grade, 15c
The 50c pillow tops.....35c
Pocketbooks and purses 5, 10, 15 and 25c
Ladies' hand bags....25c to $1.00
Ladies' side combs 10, 15 and 25c
Back combs 10, 15, 19, 25 and 50c
Extra wide silk ribbon, yard..10c
Best English needles, pack....5c
Clark's O. N. T. thread, spool..5c
Darning cotton, 2 balls.....5c
Large red or blue hanks.....5c

THE ARK.
Cor Main and Church Sts.

Say, Housewife,

You can buy house furnishings, either new or second hand, for less money than anywhere else in Marion. See our new sideboards at cost. We also buy all kinds of second hand goods. Furniture repaired. Just phone L 917.
140 SOUTH MAIN ST.
Mitchell Brothers.

CHARLES C. FISHER, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
BENNETT BUILDING.

GEORGE D. COPELAND. JOHN E. BARTRAM
Copeland & Bartram,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law.
Practice in all the U. S. and State Courts. Loans negotiated. Careful attention given to abstracting titles to real estate. Collections made. Patents procured. Office over the Marion County Bank, south Main St., Marion, O.

GOOD NEWS TO WOMEN.

FATHER WILLIAM'S INDIAN TEA, Nature's remedy, is becoming the most popular female remedy in use.

Pale, weak, nervous, delicate women suffering from those weaknesses and diseases peculiar to their sex will find in FATHER WILLIAM'S INDIAN TEA a wonderful TONIC and REGULATOR. It quiets the Nerves, puts on flesh, gives strength and elasticity to the step, brightens the eyes, clears the complexion and makes you well and strong again. Tea or tablets, 20 cents. Tschanen Bros

UNCLAIMED MAIL.

The following mail remains unclaimed in the local postoffice:

Women—Mrs. Abbie Anderson, Miss Ida Blazer, Miss Grace Cline, Maggie Daud. Miss Dolla Harmon, Mrs. Lena King, Mrs. Ella Melia, Mrs. Laura Morral, Miss Mary Myers, care Mr. Hamet, Mrs. Charles Ortman, Mrs. C. C. Phillips, Mrs. Olive J. Russell, Mrs. Myrtle Spurgon, Mrs. Elizabeth Smith, Mrs. Mae Teniple.

Men—George Abbott, A. W. Coughton, Fred Cline, J. W. Clash, J. Q. Evans, William G. Hoffa, Frank L. Holcomb, William Johnson, David Keckler, Willie King, Fowler-Mosier, G. Z. Nichbar, H. C. Norton, George Noyes, G. W. Roebling, C. E. Rixford, R. A. Redding, Joe Snadle, William Vance.

Firms—Freeze & Company, Jacobs & Cherrington, The Marion Drill Seeder.

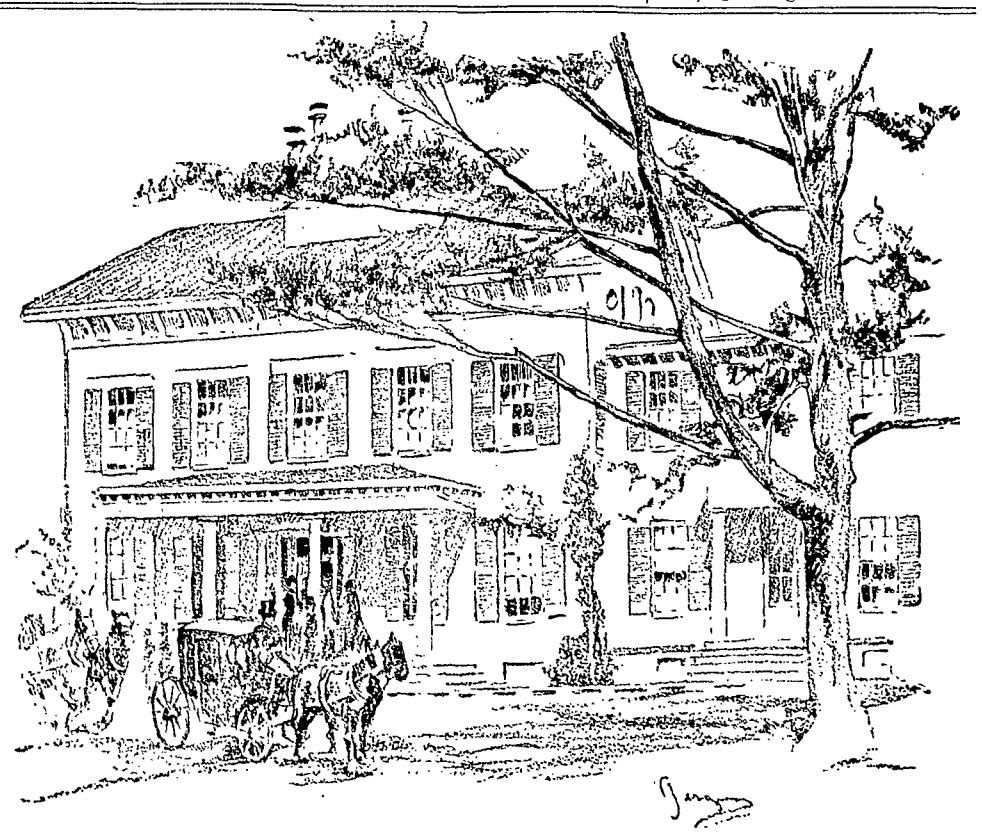
M. B. Dickerson, P. M.

Called by Death.

Mrs. Charles Kulencamp has gone to Urbana, where she was called by the death of her sister, Mrs. Stewart, who died Saturday evening. The deceased was well known in Marion, having frequently visited Mrs. Kulencamp.

Horse Notice.

Am standing Bonnie and May respectively at $12 and $15 at McElroy barn at Green Camp indefinitely from April 1. For further particulars call at or phone the barn.
97-s-wky-tf-c.



SCENE AT WESTLAND, THE CLEVELAND HOME, DURING MR. CLEVELAND'S FUNERAL.

The same modest simplicity that marked the home life of Grover Cleveland in the years of his retirement from public life attended the funeral of the statesman. It was Mrs. Cleveland's request that the funeral be attended by no national ceremony. Flags remained at half mast throughout the nation by order of the president and governors of the various states. Mrs. Cleveland received messages of sympathy from distinguished men all over the world. Among the first to telegraph to her was President Roosevelt, who immediately canceled an engagement he had to attend the boat race at New London and sent word to Mrs. Cleveland that he would attend the funeral.

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ANNUAL REUNION IS HELD AT RICHWOOD

Veterans of the Civil War Enjoy Affair.

GATHERING IS HELD AT THE FAIRGROUND

The Day Is Given to Social Pleasures and a Fine Dinner Is Served. Two Deaths Reported During the Past Year—Some News Notes Gathered at Richwood.

Richwood, June 29.—[Special.]—The veterans of F company, Thirty-First O. V. I., held one of the most pleasant gatherings in their history at the fairground, Thursday, the occasion being their eighteenth annual reunion. The following survivors of the company were present: Uriah Cahill, George Harriman, J. C. Babbs, Melvin Middleton, S. A. McNeil, H. S. Colver, Thomas H. Chapman and J. D. Chapman, of Richwood; John Hartshorn, of Raymond; H. D. Hurd and Seth Clark, of Peoria; H. D. Andrews, of Plain City; J. D. Mather, of Magnetic Springs; James Cooley, of York; D. J. Phelps, of Rushsylvania. Two deaths have occurred since the previous reunion—Colonel A. J. Sterling, of Leadville, Colorado, and B. F. Overfield, of Camden, Tennessee. All descendants of the men who served in F company are members of the association and among the younger members present were Mr. and Mrs. George Hageman and Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Meister, of Marion; Dr. E. L. Mather, of Akron, and Rev. I. J. Cahill, of Dayton. Dr. Mather and Rev. Mr. Cahill were the principal speakers of the afternoon. A bountiful dinner was served by the ladies.

Joseph C. Barker, of Oblong, Illinois, a member of F company, Thirty-First O. V. I., arrived in Richwood Friday. He had started to Richwood to attend the reunion of his company, held on Thursday, but was delayed in Indianapolis and consequently arrived here a day too late.

Miss Mayme Collier, of Milford Center, has been the guest, during the past week, of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. S. Collier, of west Ottawa street.

Miss Jessie Jones left, Saturday, for Akron to spend several days. She will visit friends in Cleveland and will attend the meetings of the National Educational association and will later go to Chicago to take a teachers' course in music and art. Miss Jones is a teacher in the Richwood schools.

Mrs. Samuel Sparks and little daughter, who spent the past several weeks here, returned to their home in Marion, Indiana, Saturday. Mrs. Sparks was accompanied home by her sister, Mrs. Clifford Blair, who will spend several days in Indiana.

Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Hamilton visited their son in Marion during the past week.

James Sanders is remodeling the building formerly occupied by Harrison Sloop's coal office, on east Blagrove street, and expects to make a dwelling of the same.

Mrs. A. E. Winget, of Marysville, was the guest, last week, of her uncle Allen Haines, and family, of south Franklin street.

Mrs. John Collier and children, of Pavonia, spent the past week here with Mr. Collier's parents, Mr. and Mrs. V. F. Collier, of west Ottawa street.

Mrs. Mary J. Mather is visiting her daughter, Mrs. F. S. Sommer, at Scarborough, Maine. Mrs. Mather made the trip alone as far as Portland, Maine, where she was met by her son-in-law, Rev. Mr. Sommer, who formerly lived in Richwood.

Misses Grace Monson and Iva Campbell, of Marion, were guests, Thursday and Friday, of Miss Alpha Phillips.

Mrs. J. B. Robinson, of Plain City, was the guest, last week, of her son and daughter, A. W. Robinson and Mrs. Georgia Curry, of Richwood.

Miss Flavilla Harriman spent Wednesday night and Thursday with her brother, J. S. Harriman, and family, of Marion.

Mrs. Margaret David is visiting relatives in Ostrander.

Mr. and Mrs. George Hageman and L. E. Meister and family, of Marion, were guests, Thursday, of Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Parish, near Richwood.

A number of Richwood people went to Delaware, Wednesday evening, to see Minnelli Brothers' Big Dramatic company, which played under canvas in that city, last week. Roy Davis, a former Richwood boy, is a member of the company. Those composing the party Wednesday evening were Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Loveless, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Wright, Misses Alba Handley, Maude Hough and Hazel Robinson and Messrs. James Sherbrook, Don and Dwight Robinson and Don Van Winkle.

Misses Starling Hall, Mary Eckelberry, Hazel Husted, Mildred Horn, Ethel Cheney and Lamont Baldwin spent Thursday afternoon picnicking at Eagle park, at Magnetic Springs.

Sheriff D. C. Bolenbaugh, of Marysville, was in Richwood Friday.

Miss Opal Clayton, of Marion, spent the past week with Mr. and Mrs. Charles Weaver and other friends in Richwood.

Miss Bernice Osborne, of Milford Center, has been the guest of relatives in Richwood during the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. L. D Fisher spent the past week with their daughter, Mrs. O. S. McNeil, of Columbus

E. R. Graham, of Chicago, is visiting his family at their summer home, north of Richwood.

JOINED IN MARRIAGE AT MINISTER'S HOME

Miss Whiteman and Mr. Benjamin Thatcher.

Mr. Benjamin Thatcher and Miss Minnie Whiteman were quietly married, Monday evening, by Rev. George E. Barnard, at his residence. The couple will reside with the groom's parents on Herman street.

The bride is the daughter of John Whiteman, of LaRue, and has been employed at the Dr. C. E. Sawyer sanatorium. She has a host of local friends. The groom is a clerk employed at the F. E. Disbennet grocery on west Center street and is known as a young man of sterling worth.

Mr. and Mrs. Thatcher left for a trip to Niagara Falls and will return the last of the week.

TO CELEBRATE THE FOURTH

The Warner & Edwards store will close at noon Saturday, July 4. Every day this week and up to 12 o'clock Saturday you can find the lowest prices ever known on ready-to-wear things—belts, ribbons, gloves, hosiery and the better class of wash fabrics and silks. Warner & Edwards.

d&wk

Robert D. McCarter.

The funeral services of Robert D. McCarter, a traveling salesman well known in this city and who died in Columbus, Sunday, were held at his home in the Capital City at 9:30 o'clock Tuesday. Mr. McCarter made regular visits to this city for a great many years.

The man who does things is seldom heralded by an advance agent and a brass band.

The romance of a spinster is apt to be one sided.

ARRANGEMENT FOR THE NEXT LECTURE COURSE

Committee Meets at the Y. M. C. A. Building.

VERY FINE COURSE FOR NEXT SEASON

The Very Best Talent Picked from the Offerings of Three Bureaus. Reserved Seat Tickets and Unreserved Seats Will Be Sold at Very Reasonable Prices.

At a meeting of the lecture-course committee of the Y. M. C. A. held at the association building, Monday afternoon and evening, the course for the coming season was planned. Representatives of the Redpath, Coit and Lee Keedick bureaus were present and the best talent of these three bureaus was selected by the committee. Four of the numbers of the course are from the Lee Keedick bureau, three from the Redpath bureau and one from the Coit bureau, while Bishop Quayle will be an independent number on the course.

The committee has devoted a little more of the course to music than it has in the past and with the five lectures and four musical numbers, the course promises to excel any that the association has had. It includes the best-known lecturers and musicians of the courses, all of the talent having a wide reputation. The course exceeds in cost any that have been given by the association, and the people will be given an excellent entertainment for but comparatively little. The reserved seat tickets for the nine numbers on the course will be sold at two dollars and the unreserved at one dollar. The admission for a single number will be twenty-five cents for the unreserved section.

The dates for the numbers on the course will be arranged later. The course includes Bishop Quayle, lecturer, whose subject will be selected later; Rev. Samuel Parkes Cadman, lecturer, his subject to be "The Puritan in Two Worlds;" Rev. Charles L. Goodell, pastor of the Calvary church in New York City, who will lecture on "Heroes in Homespun;" Dr. F. G. Smith, pastor of the Congregational church in Chicago, who will probably take for his subject "An Interpretation of a Square Deal," and Rev. Charles F. Aked, pastor of the Baptist church of New York, who came to this country at the special request of John D. Rockefeller, will lecture on "Policies and Progress of Great Britain."

The other entertainments in the course are all high class and secured at considerable expenses. Elias Day and Oranne Truitt Day, characterist and reader respectively, are entertainers of the highest class. Margaret Keyes, one of the greatest contralto singers of the country and who toured with Caruso and divided honors with him, will be one of the numbers. The Chicago Glee club, a quartet of singers and musicians, will be another feature. The lovers of vocal music will also be given an opportunity to hear Charles Norman Granville, of New York, a baritone singer who has made several tours with Creatore's band, being one of the features of that organization.

THE SCHOOL BOARD COMBINES OFFICES

P. S. Wilson Is Elected To Serve One Year.

BOARD TAKES TIME TO REACH DECISION

A Special Meeting Is Called for the Purpose of Electing a Truant Officer and Superintendent of Buildings and Janitors—Some Other School Business.

P. S. Wilson was elected truant officer and superintendent of buildings and grounds and of janitors at a special meeting of the board of education at the High school building, Monday evening. He is to receive a salary of $75 a month. His election is for a period of one year.

Even though it had been agreed by a majority of the board that a superintendent of buildings and grounds and of janitors was necessary and that President F. E. Guthery should call a special meeting to elect an official of this kind, it was not until after many ballots were taken that Mr. Wilson was elected. That same spirit which has prevented the present board from agreeing on practically every question of any import was again in evidence.

When President Guthery stated the purpose of the meeting, Member M. B. Dickerson made a motion that the board combine the offices of truant officer and superintendent of buildings and grounds and of janitors, beginning July 1, and proceed to elect. Among the candidates were P. S. Wilson, David Vestal, P. F. Little, Lester Clapsaddle, G. W. Robertson and George Rayl.

Ballot after ballot was cast. The members were tired, but they kept on voting without complaint. Finally, it was announced that Mr. Clapsaddle had received four votes. One of the four ballots bore the names of Wilson and Clapsaddle written on opposite sides. Member W. B. Spaulding declared he had made a mistake in casting his ballot, and the balloting was begun all over again. Always three votes were cast for Mr. Wilson, while the other three were scattered. After everybody had grown tired, one of the three members voting for all the candidates except Wilson capitulated to the former superintendent of buildings and grounds and of janitors.

Member Dickerson asked that Mr. Wilson be elected by a yea and nay note. All voted yea except Mr. Hill. Mr. Wilson was declared elected.

Member J. Wilbur Jacoby introduced a resolution requiring Superintendent H. L. Frank to make an annual report to the board in compliance with the law. He said his object was to find out Mr. Frank's ideas and suggestions for development and advancement for the coming year as well as to learn what progress had been made during the past year.

Member Dickerson said he was not opposed to the resolution, but could not see the necessity of it inasmuch as the law compelled the superintendent to make a similar report.

Member George B. Christian declared he did not object to the resolution if Mr. Frank had been asked concerning it. Mr. Jacoby said that Mr. Frank had not been consulted. Member Christian replied that he believed Mr. Frank would furnish the required information if simply asked for it. Member Jacoby moved the adoption of his resolution. It was seconded by Member Spaulding and the resolution was unanimously adopted.

The contract for calcimining the walls of the Silver Street building was awarded to the Ohls Decorating company for $155.

Member Hill said he had sent out notices to fire escape builders and that representatives of firms had already been on the ground. The board will meet next Monday evening to receive bids for the construction of twenty-seven fire escapes.

Member Dickerson read a report compiled by Superintendent Wilson with regard to various minor improvements and the committee on buildings and grounds was empowered to make all necessary repairs.

STORED WEALTH IN THE FREIBERG SILVER MINE

It Is Operated 800 Years Without Interruption.

Mine Is To Be Closed in 1913 and Many of the Aged Miners Will Be Pensioned by the State for Service Rendered It.

Washington, June 30.—How would you like to own a silver mine so rich that its vein of precious ore would yield yearly all that you could mine from it for 800 years?

It is hard to believe that such a mine of stored wealth ever existed, and yet the Freiberg in Saxony is soon to be permanently shut down after practically an uninterrupted exploitation since 1163.

During these past centuries the rich veins have formed one of the most valuable sources of income of the royal house of Saxony. Since the serious depreciation in the value of silver it has become more and more manifest that it was economically impossible to compete with the richer ores of America. For several years past instead of yielding revenue, the mines have been operated at a loss to the state. For the current year the the deficit is $220,000. On April 28 the Saxon minister of finance announced that the mines would be indefinitely closed in 1913. Many of the older miners in the employ of the state will be pensioned.

Interesting in this connection, and indicative of the genuinely paternal instinct at the basis of many governmental features in Germany, is this careful provision to prevent suffering to the families and the community as a result of the relentless working of natural economic laws.

CLARENCE BEAUMONT SUES FOR DAMAGES

Wants $25,000 from the Erie Railroad Company.

Through Attorneys Jacoby & Donithen, of this city, Clarence Beaumont, of Mansfield, filed a petition in the Richland county common pleas court, Monday, in which he seeks to recover $20,000 damages from the Erie Railroad company and the Nypano Railroad company.

The night of May 6, Beaumont lost his left foot under the wheels of an Erie train at an alley crossing between Main and State streets in this city. While walking across the tracks, he alleges in his petition, Beaumont says his shoe caught between the rail and the crossing plank. He avers that the engineer of the approaching passenger train saw him in time to stop, but failed to do so. He claims the train was going at a rate of forty miles an hour through the city at the time of the accident.

EFFECT OF NEW LAW ON LOCAL INDUSTRIES

Factories Avoid Working Young Girls Largely.

NO HARDSHIP IS SUFFERED UNDER LAW

Many Girls Are Employed in Shoe Factory and at Silk Mills, but Few Are Under Eighteen Years of Age. The Effect on the Servant Girls in the Home.

The new law prohibiting girls under eighteen and boys under fourteen years of age working more than eight hours a day went into effect, Wednesday. The majority of employers of youths in Marion say they have not been employing boys and girls whose ages would prevent them from working more than eight hours and for that reason the effect of the new law will not be felt very greatly in this city.

At the silk mills, where a large number of girls are employed, it was said that only a few girls were employed under eighteen years of age. "Of course, we shall arrange it that these girls will not work more than eight hours a day," said one of the officials. "Ordinarily we operate ten hours a day and we shall continue to operate for that time, except in the case of the girls who are not of the age required by law."

At the office of the Marion Shoe company, where a large number of girls are also employed, an official stated that the law would affect the operation of the shoe factory very little. "We have been dodging that by employing girls over eighteen," he said. "The law says that no girl under eighteen or no boy under fourteen shall work more than eight hours a day and that they shall not begin work before 7 or work until after 6 in the evening, what about the servant girl?"

And the man laughed. "It will affect the home more than it will our factories," he continued.

The merchants will be considerably affected by the new law, as many of the clerks employed are under eighteen years of age, especially during the holiday season.

PEOPLE WILLING TO SELL FINGERS

Ballouz Offers $300 Each for Three Fingers.

East Liverpool, O., June 30.—Scores of people in Ohio and other sections are willing to part with fingers at $300 each, according to a huge pile of letters received by Joseph Ballouz, of East Liverpool. A. B. Ballouz of Wheeling, West Virginia, a brother of the local man, mangled his hand in an ice-cream freezer, and it was thought would lose three of his fingers. Joseph, upon hearing that new fingers could be grafted upon the stumps of the old, if volunteers could be induced to part with them, offered one of his own. Doctors saved the man's fingers, but the report went out that his brother had offered $300 per finger for three to be transplanted on his hand. Two Columbus and one Put-in-Bay man volunteered from Ohio.

Although women pretend to dislike flattery, they invariably want their photographs retouched.

Perhaps money talks, but it seldom comes when it is called.

CALEDONIA REBEKAHS GIVE NICE RECEPTION

Eastern Star and Pythian Sister Lodges Entertained.

A SOCIAL SEASON AND FINE BANQUET

The Members of the Order of the Eastern Star Hold Memorial Services—Miss Anna De Guay and Mr. Charles Busch Are United in Marriage—Some Caledonia Notes.

Caledonia, June 29.—[Special.]—One of the most pleasant social events of the season was the reception given, Saturday evening, by Deborah Rebekah lodge for the pleasure of the members of the Eastern Star and Pythian Sister lodges. The hall was decorated with a profusion of palms and cut flowers and the altar was hung with silk streamers of pink and green. The guests numbering one hundred and twenty-five, were received by Misses Laura Garber, Iva Brocklesby and Retta Busch, and ushered into the main lodge room by the Mesdames Cunningham, Makeever and Ireland. After a short social session the guests were invited to the banquet hall where covers were laid for 100. Here again was an abundance of flowers and palms. A two-course lunch was served. Later in the evening the degree staff gave a drill and Mrs. Mollie Kinnamon gave several pleasing vocal solos. Mrs. Kittie Dilts and Miss Susie Ireland and the Misses Susie Baird and Daisy Dean rendered duets which were well received. The out-of-town guests were Mrs. Charles Busch, of Cleveland; Miss Booher, of Mt. Gilead; Mrs. Anna Ulsh and Mrs. W. M. Hipsher, of Marion.

Vera Chapter, Order of Eastern Star held its annual memorial exercises in the lodge room Sunday afternoon. The services were private, but a large number of the members of the order were present to participate in the program. The regular memorial service was used after which a committee composed of the Mesdames Sue K. Burt, A. Williams, Orrie Koch and Ida Fell, went to the Caledonia cemetery to decorate the graves of their deceased sisters.

Mr. Charles Busch, formerly of this place, and Miss Anna De Guay, of Cleveland, were married in Cleveland, Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock. Mr. Busch is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Busch, of Caledonia. The young people arrived here Friday evening to visit relatives a short time.

HARRY C. THOMPSON RESUMES HIS OFFICE

Claims He Is Legal Justice Under Court Decision.

GOMPF REFUSES TO VACATE HIS OFFICE

Will Not Surrender the Dockets Turned Over to Him by Thompson When He Retires—Thompson Asks the Trustees of Township To Furnish Him a Docket.

As a result of the action of the supreme court in nullifying the election of James E. Votava and William Davio to the justices of the peace in Cleveland township, Cuyahoga county, Harry C. Thompson opened up an office as justice at No. 107½ north Main street, Tuesday. Monday afternoon, Thompson demanded the books from Charles E. Gompf, who was elected last fall and took office, January 1, succeeding Mr. Thompson, but Gompf refused to turn over the books. Thompson immediately made requisition on the township trustees for a civil docket.

Thompson claims that his case is parallel to the one in Cuyahoga county, and that Gompf's election was premature. Thompson says that his own term was extended to 1910 because of the biennial election amendment to the constitution.

On the other hand, Gompf claims that Thompson's case is not a parallel to the one decided by the supreme court. He declares that in the case of the Cleveland men they refused to give up their offices and the men elected last fall brought suit to oust them. In the case of Thompson, he says, the latter vacated his office, turned over all books and even sold him about $30 worth of office fixtures and supplies.

Thompson declares that, under the law, there can be no vacancy until six months shall have elapsed and that before the expiration of this period he has made demands for the office. Asked whether or not he would bring mandamus action to get the office, Thompson declared that it was not up to him to bring such a proceeding, as under the ruling of the supreme court he is still the legal justice of the peace.

A woman may fool her husband into believing that he is the head of the house, but she can't fool the neighbors.

If some women were not suspicious of their husbands they wouldn't have anything to worry about.

Mason Glass Jars, Pints Per Dozen 50c.

Glass jars ½ gal. per doz....60c	Preserving kettles..... .....19c, 25c, 35c, 48c
Rubber rings, per doz..5c and 10c	Tin collanders.....8c, 10c
Sealing wax, 2 boxes.....5c	Enameled collenders.....25c
Tumblers, per dozen..... 24c	Fruit presses.....19c, 25c
Parafine wax, cake.....10c	

THE RACKET STORE.

Yes, one can become used to poor laundry work—but what's the use when this laundry is at your service

THE ANTHONY LAUNDRY.

Binder Twine

9 cts. per pound.

Haberman Hardware Co.

107 South Main Street.

Buy the Best and Take No Chance.

The New John Deere Horse Lift Riding Cultivator for sale by

The HOUGHTON-MERKEL CO., Marion, O.

WE SOLICIT YOUR BUSINESS.

The Marion National Bank

J. E. WADDELL, *President.*
C. N. PHILLIPS, *Cashier.*
Marion National Bank Building.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS $280,000.00.

Is there anything that enters into your business life that is more important than your banking connection? Is there anything that deserves more serious thought?

FARMERS—We want you to try this harness shop. Want you to see our extra good work harness that we make by hand. You will get the best harness ever—and the price will be right.

Try SIPLES—the North Main St.—Harness Man

Many of the Best Citizens of the city and county have become regular patrons of this bank. Are you among the number? Accuracy, Safety, Promptness and Liberality are the marked features of our business. We want to do business with you.

The Marion County Bank Company

Capital and Surplus $321,000.00.

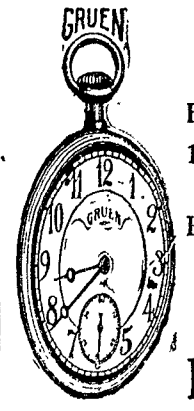
W. H. SCHAFFNER, President — C. D SCHAFFNER, Cashier
G. D. COPELAND, Vice-Pres. — C. C. FISHER, Vice-Pres. — O. E. KENNEDY, Asst. Cashier
DIRECTORS
HENRY A. TRUE — G. B. CHRISTIAN, Sr.
C. C. FISHER — W. G. HARDING — H. ACKERMAN
G. D. COPELAND — J. G. LEFFLER — W. H. SCHAFFNER — W. B. FISHER

Specials in Fancy Tables
Specials in Sideboards
Specials in Bedsprings
Specials all over the store.

Not on second hand or inferior pieces, for we haven't any furniture of those kinds, but on high grade pieces.

SCHAFFNER'S

208 and 212 South Main St.



Greatest Watch Values Ever Known.

Pretty Chatelaine Watches.....$4.00

17 Jewel Gold Watches, guaranteed cases, at $12.50

Elgin Gold Watches, handsomely carved cases, at.....$10.00

Sale prices still hold good on everything in the store.

NELSON & SONS

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

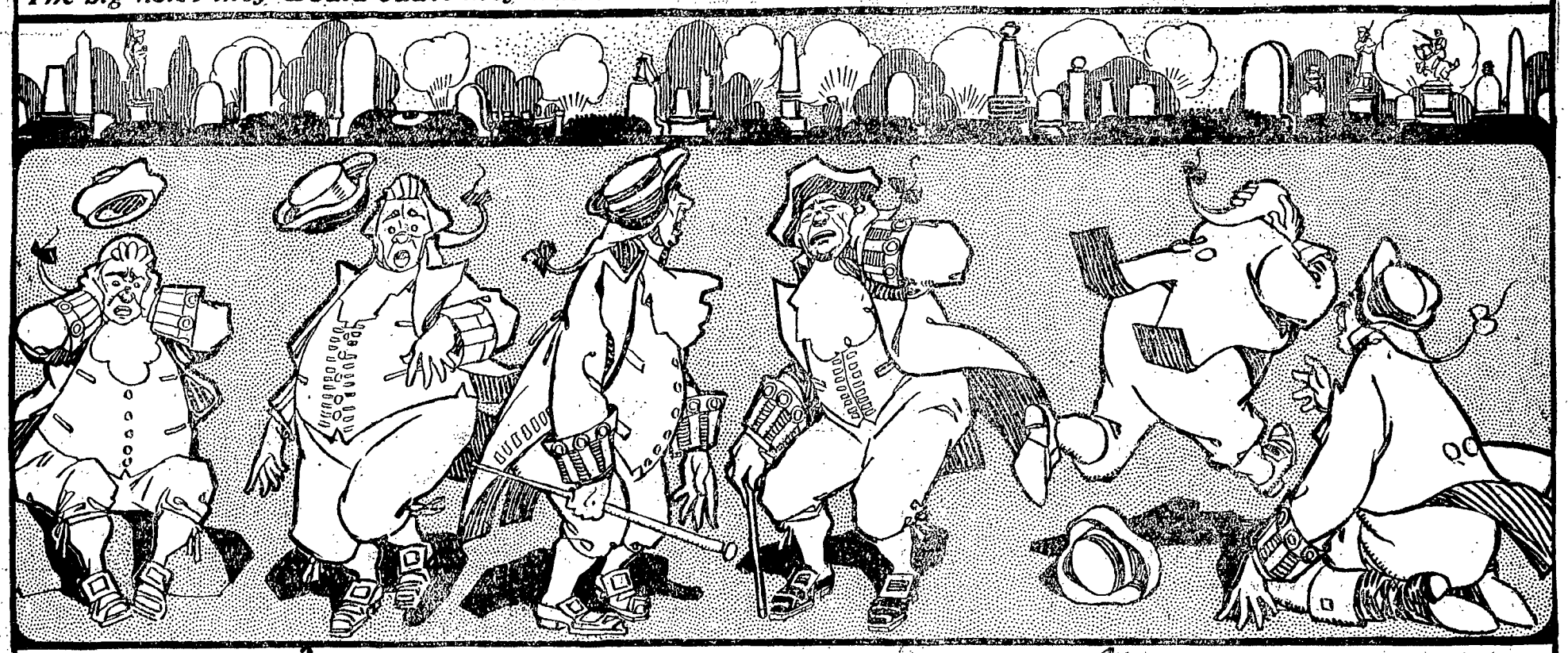
ARE THE SIGNERS SORRY THEY SIGNED?

1

As a matter of fact, 'twas a wonderful act.
When the fathers in seventy-six
Made the colonies free by concurrent decree
And their names to the same did affix.
But, alas, when the great Declaration they signed
The big noise they would cause they had never in mind!

2

If the patriot sires who enkindled the fires
Wherein liberty's beacons still burn
Are aware of the noise that is made by the boys,
In their tombs they must tremble and turn;
Every signer must rise in his large white cravat
And remark to the militant celebrant, "Scat!"



3

There are times when I think that their spirits must shrink
And their shades they must shudder and shake,
For the deafening din of their progeny kin
Is enough to keep dead men awake,
And I don't understand why it is that the sons
Cannot honor the sires save with crackers and guns.

4

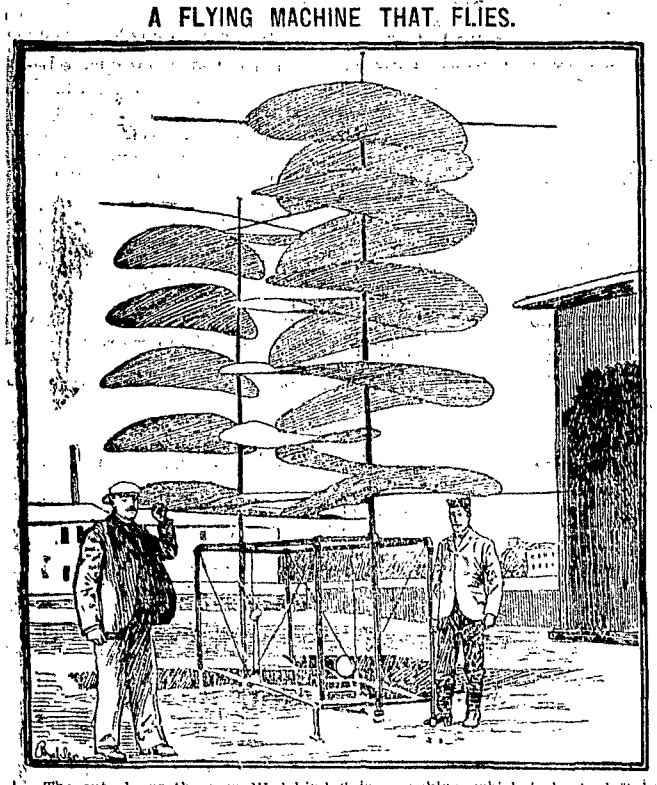
Now, it isn't that I'm so opposed to a "time"
On the glorious Fourth of July,
But the "Let Us Alone" motto should, you must own,
To the dead as the living apply,
And we shouldn't with clamor be, oh, so unkind
As to make the old signers regret that they signed!

PARKER — *ROBERTUS LOVE*

Copyright 1908, by Robertus Love

GLIMPSES OF LIFE HERE, THERE AND EVERYWHERE

A FLYING MACHINE THAT FLIES.



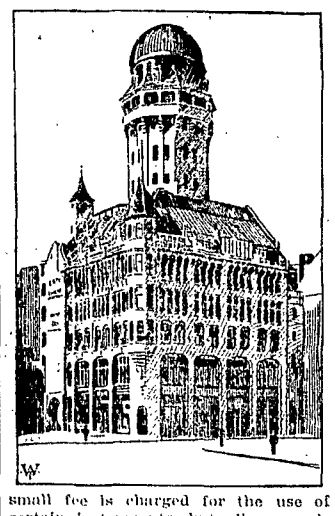
The cut shows the new Wedekind flying machine, which is kept aloft by a series of spiral helices. This method seems to be a practical realization of Jules Verne's forecast in "The Clipper of the Clouds." Thus another of the clever Frenchman's predictions has been fulfilled.

A NEW AMUSEMENT FOR GERMAN CHILDREN.

The picture illustrates a new amusement which is very popular at the Hamburg zoological gardens. There is a large collection of giant tortoises at this resort, and children are permitted to ride on them. Each child carries a stick with a head of lettuce attached to the end, and this is kept dangling in front of the tortoise.

FOR AMATEUR ASTRONOMERS.

The building shown herewith is in Zurich, Switzerland, and is a public observatory which is open to any one who wishes to make an observation. A

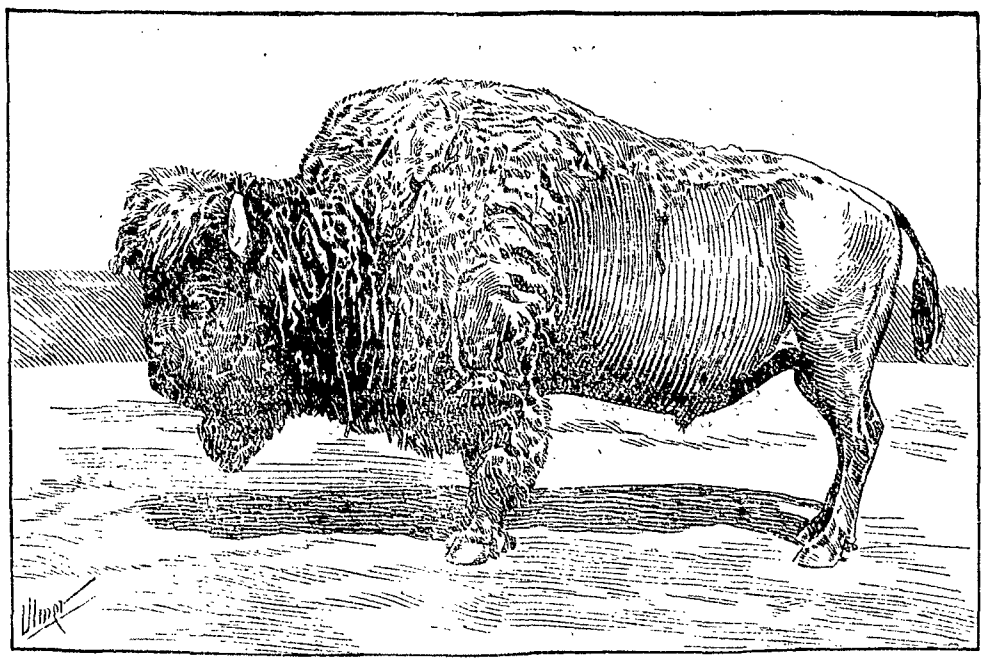


small fee is charged for the use of certain instruments, but all are welcome to the privileges of the establishment.

COUNT TOLSTOY AS A PIANO PLAYER.

The cut is from a recent photograph of Tolstoy and his daughter at the piano. Among the many accomplishments of the wonderful old Russian his command of the technique of the piano is most amazing. Even at his advanced age and in spite of his poor health he still plays the works of the classical masters with the touch of a virtuoso.

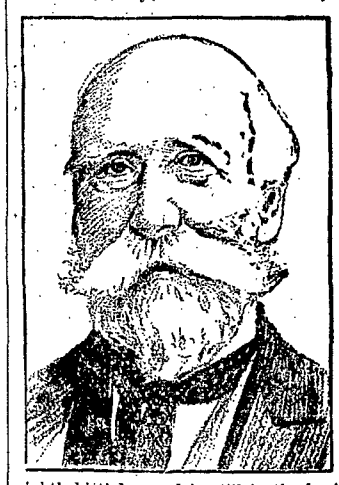
A HIGHLY PRIZED PROTEGE OF THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.



The splendid specimen of the American bison shown in the picture is king of the herd of seventy maintained by Uncle Sam in Yellowstone park. Realizing that the buffalo was in danger of becoming extinct, President Roosevelt and the American Bison society have taken measures to prevent the threatened loss. Canada also is in possession of at least 500 buffaloes.

THE OLDEST PEER.

Lord Gwydyr is chiefly remarkable from the fact that he is the oldest member of the British house of lords. He has recently celebrated his ninety-



eighth birthday and is still in the best of health and acts as high sheriff of Ipswich.

THINKERS LONGEVITY.

Men of thought have always been distinguished for their age. Solon, Sophocles, Pindar, Anacreon and Xenophon were octogenarians. Kant, Buffon, Goethe, Fontenelle and Newton were over eighty. Michelangelo and Titian were eighty-nine and ninety-nine respectively. Harvey, the discoverer of the circulation of the blood was eighty.

A UNIQUE PET.

The cut shows the odd pet belonging to "Tums" Cavill, a professional swimmer. The little seal followed Cavill

about in the water one day and seemed so desirous of making his acquaintance that the swimmer adopted him. The baby seal is devoted to his master and is so tame that he likes to sleep in Cavill's arms.

ONE WEAK SPOT

Most Marion People Have a Weak Part And Too Often It's The Back.

Everyone has a weak spot.
Too often it's a bad back.
Twinges follow every sudden twist.
Dull aching keeps up, day and night.
Tells you the kidneys need help—
For backache is really kidney-ache.
A kidney cure is what you need.
Doan's Kidney Pills cure sick kidneys,
Cure backache and all urinary ills.
Marion people recommend the remedy.

Mrs. M. J. Garfield, of 315 west Columbia street, Marion, O., says: "If every sufferer from kidney trouble would try Doan's Kidney Pills, I am sure everyone would find, as I did, that this remedy can be depended upon to cure kidney troubles. It is now five years since I had an attack of backache. At that time I was also bothered with an irregular action of the kidneys and lameness and sharp pains in the loins. I was weary and languid all day. Doan's Kidney Pills which I got at Flocken's Pharmacy promptly freed me from these troubles and since then I have never hesitated to recommend them. In fact, I gave a testimonial in October 1899, advising Marion people to use them. They are the finest and most reliable remedy I ever knew of for kidney trouble and backache."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Company, Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

WRECK OF GLADIATOR.

When the British cruiser, Gladiator, was run down and sunk by the transatlantic liner, St. Paul, some months ago it was claimed by the officers of the liner that the fault lay with the warship, as the latter had starboarded her helm instead of putting it aport, as the rules of the road require. The verdict of the naval court-martial which had tried the captain of the Gladiator has vindicated the position of the officer of the St. Paul by finding that the commander of the warship erred by default, but not by neglect, in disregarding the rules of the road. The court accordingly sentenced the unfortunate captain to be reprimanded and dismissed his ship. The sentence means that the officer thus found guilty will be placed on half pay for a more or less undetermined period without being dismissed the service.

It is now clear that the commander of the Gladiator committed an error of judgment. He clearly expected the St. Paul to stop and back, or, at the worst, to hold her course, whereas the captain of the St. Paul obeyed the rules of the road and ported his helm, that is, turned to the right. If the Gladiator had done the same thing the ships would have passed clear of each other in all probability. In disregarding the rules the captain of the warship, according to the verdict of his brother officers, erred by default, and consequently was directly responsible for the disaster which followed.—New Orleans Picayune.

Seats Going Down.

New York, June 30.—A seat on the stock exchange sold today for $70,000, a decline of $2,000 from the last sale price.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE.

HOCKING VALLEY.

North—7 a. m.; 10:15 a. m.; 4:20 p. m.; 10:50 p. m.; 6:10 p. m. Logan to Marion only.

South—5:50 a. m.; 7:20 a. m.; 10:15 a. m.; 1:35 p. m.; 7:15 p. m.

BIG FOUR.

Eastbound—9:25 a. m; 12:25 noon; 7:22 p. m.; 10:57 p. m.; 11:19 p. m.; 5:27 p. m.*

Westbound—2:38 a. m; 5:33 a. m.; 9:55 a. m.; 1:55 p. m.; 7:25 p. m.; 4:27 p. m.*

* Daily except Sunday.

CHICAGO & ERIE.

West—*7:10 a. m.; 10:25 a. m.; *4:30 p. m.; 11 p. m.; 12:45 a. m.

East—4:55 a. m.; 8:35 a. m.; 6:15 p. m.

*Daily except Sunday.

ERIE.

Southwest—10:27 a. m.; 4:35 p. m.; 1:15 a. m.

East—4:55 a. m.; 8:35 a. m.; 12:52 p. m.; 6:15 p. m.; 12:25 a. m.

PENNSYLVANIA.

North—7.42 a. m.; 12:30 p. m.; 6:55 p. m. All daily except Sunday. 7:51 a. m.; 8:12 a. m. and 8:25 p. m. on Sunday only.

South—9:53 a. m. daily; 2:27 p. m. and 8:01 p. m., daily except Sunday; 8 p. m. and 8:42 p. m., Sunday only.

C., D. & M. ELECTRIC.

South—Cars leave for Columbus at 6, 7, 8 and 10 a. m., at 12 noon, and at 2, 4, 5, 6, 8 and 10 p. m.

North—Cars leave Columbus for Marion at 7:30, 9:30 and 11:30 a. m., and at 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 5:30 and 7:30 p. m.

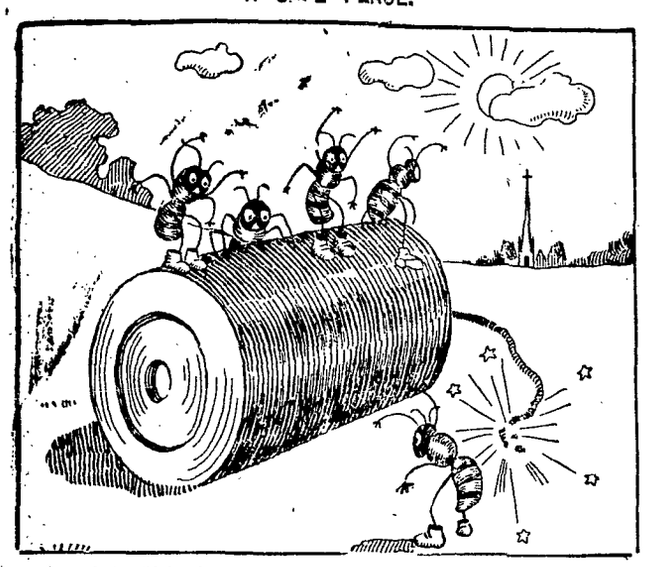
GREEN CAMP DIVISION.

Each car will be met at Owen by a car for Green Camp up to an hour yet to be arranged.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

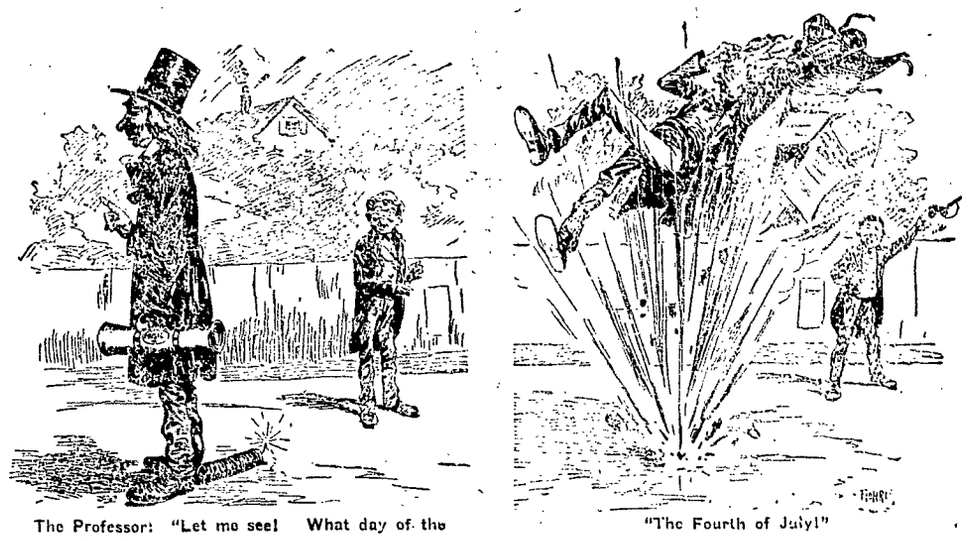
New Explosives For the Fourth of July

A SAFE PLACE.



Ant: "Johnnie, come up here, quick, or you'll get burned!"

ANSWERED.

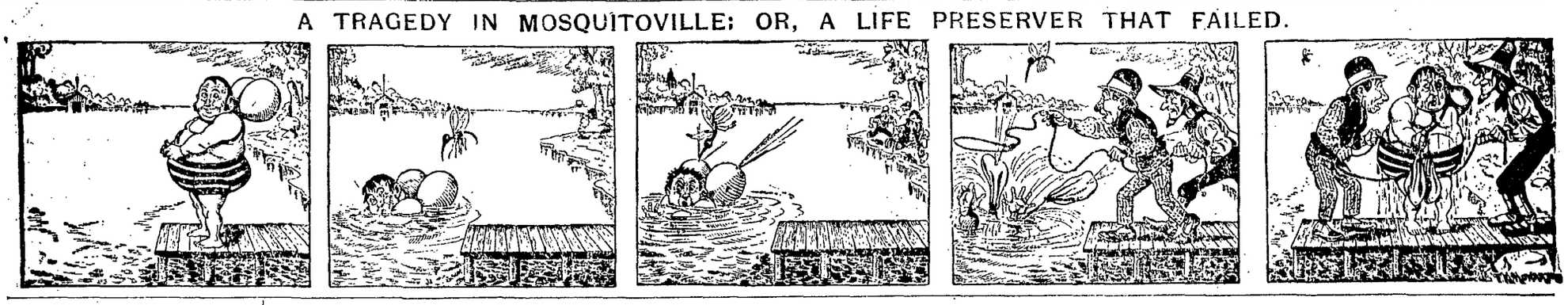


The Professor: "Let me see! What day of the month is this?"

"The Fourth of July!"

"A PIGSTY."

A TRAGEDY IN MOSQUITOVILLE; OR, A LIFE PRESERVER THAT FAILED.

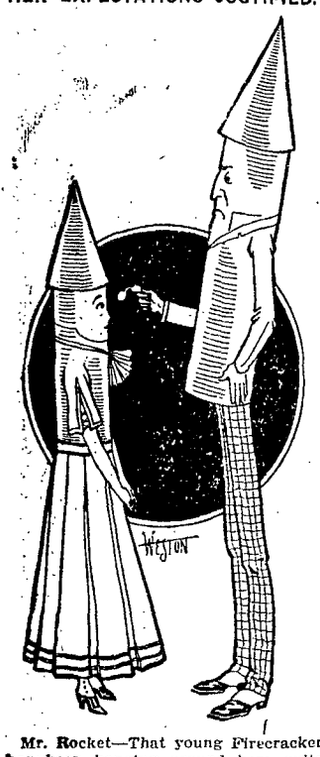


RIVAL MENUS.

"What is the matter with Bobby?"

"Well, we had blackberry roll for dinner, and he got along all right until Dicky Smith came over and said they had had watermelon."

HER EXPECTATIONS JUSTIFIED.



Mr. Rocket—That young Firecracker has been hanging around here quite awhile. Has he said anything serious yet?

Miss Rocket—No, father, but I expect him to pop pretty soon.

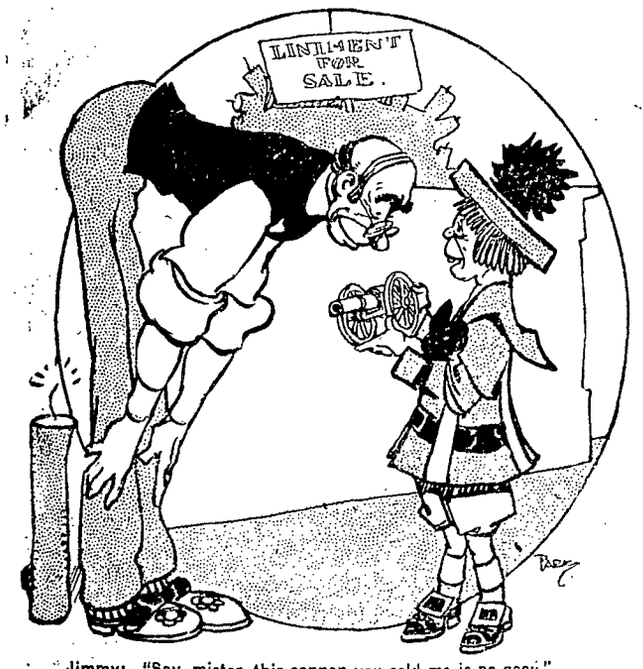
A PICNIC IN SIGHT.

Notwed—S'pose you're going to the picnic tomorrow?

Beenwed—Not exactly going to one, but I'll be where there is one. I'm going to stay and mind the baby while my wife goes.

"THE HERO OF THE HOUR."

NO USE FOR IT.



Jimmy: "Say, mister, this cannon you sold me is no good."
Dealer: "How's that?"
Jimmy: "I loaded it up to the muzzle and it never burst."

ANNUAL REPORTS.

PASS THEM UP.

"It is human nature to want what some one else has got."

"Yes, unless they happen to be bolls."

NOT EVEN THAT.

"It's a fact that the only secret a woman can keep is her age."

"And there you're wrong. That isn't a secret. She only thinks it is."

OWE FIVE.

That time is money well we know,
And now to every striver
A lucky chance presents itself—
This year we get a fiver.

MADE OVER.

"He hasn't a single idea in his head."

"Maybe he got his brains from a secondhand dealer."

A SURE SIGN.

Brown: "The Smiths are a very patriotic family, aren't they?"
Jones: "Are they?"
Brown: "Yes, two of the little Smiths are wearing bandages already."

FEAR OF HARD TIMES.

If Mr. Bryan should be nominated, one of the most potent influences in favor of the election of a Republican president will be the fear of another panic. Party lines are not very strong in the face of hunger. Whatever the objections to the Republican candidate or the Republican policies may be, they will be overcome by the still stronger objection to hard times. The country has just worked its way through the pinch of a panic, and is not yet running in full blast. It remembers only too keenly how the panic swooped down and wiped out values, fortunes, contracts and ambitious plans. The suddenness of the panic, and the apparent ease with which it made headway against ten years of accumulated prosperity gave the country a shock that it will not soon forget.

Mr. Bryan is a pessimist, and the burden of his preaching is woe. The uncertainty of his mental makeup, the changeable ideas he puts forth on questions affecting national prosperity, and the character of the men who would act as his counselors, all tend to frighten every man who depends upon general good times for his personal prosperity. No one knows—not even Mr. Bryan himself—just what the national administration would do if Mr. Bryan were president. Speculation has the boundless continent to roam in, whenever the imagination puts Mr. Bryan in the White House. There is nothing to start from as a basis of estimating his action. Would he imitate Roosevelt in strenuous effort to push his policies through congress? And if so, would he make the government ownership of railroads one of them Who can say that he would not? Would he urge the guaranty of bank deposits, thereby enabling dishonest bankers to draw in a lot of money and default, leaving honest bankers to shoulder the loss? Mr. Bryan would surely do this, unless he should change his mind after being elected president.

The fear of Bryan and Bryanism promises to be one of the strongest influences in the campaign. It elected McKinley in 1896, and gave him easy victory over Bryan in 1900. That fear is as real now as ever, if not greater and more potent. The recent panic acts as a stern reminder that hard times and panic can occur in the midst of plenty. The hard-headed, ordinary citizen, who earns what he eats, and must have what he earns, will not vote for any vagaries or experiments. He wants stability and good sense to handle the national ark.—Washington Post.

CANDIDATE SHERMAN.

The Chicago convention was wise in its choice of a nominee for vice president. The name of Sherman is one to conjure with—a name that arouses patriotic memories among the people of this country. James S. Sherman is not only a capable and experienced legislator, but he hails from a state and section which are to be fighting ground during the campaign, and where he can do most efficient work. The convention appears to have made its choice without distraction from any source, solely with a view to the fitness of the candidate and his strength as a running mate of Taft. New York and the East generally must be regarded this year as debatable ground, particularly if the Denver convention should nominate Johnson or somebody other than Bryan. Mr. Sherman occupies a position of strength in this territory, and will be able to overcome much of the eastern disaffection toward the Republican cause.

In personality the nominee for vice president is most engaging. He is in the prime of life, with a long record of faithful and high-grade public service. He has served in ten congresses as the representative of the district in which he was born—a sufficient testimonial of the esteem in which he is held where he is best known. As chairman of the house committee on Indian affairs he has displayed rare ability, and his popularity in the House is evidenced by the frequency with which he has been called upon to act as chairman in committee of the whole. Last winter he became a member of the committee on rules, the governing body of the house.

As a whole the Chicago convention did remarkably well. The candidates and the platform represent up-to-date and progressive ideas and ideals. There is apparent a general enthusiasm among Republicans which tells of rivalries buried and a courageous attack upon the opposition. The task before the Democrats at Denver has been made harder by the skillful work of the Republicans. If the Democracy expects to win in November, it must imitate the Republicans and get together, at any sacrifice of sectional or personal ambitions. Only the best candidates and the best platform the Democrats are capable of making will be able to stand against the Republican onslaught during this summer and fall.—Washington Post.

Always meet people with a smile—if it's your turn to treat.

It is foolish to talk of what a man should do when we all know what he will do.

The reason why a widow knows so much is she didn't learn any of it from her husband until after he was dead.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
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ECLIPSE OF THE SUN ATTRACTS ATTENTION

An Unusual Eclipse Is Visible in the City.

THE SUN'S FACE IS PARTLY DARKENED

The Eclipse Lasts About Three Hours and Marion People Watch It Through Smoked Glass—The Diminution of Light Is Scarcely Noticeable—Some Interesting Facts.

Many people saw the annular eclipse of the sun in this city, Sunday morning. Some saw it through a piece of smoked glass and other saw it through a thick photographic negative. The eclipse, which was first visible here at 8:35 in the morning, held considerable interest to scientists, because it may be hundreds of years before Mercury, Venus, Mars, Neptune and Jupiter will be in such close proximity again, while the star Arcturus, speeding toward the earth at the rate of 300,000 miles a year, was also visible.

Those who watched the eclipse between 8 and 9 o'clock saw an ever widening portion of the sun being darkened. The eclipse increased until it covered about .06 of the sun's diameter. This was about 10 o'clock.

At this time the close observer noticed that the interstices of the leaves on the trees cast upon the ground a thousand small imitations of the sun's shape. Then the eclipse diminished until at 11:35 Old Sol shone free again.

In lower Florida the eclipse was complete, but not total—that is, the sun is so comparatively close now and the moon so relatively distant, that the law of perspective accounts for the ring of sun to be seen around the moon when the satellite is squarely over the solar face. Even in Florida there was no corona, but plenty of light.

The diminution of the light here was scarcely noticeable.

OFFICES MAY BE OPENED IN CITY

Pipe Line Company Is Busy in This County.

W. I. Lewis, general counsel for the Tidewater Pipe Line company is in the city from New York. Mr. Lewis is anxious to have it understood that the pipe line which is being laid through the country as stated in Saturday's Star is not being laid for the Standard Oil company, but for the Tidewater Pipe Line company, which is an independent company. "This company," he said, "is the one which Ida M. Tarbell in her expose of the Standard Oil company, lauded so much in its efforts to withstand the attacks of the trust."

The work is in charge of B. F Warren, the chief engineer. There are two corps of men in the work, one under the supervision of C L. Tiers and the other, under W. J. Lennon. The line is being run from the Robinson fields in Illinois to the Bradford fields in Pennsylvania. From this point the oil is carried by another line to Bayonne, New Jersey, a terminal of the company, where there are also large refineries and from which point the export trade is handled. The company may open offices here.

VERY LONG ILLNESS RESULTS IN DEATH

Mrs. Melvina Tufts Dies at Her Country Home.

Mrs. Melvina Tufts, seventy-six years old, died of cancer at the home of her daughter, Mrs. George Woods, in Big Island township, Saturday afternoon at 4 o'clock. The funeral service was held at the Pleasant Hill church, Monday at 9:30 o'clock. The remains were shipped to Loveland for interment.

The deceased was a native of Vermont, but had lived in this county a number of years and was well known among the older residents. Her death came after an illness of many months.

ORR HUNTING CLUB RECEIVES EQUIPMENT

Club Plans for a Trip of Two Weeks. The Members.

The Orr Hunting club, which was organized some time ago, received a part of its equipment, Saturday, and the tent has been tested. The club is composed of Walter Patton, W. C. Huston, John Orr, William Fultz, Frank Kennedy, Charles Minard, Charles Ritter, John Shoe, William Hoover and H. Cleveland. The club will leave in the fall for a two-weeks hunting trip.

MISS GERTRUDE GRAY AND LESTER BAIN

Are Married at Mt. Sterling Last Week—Visiting Here.

The friends of Miss Gertrude M Gray and Mr. Lester Bain were given a very agreeable surprise, Monday, by the announcement of their marriage which was celebrated at Mt. Sterling last Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Bain are now visiting at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. H. Bain, of south Vine street. They will reside at Elyria.

A PRETTY WEDDING AT THE BLAND HOME

Miss Bland and Mr. James Peacock United.

Miss Flossie Marie Bland and Mr. James J. Peacock were united in marriage, Thursday evening, at the home of the bride's parents on Blaine avenue. The ceremony was performed by Rev. C. W. Hensel in the presence of about twenty of the relatives of the contracting parties. The Bland home was nicely decorated with palms and cut flowers. At 7:30 o'clock, to the strains of a wedding march played by Miss Mary Bland, the couple took a position in the front parlor, where the service was spoken. Following the ceremony, supper was served.

The bride is an attractive young lady, with a large circle of friends. Until very recently she was employed in the exchange of the Citizens' Telephone company. She is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Bland. Mr. Peacock is a plumber by trade employed at present by Probst Brothers. He is very well known. They will reside on Patten street, where the groom has prepared a home.

CHICKEN FANCIERS PLAN GREAT SHOW

Exhibitors of Country Are Much Interested.

THE PREMIUM LIST TO BE EXCEPTIONAL

Members of Greater Marion Poultry & Pet Stock Association Hold a Meeting and Arrange To Begin Advertising the Big Annual Exhibition for Next Fall.

The Greater Marion Poultry & Pet Stock association is to give another show this year and already the indications are that it will far eclipse the one given last fall. Many exhibitors from all over the country, learning of the success of last year's show, have signified their intention of showing here this year.

At a regular meeting of the association members, Thursday evening, it was decided to begin the work of advertising the coming show, which will be held from November 17 to 20. The secretary, Frank H. Owen, was directed to receive bids for the printing of the premium list and report at the next meeting.

It was announced that twenty-five additional breeds of chickens will be included in the premium list, which covers practically every breed of fowl raised in Marion county. Since the organization of the association a great deal of enthusiasm has been aroused in the chicken industry throughout the county, and the members say that for this reason the show will be the equal of that given in any city. The premiums will be something, which association members say will be worth striving for.

At Tuesday night's meeting, A. Klerx was elected a member of the executive committee to fill the vacancy created by the resignation of Frank Dean, who moved to Chicago.

The next meeting will be held in two weeks.

M'CLELLAN DECLARED LEGALLY ELECTED

Recount of the Votes Shows No Vestige of Fraud.

New York, June 30 Declaring that the recount of ballots cast in Hearst-McClellan mayoralty election in 1905, showed not the vestige of fraud, Supreme Court Justice Lambert today ordered the jury to bring in a verdict declaring George B. McClellan properly elected He declared the official count at that election practically as correct as the recount. This closes Hearst's fight for the mayoralty of New York.

ARE MARRIED AT HOME OF PASTOR

Miss Wells and Mr. Charles V. Klingel United.

The marriage of Miss Hattie May Wells and Mr. Charles V. Klingel was celebrated at the home of Rev. O J. Stone of Mt. Vernon avenue Monday evening, Rev Mr Stone officiating.

Mr. and Mrs Klingel will make their future home in this city.

OPENING OF CITY'S NEW PUBLIC LIBRARY

Doors Thrown Open to the Public Friday, June 26.

AN INSPECTION OF FINE NEW STRUCTURE

The Library Building Is Practically Finished and Is Now Ready for Use—Interior Is Very Attractive and Convenient—An Excellent Collection of Books for Patrons.

"Presented to the city of Marion by Andrew Carnegie, MCMVII, Trustees—E. H. Raffensperger, J. F. Dombaugh, Frank A. Huber, M. Waddell, H. N. Quigley, C. J. Crawley. Richards, McCarty & Bulford, architects."

That is the simple inscription on a copper plate placed in the wall on the inside of the entrance of the Marion public library building, which was thrown open for the people's inspection, Friday, June 26. The building was open for inspection until 10 o'clock. Saturday morning, it was regularly opened at 9 in the morning and close at 9 in the evening.

Not many people visited the library building, Friday afternoon, preferring to wait until evening. All day workmen were kept busy getting the lawn in shape. At noon the work was practicaly done, and it presented a beautiful appearance. The wide expanse of walk leading from the sidewalk to the library entrance has been nicely decorated with laurel trees. On each side of the main entrance staircases lead into the basement. The staircases are built of beautiful white marble. To the left as the visitor descends into the basement is the men's reading room and to the right is located an audience room to be used for meetings for any educational purpose. This room is small with a seating capacity of probably 100, but it will answer for most purposes for which it is intended. The men's reading room is most pleasantly arranged, with big windows open to the north. Both rooms are cool and look most inviting. Entering the library by the main entrance, the visitor climbs the marble steps into what is known as the delivery room. It is like some magnificent hotel lobby, with the office of the librarian and her assistants on the east side. Immediately back of the circular counter wherein the wants of the patrons will be given attention is the large stack rooms. This room contains thousands of volumes of books, the stacks being made of steel. Every book is so indexed and catalogued that the librarian can step from her office without scarcely a moment's delay and find the book that is needed. By the decimal system employed it is possible to find the exact passage of any work that a person may desire.

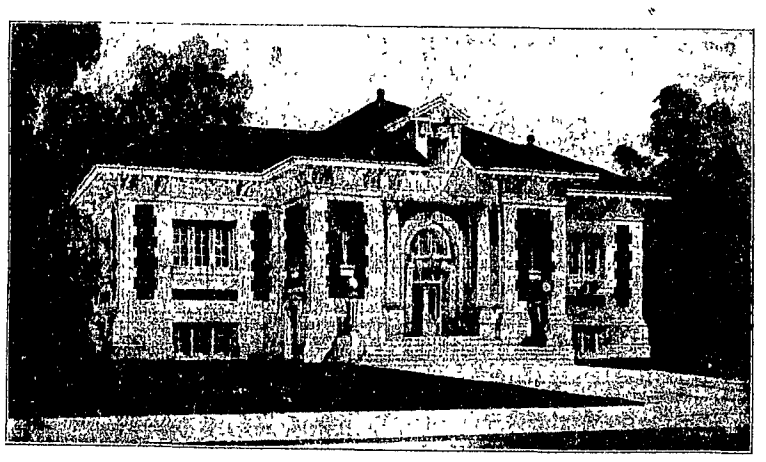
At the south end of the stack room is the office of the librarian, which has been very cozily finished. At the north end is located the reference room and to the west of the latter or north of the lobby if one enters from the main entrance is the children's room This room is probably the most beautiful in the building. The chairs and tables are low so that children may be as comfortable as possible and contains literature only suitable to juvenile assumption.

Across the lobby to the south of the main entrance is the general reading. It is large and pleasant with magazines and newspapers for the enjoyment of the patrons Big easy chairs and tables are provided. All the furniture is of oak finish. The tables are of oak, with steel tops. The floors are built of beautiful tile, except those in the basement, and they are constructed of cement.

Miss Ella Louise Smith, the expert who conducted the removal of the old library to the new building indexing and catalouging all the books, both new and old, was present to answer any questions asked Her assistants are Miss Helen Kramer Miss Helen Rosenberg and Miss Dora Nash.

The library building was erected at an expenditure of $35,000 It is built of brick, with terra cotta trimmings and has few if any equals in point of beauty in the country. As is indicated by the simple copper tablet above the entrance, the building was built through the gift of the great steel king.

THE MARION PUBLIC LIBRARY.



The Handsome Brick and Stone Structure, the Gift of Andrew Carnegie, Which Was Opened to the Public Friday and Visited by Thousands of Citizens.

ENGINEERING PARTY WORKING ON LINE

Standard Oil Company's New Pipe Line.

A pipe line is being constructed by the Standard Oil company one mile south of town. When completed it will connect with the Illinois fields and the Pennsylvania refineries. The following engineer party is now on the ground, with headquarters at the Pilgrim Inn:

W. J. Lewis, B. F. Warren and H. C Parsons, chief engineers; C. L. Tiers, W. B. Newell and W. T. Billyen, Philadelphia; R P. Olcutt, New York; J. Wade Mather, New Haven; T. Price, Rutherford, New Jersey; H. J. E. Newberger, Paterson, New Jersey; F. W. Swain, Walden, Massachusetts; B. P. Sibole, Buffalo; P. C. McDuffie, Henderson, North Carolina; M. Ogden, New Jersey, and C. Kimball, Paslsian, New Jersey, assistant engineers.

Eyes tested and fitted with glasses. Catarrh and deafness successfully treated. Dr. Lunger, Huber block. 84-d-wk-tf.

SECOND-TERM MEN WIN IN PROCEEDING

The Supreme Court Gives Its Decision.

OFFICIALS ELIGIBLE TO RACE NEXT FALL

Court Holds a Constitutional Amendment Providing for Holding of Biennial Elections Temporarily Suspends Provisions Against Service of More Than Four Years.

A United Press wire from Columbus, Friday, June 26, says:

Sheriffs and county treasurers now serving their first terms are eligible to reelection next fall to a second term notwithstanding the fact that they received an extension of one year and the further fact that the constitution prohibits them serving more than four years in any six.

This is the victory won by the first-term sheriffs and treasurers in the supreme court, today, when the court granted the order asked by Sheriff R. Frank Wilson, of Stark county, compelling the board of elections of that county to place his name on the ballot. The board had refused on the ground that Wilson was ineligible to reelection because he had already served three years and a new term would mean five years in six.

The supreme court holds that the constitutional amendment fixing biennial elections temporarily suspends the general provisions against more than four years in six.

The election of James E. Votava and William Davio to be justices of the peace of Cleveland township, Cuyahoga county, were nullified by the supreme court, today, in affirming the Cuyahoga circuit court, in holding that their election was premature and that the terms of Justices Brown and Morrow were extended to 1910 because of the biennial election amendment to the constitution.

The supreme court adjourned today for the summer vacation, until Tuesday, September 29. Most of the judges will go away for the summer, but at least one of them will always be in Columbus during the vacation period to take care, in chambers, of any emergency cases that may come along.

JOINED IN MARRIAGE AT HOME OF PASTOR

Miss Violet Tidd and Mr. Fayette Wyckoff.

Mr. Fayette Wyckoff and Miss Violet Tidd were quietly married Monday, at 8:30 a. m., at the home of J. W. Hunt of Summit street, by Rev. D. H Bailey. A few relatives attended the ceremony. Mr. and Mrs Wyckoff left that forenoon for their future home in Lansing, Michigan.

The groom is sixty-three years old and is the assistant adjutant general of the state organization of G. A. R. His bride is thirty-three years of age.

Miss Minnie Wyckoff, of Lansing, a sister of the groom, was the only out-of-town guest.

19c UNDERWEAR All Colors. STRELITZS Big Clothing Sale.

Shall I Buy a Cream Separator?

WILL IT PAY ME IF I DO?

Butter is too valuable a product to feed to calves or pigs.

Originally the calf got all the cream.

When the milk was set on the cellar shelf, the calf got half the cream and the other half was made into butter.

By setting the milk in spring water, the calf gets one-third the cream and two-thirds goes to butter.

The patent creamer, with ice, gets three-fourths of the cream for butter and one-fourth goes to the calf, in the skim-milk.

The Sharpless Tubular Separator **gets all the cream** for butter making, and the calf can be fed on perfectly skimmed milk.

THE SHARPLESS CREAM SEPARATOR is absolutely a big money maker, because it prevents waste of cream—and in a 10-cow dairy, you might sell enough cows to pay for a separator, and the cows remaining will make you far more money than when you had the whole herd, and no separator.

More Sharples' in Marion County than any other---and we offer to Send Them Out On Trial.

The Kling Hardware Company.

Standard Binder Twine

THE FAMOUS "LARK" BRAND

8½c pound

Absolutely guaranteed the best twine in Marion County at the lowest price.

AMMANN'S HARDWARE

West Center Street

"MANHATTAN"—THE QUALITY STORE.

SPECIAL

Prices on Summer Suits and Trousers

Clean-up reductions on Straw Hats and Panamas.

Selections are good, but they'll not last long.

The Manhattan

SMALLPOX NO LONGER REGARDED WITH DREAD

Only One Out of Every 500 Die of Disease.

Information Gathered by the Marine Hospital and Public Health Service. Some Facts Secured in Investigation of Six Months.

Washington, June 30.—No longer is smallpox to be dreaded as a fatal disease, but is to be regarded as one in which 499 out out of every 500 victims will recover. Such is the information gather by the Marine hospital and public health service.

During the past six months, 23,544 cases of this disease were reported to the service Out of this large number only fifty-five died.

Minnesota is credited with being the banner smallpox state, having 5,203 cases reported. In all that number there were only six deaths. Texas has something of a record along the same line, 3,089 cases being reported from there, and only one death. The third state is Kansas, with 2,332 cases and three deaths.

New York had 631 cases and no deaths, while Pennsylvania reports only eleven cases and none fatal. Illinois came in with 1,739 cases, none fatal; and Ohio with 533 cases and three death.

A woman never wipes her nose, if you notice. She softly pats it. A man never wipes his, either; he blows it.

They are richest who give the world most refreshing.

New arrivals in Misses' and Children's Sandals and Oxfords.

Tan Vici,
Patent Leathers,
White Canvas,

50c to $1.50.

Petty & Starr.

Good Advice.

Don't put off for tomorrow,
What you can do today,
Attend our

33 1/3 %

Discount Sale,
Is all we have to say.

GOLDEN EAGLE CLOTHES SHOP

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

BOOK TRUST WINS FIGHT

Elects Its Candidate to the Presidency

OF NATIONAL ASSOCIATION

The Independent Candidate Is Defeated.

L. D. Harvey, Superintendent of the Wisconsin Normal School, Defeats President W. O. Thompson, of Ohio State University, on the Fourth Ballot by Two Votes—The Book Trust Slate Goes Through.

Cleveland, July 1.—The American Book company, commonly known as the school book trust, won its fight in the National Education association election today by defeating W. O. Thompson, president Ohio State university, Columbus, Ohio, independent candidate.

The third ballot was a tie, Thompson and Harvey receiving twenty-two. On the fourth ballot Harvey received twenty-three to Thompson's twenty-one.

L. D. Harvey, superintendent Menominee, Wisconsin, normal school, was selected by the nominating committee on the fourth ballot, twenty-three to twenty-one.

The nominating committee met behind closed doors. Benjamin Blewett, superintendent of St. Louis schools, was chairman, and State Superintendent Fairchild, Kansas, secretary.

The committee's session lasted nearly two hours and was a hot one. On the first ballot Thompson and Harvey were tied, sixteen votes apiece. J. H. Phillips, superintendent Birmingham, Alabama, schools, having twelve.

It was decided to drop the law candidate after the second ballot, which resulted in Thompson seventeen; Harvey fifteen and Phillips twelve. The third ballot was a tie, Thompson and Harvey received twenty-two each.

The committee reported to the active membership later and the slate went through without a crack. The other officers selected were: E. G. Cooley, superintendent of schools, Chicago, first vice president.

Other vice presidents elected are: John C. Byrnes, New York; A. H. McClure, Arizona; Joseph Resler, West Virginia; J. L. McBrien, Nebraska; G. M. Phillips, Pennsylvania; B. F. Moore, Indiana; Charles E. Evans, Oklahoma; James A. Edwards, Iowa; G. H. Martin, Massachusetts; Miss Katherine L. Craig, Colorado; A. H. Chamberlain, California.

FAMILY SUFFERS OF RARE DISEASE

It Is Uncinariasis and Little Known on This Continent.

Mount Vernon, N. Y., July 1.—Suffering with "uncinariasis," the scientific name of "lazy, sleepy sickness," twelve members of the Masce family are quarantined here on the lawn of the Mount Vernon hospital.

The sufferers from one of the rarest diseases known to science arrived here from Brazil about two months ago. They passed quarantine without molestation. The grave side of the disease is the fact that it is contagious. For that reason the family is in quarantine and will, it is asserted, be sent back to South America.

For a few weeks physicians could not ascertain what was the matter with the father of the family, Guiseppe Masce. When the wife and children became infected with the disease, a consultation of eminent specialists disclosed the peculiar affliction. Impure water is the cause of the disease.

Castaways Recovered.

Victoria, B. C., July 1.—The crew of the steamer, Marama, from Sydney, which arrived today told a story of terrible suffering by twenty-two castaways from the French bark, President Felix Faure, who were picked up on Antipodes island by the British warship, Pegasus, and brought to Sydney the day the Marama sailed. The twenty-two men had been living like Robinson Crusoe since last March when their vessel went ashore during a fog.

200 Are Poisoned.

Saigon, July 1.—In revenge for the discovery of their plot to capture the French garrison at Panoi, Chinese rebel agitators slipped poison into the food of the soldiers and two hundred of them are now in the hospital in a serious condition.

Get the Contract.

Columbus, O., July 1.—R. H. Evans & Company, of Zanesville, were awarded the contract, today, for buildings and equipment at the new state hospital for consumptives at Mt. Vernon, at their bid of $300,000.

TAFT TRANSFERS THE WAR DEPARTMENT

General Luke Wright Is Now in Charge.

Washington, July 1.—William H. Taft, no longer bearing an official title, formally transferred the affairs of the war department to Secretary Luke Wright today, and gave himself over entirely to the work of training for the presidential race. At noon both the secretary and the ex-secretary were at the war department. Secretary Wright, already in touch with the departmental affairs and the main problems of Panama and Cuba, took his oath of office and got into the harness.

An informal reception followed. Taft introducing officers of the army and departmental chiefs who had not already met the secretary. At the same time, Taft bade farewell to them. Taft did not at once plunge into politics. From his point of view, the most important task of the day was to make ready for the departure to Hot Springs. The family will leave Washington Friday at 4 o'clock, on a special car.

MOTHS SETTLE DOWN ON BOSTON

Millions of Them Are Being Shoveled Up Today.

Boston, Mass., July 1.—The street departments of Boston and its suburban towns with the employes of the Metropolitan Park system are busy today literally shoveling up the millions of brown-tail and Gypsy moths that settled upon the city and its environs last night like an Egyptian plague.

The visitation is profoundly discouraging to authorities who have been engaged in a fight with the scourge since it first appeared in Massachusetts a few years ago. Probably half a million dollars was spent during the past six months destroying the eggs of the moth and the grubs that hatched from them.

Preparations are being made today to attack the billions of eggs which these moths laid during the night and which, if left undisturbed, would hatch enough caterpillars to denude every park and private estate about Boston.

B. B. SEYMOUR OF ASHTABULA

May Be the Superintendent of Ohio Banks.

OFFERED PLACE BY GOVERNOR HARRIS

If He Can Qualify He Will Be Commissioned.

Must Dispose of His Bank To Hold the Job—Body of a Man Who Is Evidently Murdered Is Brought Up by a Dredge Out at the Cleveland Breakwater—Police Are Investigating the Case.

Columbus, O., July 2. — B. B. Seymour, cashier of the National bank of Ashtabula, has been offered the appointment by Governor Harris as state superintendent of banks under the new Thomas bank examination law. If Seymour can qualify under the law he will be commissioned next week. The law requires that the superintendent shall own no bank stock nor be interested in any way in any banking institution. Therefore it is up to Mr. Seymour, if he wants the job, to dispose of any bank holdings he now has before the appointment is made.

Dredge Brings Up Corpse.

Cleveland, O., July 2.—The body of a man who had evidently been murdered was brought up from the bottom of the lake in the scoop of a dredge working near the west breakwater. An empty pocketbook found on the body bore the name of Eli Hoovey, 312 Main street, Muncie, Ind. A deep wound in the breast, supposed to have been made by a knife, leads to the theory by the police that the man was murdered.

GARDNER GETS A NICE PROMOTION

Appointed Chief Statistician of New Bureau.

Columbus, O., July 2.—George E. Gardner, assistant statistician in the secretary of state's office, was appointed by Secretary Thompson, Wednesday, as chief statistician of the new bureau of vital and social statistics. Gardner's home is at Wooster.

Half a Town Destroyed.

Georgetown, Ky., July 2.—Fire of incendiary origin destroyed half of the little town of Stamping Ground last night. The fire started in the Hamon hotel, burning six stores and the postoffice. This is the second attempt in three weeks to destroy the village. There was no water protection. The loss will reach $50,000.

A GREWSOME FIND IS MADE

Naked Body of a Dead Woman Discovered.

STRANGULATION IS CAUSE OF DEATH

Skull Fractured and Hands and Feet Tied.

Diamonds Left in the Room Show That Robbery Is Not Motive—Man Rents Room Last Saturday, Brings Woman, Whom He Introduces as His Wife—Disappears Sunday—Not Seen Since.

Chicago, July 1.—The naked body of an unknown woman who had been strangled and beaten to death, was found just before noon today locked in a room in a boarding-house at Twelfth street and Michigan avenue. The woman was bound and gagged, and had evidently been dead for three or four days. The police are looking for a man who brought the woman there and gave the name of J. H. Raymond. He disappeared Sunday.

The man first appeared at the house Saturday, and asked to be shown a room. When one was shown he registered as "J. H. Raymond," and then said he would bring his wife to see if she liked it. He left the place, returning in a few minutes with a woman about thirty-five years old, refined looking and well dressed. They took the room.

Sunday afternoon the man left the house, and has not since returned.

Body Found Today.

The body was found today by Mrs Mary Berbrugge, proprietor of the house, when she went into the room to make the bed. She did not see the body at first, and noticed it only when she was leaning over to pick up a pillow. The woman was naked. The feet and arms were both bound tightly with a rope, and a piece of rope twisted so tightly around the neck as to have caused strangulation. A sheet had been torn apart and bound around the mouth as a gag. There was fracture of the skull, evidently made with some blunt instrument, and the head rested in a pool of blood.

Mrs. Berbrugge notified the police and Assistant Chief Shuettler immediately took charge of the case. An examination of the room disclosed four purchase slips for $350 worth of jewelry and diamonds from Hyman Berg & Company, Marshall Field & Company, Lewin Brothers, and the Leholdt company. The slips were made out to "Mrs. E. Thompson, Chicago," no address being given. The police also found in the room two diamond rings and a diamond stickpin.

Didn't Hear a Sound.

Harry Grawberg, whose room adjoins that occupied by the couple, and who was in his room all of Saturday night and most of Sunday, says he didn't hear a sound from the room any of the time except when the man, Raymond, left Sunday and locked the door. Raymond is described as tall and evidently prosperous. He was about thirty-five years old. The police have found no clews to the identity of the woman.

The sheet wrapped about the mouth was removed by the police this afternoon to get a better view of the woman's face. It was then found that a handkerchief had been stuffed into the mouth and far down into the throat. Finger marks were also found on the throat. Further examination of the body of the woman's clothing indicates the woman was refined. The clothing is all dainty and evidently costly and the nails of the hands and toes show signs of careful attention.

THE COTTON CROP REPORT IS ISSUED

That of the Country Averages 81.2 Per Cent.

Washington, July 1.— The crop reporting board of the department of agriculture estimates that on this date condition of the cotton crop of the country averages 81.2 per cent. of a normal. Last month the percentage was 79.7 on May 25; on June 25, 1907, the estimate was 72.

The ten-year average of condition at this period of the year is 81.8 per cent. of a normal.

Read Admiral Rockwell Dead.

Washington, July 1.—Word has been received at the navy department of the death of Read Admiral Charles H. Rockwell, retired, at Chatham, Massachusetts, today. Rear Admiral Rockwell was born in Chatham in 1810.

After praying for her bad husband a few months a woman is apt to get ashamed of herself and apply for a divorce.

FOR MILLS OF THE CARNEGIE COMPANY

Record Shipments of Steel Are Being Made.

Pittsburg, Pa., July 1.—Record shipments are being made today for the mills of the Carnegie Steel company. Carload after carload of steel rails and bars are now on their way to their destinations in the East and West, exceeding by many hundreds of tons the shipment of any other day since January 1. Additional reports from companies subsidiary to the United States Steel corporation indicate a rapid return to normal conditions. The enormous plant of the Clairton Steel company of Clairton, Pennsylvania, is running today within a few per cent. of its fullest capacity, with orders sufficient to insure its operation for some time to come. Nine of the largest steel cars ever manufactured are being made by the Pressed Steel Car company.

Homestead is generally beginning to assume its customary business activity. Hundreds of employes are being taken on daily and it is only a question of a few weeks until a majority of its steel and iron plants will be operating day and night. Everything at the National Tube company denotes a general resumption and it is believed it will be running full within a month.

Y. M. C. A. ATHLETES OFF FOR EUROPE

Will Study Dialects While Touring Old World.

New York, July 1.—Muscular Christianity was revealed in a new phase today when six young Y. M. C. A. athletes sailed for Europe in the steerage of the Holland-American liner, Rotterdam. They will travel thus to acquire practical acquaintance with the dialects of immigrants and will take up active missionary work in the coal fields of America. In Europe the young men will be under the direction of Dr. Edward A. Steiner of Iowa college, on a tour by bicycle and afoot through Bohemia, Poland, Hungary, southern Russia, Servia and Italy. The members of the expedition are E. E. Bohner, formerly Y. M. C. A. traveling secretary for Pennsylvania; V. C. Harts, Jr., of Chicago; B. L. Dawson and C. D. Blatchley, Iowa college '08; H. A. McConnaughey, Oberlin college '08, and J. H. Dague, Jr., of Crozer, theological seminary. All are under contract to spend at least five years after their return in "uplift" work among foreign immigrants.

SENTENCE OF DYING LAD IS SUSPENDED

Thomas Burke, a Burglar, Is Sent Home To Die.

Youth Tells Court a Pathetic Story of His Flight from Home and His Desire To Return to His Mother Before Death.

Chicago, July 1.—Dying of consumption, a nineteen-year-old boy who gave the name of Thomas Burke, but says he is the son of a prominent Brooklyn politician, was found guilty of burglary, yesterday, and then sent home to die after sentence had been suspended. The boy told a pathetic story after Judge Kersten had found him guilty. He said he ran away from home after a quarrel with his father and came to Chicago. He found he was dying of consumption and wished to get back to be with his mother when he died. To proud to ask his father for the money, however, he said he decided to rob a store, and get the money in that way. He did so, and was caught. He begged the court not to send him to the reformatory. The boy refused to tell the court his father's name, but he told Herman Billek's friend, Father O'Callahan, under promise that the name would not be divulged in court. Instead of sentencing the boy, Judge Kersten contributed $10 to defray his expenses home. A hat was passed in the court-room, and enough money was raised to return young Burke to Brooklyn. He started Tuesday afternoon, dying and alone.

SQUIRREL HUNTERS AFTER THE MONEY

Which Is Appropriated for Them by Legislature.

Columbus, O., July 1.—The first mail Wednesday morning brought to Colonel W. L. Curry, state commissioner of soldiers' claims, applications from 122 "squirrel hunters" for the payment by the state of the $13 each appropriated by the recent legislature in the law that went into effect July 1. There were 16,000 of these so-called squirrel hunters who responded to the call of Governor Tod to repel the threatened invasion of Ohio by Kirby Smith during the civil war. There is no means of knowing how many survive. The legislature voted one month's pay to each survivor.

Show Place Story Denied.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., July 1.—Prompt denial was made here today of a story printed in New York that President Roosevelt had purchased, or was about to purchase, a $1,000,000 property in New York on which to erect a city residence. The executive office denounces the story as made of whole cloth.

KIDNAPPED IN A NIGHT GOWN

Is a Sixteen-Year-Old Girl by Bandits.

USED AS SHIELD FOR RIFLE BULLETS

The Young Victim May Die of the Shock.

Bandits Leave Word That They Will Hold Girl for Ransom of $5,000. Battle Ensues Between Desperadoes and Posse—Brother of Girl Finally Gets One of Bandits by Stealth—Other Escapes.

Coalinga, Calif., July 1.—Kidnapped in her night gown by desperate bandits, used as a shield in a rifle battle of more than an hour and finally rescued when one of her captors was taken, is the experience from which Edna May Domengine, sixteen-years-old, is prostrated at her father's home here today. She may die of the shock.

Clark Rogers and Tony Leveall, both masked, raided the Domengine home near here last night and having fired the outhouses of the ranch seized the young girl and fled to the foothills leaving behind a note saying that she would be returned upon the payment of $5,000 ransom.

After leaving the ranch, the two bandits separated. Within an hour, the ranchmen who had gathered from the whole neighborhood at sight of the flaming ranch buildings, took up the trail and after hard riding located Rogers and the girl about ten miles from the ranch.

One Kidnaper Caught.

Surrounded by his pursuers, Rogers answered all demands to surrender with the crack of his rifle and two of the posse were severely wounded by bullets. Pressed hard by his pursuers, the bandit took the girl, now almost dead from fright, and exposure and bound her to a tree behind which he hid and whence his bullets still sang defiance to all demands to surrender.

Under cover of a fusillade, two members of the posse, one of them Henry Domengine, brother of the kidnapped girl, at last crept through the bushes and leaping on Rogers, bore him to the ground.

In another moment the girl was released. Then it was proposed to lynch Rogers, but after a bitter argument, he was brought here, and is now fast in jail.

Other posses are still in pursuit of Leveall.

GOVERNOR HARRIS NAMES COMMISSION

To Codify the Mining Laws of the State of Ohio.

Columbus, O. July 11.—The commission provided for by the recent legislation to codify the mining laws of the state and make recommendations to the next general assembly, was appointed by Governor Harris today. Three miners and three operators were named and upon their recommendation the governor will later appoint a seventh member, who shall act as umpire. The appointees are:

Percy Tellow of Washingtonville, Columbiana county; James Hennessy, of Barton, Belmont county, and H. F. McCauley, of Ava, Noble county, representing the miners: and G. C. Weitzell of Logan, Hocking county; J. J. Roby, of Cleveland and Charles L. Cassingham, of Ravenna, representing the operators.

THEY DRINK 11,315 TONS OF SEDIMENT

That's What the People of St. Louis Put Away.

Omaha, Neb., July 1.—Every citizen of Omaha today is wondering just how much mud he has in his system. Following testimony by the city chemist that last year the people of this city drank 11,315 tons of sediment, the universal question is, "Where will it begin to hurt first."

The startling consumption of mud was made known during a suit over city water bills, which followed a refusal by the city to pay on charge that impure water is furnished by the Omaha Water company. Five different settling basins are used to purify the water before it reaches the consumer, yet the city chemist declared thirty-one tons of mud are drunk in the city every day.

Mae Wood Indicted.

New York, July 1.—The grand jury today returned two indictments against Mae C. Wood, whose sensational divorce proceeding against Senator Thomas C. Platt ended in the woman being thrown in jail for perjury. The indictments cover alleged charges of perjury and forgery in the third degree. The complainant is Senator Platt.

ANNUAL MANEUVERS OF BRITISH FLEET

Open Off Deal Today, One Day Ahead of Time.

London, June 30.—The annual North sea maneuvers of the combined English fleet began today off Deal, one day ahead of the original date. Two hundred and sixty-four fighting machines are taking part.

The list includes twenty-eight battleships, fifty-two cruisers, eight mine ships, 116 destroyers, thirty torpedo boats and thirty submarines.

The maneuvers will be divided into two sections; the first, lasting until July 12, devoted to strategical movements, and the second from July 12 to July 22, given over to target work, mining, torpedoing, etc.

As a result of these maneuvers, England intends to determine the best method of defending her shores and her colonies.

PEACH ORCHARDS IN BAD CONDITION

Fruit Is Dropping Off Trees Before Maturity.

Columbus, O., July 1.—State Orchard Inspector Shaw says that his reports from the peach orchards along Lake Erie are to the effect that much of the fruit is dropping from the trees before maturity. This is supposed to be due to the effect, belated in its manifestation, of that last-day-of-April snow.

Down in the peach districts, among the hills of southern Ohio, there has appeared another brand of price-raiser. It is the leaf-curl. This withers the foliage and the effect is disastrous upon the growing fruit.

LIVES IN CELLAR AT $75 A YEAR

To Save $10,000 To Endow Charitable Institution.

Omaha, Neb., July 1.—To save $10,000 with which to endow a charity institution, Victor Schmidt today living in a cellar at $1.50 per month, and at a total rate of $75 a year. Schmidt, who is a well known musician, is a German university graduate. By thrift, he has accumulated $8,000. He will continue to live as at present until the necessary $10,000 is garnered in.

TO EXTEND THE FIGHT NOW ON

Struggle Against Graft To Sweep the Country.

PRIVATE FORTUNES BEHIND THE MOVE

Rudolph Spreckles in Battle for Reform.

Young California Millionaire the Chief Aide for President Roosevelt in the Fight Which Is Now Progressing So Nicely in the Capital of the Golden State—Assurance of Big Money Support.

San Francisco, July 2.—That the anti-graft fight now in progress in San Francisco will be extended to sweep the country and will be backed by private fortunes of millions of dollars, has been made plain by Rudolph Spreckels, the young California millionaire, who has been the chief aide of President Roosevelt in the battle for reform here. He declared he has been assured of the financial support of other wealthy men and that the work will be continued not only in San Francisco, but in New York, Philadelphia, Denver and Los Angeles.

Spreckels made this statement as his public reply to the recent letter of encouragement received from President Roosevelt, in which the president urged the millionaire to keep up the fight.

"I am going to tell the country," Spreckels declared, "that I believe it is essential to good citizenship that the entire country proceed to organize with a view to instituting a campaign of enlightenment. The fight in San Francisco is only the beginning. I stand ready, when the work is done, to join with public spirited citizens who have already proffered their support to continue the fight in other cities—in New York, Philadelphia, Denver and Los Angeles.

"Why hold San Francisco up as a glaring example of rottenness?

"The same rottenness can be found anywhere in the nation. And the only cure is to let the voters see it.

"We have a few men in this country who control more money than the United States government. They are corrupting business, politics and citizenship. They can punish the president of the United States. They can ruin anybody and can plunge the country into panic. I tell you, this power spells ruin, decay and disaster."

BEN F. GAYMAN FOR CONGRESS

Practically Agreed Upon by the Leaders.

GAYMAN RESIDES AT CANAL WINCHESTER

He Is a Member of the Legal Profession.

Governor Harris Reappoints James Wonders of Logan County as Highway Commissioner — Judge John Crane of Canton Is Renominated for Circuit Bench by Republicans of Fifth District.

Columbus, O., July 2.—Ben F. Gayman has practically been agreed upon by the leaders of the Democratic party as the candidate for congress to be run in opposition to Congressman E. L. Taylor, Jr. Mr. Gayman has served twice as the Democratic representative in the state senate from Franklin county. He is a resident of Canal Winchester and a lawyer by profession.

Reappoints James Wonders.

Columbus, O., July 2.—Governor Harris has announced the reappointment of James C. Wonders of Logan county as state highway commissioner for the full term of two years, beginning July 1. Mr. Wonders has been serving out until now the original term of the late commissioner, Samuel Huston, who resigned on account of ill health.

Crane Gets Renomination.

Zanesville, O., July 2.—Judge John Crane of Canton, present judge of the circuit court, was renominated at the meeting of the Republicans of the Fifth Ohio judicial district here. Judge Crane was nominated for both the long and short term.

Coughing Proves Fatal.

Warren, O., July 2.—David Keightley, 66, of this city, coughed himself to death. He was seized with a tickling sensation in his throat and he coughed to relieve himself. After starting he could not stop, and died a few hours later.

Finds Father's Corpse.

Bucyrus, O., July 2. — Seeking for her father, Philip Bardon, Miss Nellie Bardon found him hanging from a rafter in the barn, having committed suicide. Mr. Bardon was a native of this county.

Orchard's Sentence Commuted.

Boise, Idaho, July 2.—The state board of pardons has commuted the sentence of Harry Orchard, who was under sentence to hang next Friday for the murder of Fomer Governor Frank Steunenberg, to imprisonment for life.

More Furnaces Start Up.

Pittsburg, July 2.—Additional furnaces were put in blast at the Pittsburg Forge and Iron company, giving work to 500 men.

THE APPOINTMENT OF NEW DEPUTIES

State Oil Inspector Makes an Announcement.

Columbus, O., July 2.—State Oil Inspector W. H. Phipps announced the appointment of the following additional deputies Wednesday:

Fred C. Potter and John Poore, of Portsmouth; A. T. Allman, of Ashtabula; William Clark, of Dennison, and W. C. Scott, of Caldwell.

Mr. Phipps has yet eight deputies to appoint to fill all the fifty places provided under the new law.

GRISWOLD GIVEN A GOOD POSITION

The State Fire Marshal Makes an Appointment.

Columbus, O., July 2.—Colonel Charles Griswold of Cleveland was appointed, Wednesday, as assistant state fire marshal by Marshal Rodgers. He is a civil war veteran, was the assistant adjutant general of the Ohio Grand Army of the Republic, under the regime of Commander Rodgers.

It's a difficult thing to lift up the man who is down while you're trying to win a smile from the man who put him there.

EVERYBODY occasionally eats something which does not agree with them, thus causing a spell of indigestion or other stomach distress. The Bitters gives quick relief. Try it today.

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"Sunny Jim" Sherman

Character Study of the Republican Vice Presidential Candidate—Hearty Handshaker With a Spreading Smile. Warhorse In Legislative Service, With Veteran Branded All Over Him.

By ROBERTUS LOVE.

EVERY four years one of the big political parties nominates for vice president of the United States a man who is not generally known. With the exception of Theodore Roosevelt, who had something of a war reputation, no vice presidential nominee since Thomas A. Hendricks, for the Democrats, and John A. Logan, for the Republicans, in 1884, has enjoyed a national repute prior to his being made the tail of the presidential campaign kite. Consequently the public is entitled to ask "Who's who?" on the tail end. This demand for information is the which and why of the present sketch of James Schoolcraft Sherman, nominated on the Taft ticket.

Yet the Republican vice presidential candidate is by no means an unknown man. Mr. Sherman is widely known among national politicians, though until his name was sent broadcast throughout the world from the Chicago convention it was not a household word. This is a mighty big country. A man may enjoy a wide acquaintance with the leading politicians and statesmen, he may be highly esteemed by them, he may possess signal abilities as an officeholder and yet be practically unheard of in the homes of the great common people. That seems to be Jim Sherman's status. For nearly twenty years Mr. Sherman has been a very active and aggressive member of congress. Once he was a close competitor for the speakership. He has held the chairmanship of important committees, he has managed a campaign as chairman of the Republican congressional committee, yet if you live outside of New York state did you ever hear of James S. Sherman?

The nominee for vice president might have been today the best known man in America but for a cute political trick played by Boss Platt and other political tricksters at the Republican national convention in 1900. Mr. Sherman was a prominent candidate for the vice presidential nomination on the ticket with McKinley that year. The nomination probably lay between him and Jonathan P. Dolliver of Iowa. Governor Roosevelt of New York could have had the nomination for the asking, but he didn't ask for it because he didn't want it. But Senator Platt, who didn't like Roosevelt, wanted to shove the governor out of New York state politics by making him vice president. Curiously enough, Platt liked Sherman, though he prevented the latter from securing the nomination. Roosevelt simply had to pluck the plum when it was dangled in his teeth. So Sherman missed his chance to succeed McKinley as president. Really, the things that don't happen in politics are almost as interesting as the things that do.

Uticans Proud of Him.

Mr. Sherman lives in Utica, N. Y. He was born there nearly fifty-three years ago. He is a couple of years older than his running mate and some seventy-five pounds lighter, though himself a heavyweight physically. He touches the 225 pound notch. His home has been in Utica from his birth, just as Mr. Taft's home has been in Cincinnati ever since he was born. Of course Mr. Taft has sojourned in the Philippines and at Washington on official business, and Mr. Sherman's temporary abode has been Washington during congress sessions for ten terms. But he is Jim Sherman of Utica, and all Uticans are proud of the fact.

Originally the nominee was a Democrat, but he got over it early. It is related that his sagacious sire raked the young man over the coals when he changed his politics. An elder brother of Jim had been elected mayor of Utica.

"And he was elected as a Democrat, Jim; don't forget that," said Pater Sherman.

The younger son laughed softly and took off his coat, metaphorically. He went to work and at twenty-nine found himself elected mayor of Utica.

"And I was elected as a Republican, dad; don't forget that," said Mayor Jim.

Then "dad" smiled softly.

Parlimentarian of Note.

After serving his mayoralty term young Sherman was elevated to congress. He has kept his elevation ever since, save for one term, when a Democratic landslide dumped him. There are but half a dozen men in congress with longer service records. Congressman Sherman is a warhorse in legislative service, with veteran branded all over him. Fellow members whose opinions are worth something have declared that he is the best parliamentarian in either branch of congress. He has presided over the house times without number.

During the Reed speakership Sherman was next to the throne. He was a close personal and partisan friend of Speaker Reed. When the "czar" found it necessary or convenient to surrender the gavel for a time he usually called Sherman to the chair. Undoubtedly such experience is calculated to qualify a man for the vice presidency, the chief duty of which is to sit above the senate and look patient while the real members are making sounds like words on the floor. The parliamentary laws which govern the house, though, are quite different from the easy going senatorial rules. The senate is ruled by courtesy, the velvet gavel; the house by autocracy, the mailed fist.

Congressman Champ Clark of Missouri, who, don't forget, is a Democrat, once took occasion to emit a sarcastic roar anent the real rulers of the house. He called them the "big five," and he called the big five by their names. As he named each man he commented upon that man's status in the quintet. These five men, said Mr. Clark, held the fate of the house absolutely in their hands. He mentioned Speaker Cannon, Sereno E. Payne, John Dalzell and Tawney of Minnesota. Then when half the members had their ears pointed for the fifth name Mr. Clark said as he walked out of the hall:

"The last one is Jim Sherman, and he is the slickest of the bunch."

Thereafter for a time Mr. Sherman was called "Slick Jim." This characterization by Clark was taken to mean that the Utica member was a slick article in a complimentary sense—a congressman who knew what was what in the business of running congress in the interests of his own party.

Likes to Be Jimmed.

But there is another nickname for the nominee which sounds better. In Utica, and in congress as well, they call him "Sunny Jim." That signifies a sunny disposition. It is an interesting fact that both the Republican candidates are men with the hearty handshake and the spreading smile. Despite his judicial dignity, the secretary of war does not object to being called Bill by his intimates. Mr. Sherman, it is said, likes to be Jimmed even more than Mr. Taft likes to be Billed. You may recall that when Taft and Sherman met in Cincinnati a day or so after their nomination the party of the first part said to the party of the second part of the ticket:

"Hello, Jim, old boy! Bully for you!"

Kings do not greet each other thus—at any rate not in public. It is a fine thing for republican institutions that two men who expect to become the highest officers in the government are human enough to talk like ordinary men.

Taft and Sherman each took a college diploma in 1878. Sherman found his sheepskin at Hamilton college, near his home. Taft's bears the Yale watermark. Five years ago Hamilton made Mr. Sherman an LL. D. Sherman is a lawyer and has been one ever since 1880, when he began practicing in his home city. Though serving ten terms in congress, he has not wholly given up his practice. Truly a man of affairs is this Republican nominee. He is president of the Utica Trust and Deposit company, vice president of a regular banking institution, president of a canning company and a director in a tin can factory. He is also the head of the Utica ice concern.

Two or three times heretofore Sherman has tried to get out of the congress business, but his constituents wouldn't let him. President McKinley offered him the office of general appraiser of the port of New York in 1899, and he was about to accept when Uticans met in mass meeting and protested so vigorously that he decided to remain in congress. It was not that they loved the port of New York less, but Sherman more. The smile of Sunny Jim was wanted in Washington, where it gave Utica and the rest of the district a fine reputation for geniality.

Bells Rung In His Honor.

Not long ago there was some sporadic talk in New York state about running Mr. Sherman for governor in the event of Governor Hughes not being a candidate; also there was talk of sending the Utican to the senate to succeed Thomas C. Platt. But Mr. Sherman and his friends in the Chicago convention concluded to steal a march on Dame Rumor by really nominating the subject of all these tentative honors. Utica, of course, was highly pleased. She poured out a pent-up Utica of enthusiasm, Mayor Tom Wheeler wiring home from Chicago to his secretary, "Ring the bells!" And the bells were rung. It is not every day that our next door neighbor gets nominated for vice president.

In fact, even New Hartford rejoiced and got exceeding glad when the news came from Chicago. New Hartford is the site of the canning factory. It is connected with Utica by trolley. Sanford Sherman, brother of the nominee, lives out there. He received a telegram about noon to the effect that Jim was nominated. President Jones of the village fired a cannon, whistles on all the factories were blown, including the canning factory, bells were rung and tin cans rattled. "The demonstration lasted nearly half an hour," concisely states the correspondent from New Hartford. That's as long as the demonstration for Mr. Taft at Chicago.

In congress Mr. Sherman is a hard worker. He has had a great deal of important committee experience. At present he is chairman of the committee on Indian affairs. He is a deep student of the Indian problem and is accounted an authority on the noble red man. Some time ago a new congressman showed surprising familiarity with Indian affairs. Sherman jocularly protested to Speaker Cannon that he should keep that young man down.

"Why so?" asked Uncle Joe.

"He's trying to cop my laurels as an expert on Indians," replied the Utican.

"Huh!" ejaculated Uncle Joe. "Neither of you fellows would know a live Indian from a cigar sign."

The nominee's wife is a woman of engaging qualities. She was a leader in the recent organization of the Congressional club at Washington, the membership being limited to the wives of senators and representatives. Formerly she was active socially and won renown as an entertainer, but of late she has withdrawn from the social whirl because of poor health. Mrs Sherman was Miss Carrie Babcock The Shermans have three sons, all young fellows in their twenties and all bright and popular. Sherrill, the eldest, is in the banking business with his father. Richard is professor of mathematics in Hamilton college. Thomas Moore Sherman, the youngest son, is an official in a Utica business concern. The only girl in the Sherman family is the baby daughter of Sherrill.

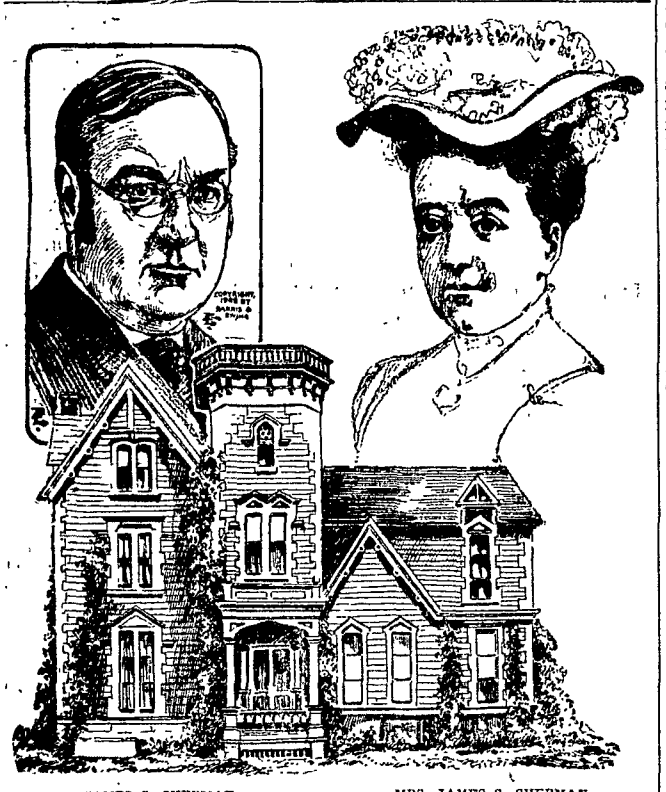
Congressman Sherman is the first Republican in a long line of Shermans who have been Democrats since the party was born. General Richard Updyke Sherman, his father, had good reason to remonstrate when his son became a Republican. Even the brothers of the nominee are Democrats. One of them once went on the stump against Brother Jim in a campaign.

Great Home Lover.

Jim Sherman is mighty popular in Utica. His funny little side whiskers, too small to be obtrusive, are the only pair of the kind in Oneida county. It is said that their possessor likes to have his whiskers mentioned. They are sure to be mentioned frequently in this campaign.

Mr. Sherman loves to be at home with his folks in the roomy house on Genesee street, where he spends much time reading. He likes the newspapers His favorite book, "David Harum," he rereads every summer. He is chairman of the board of trustees of Christ Presbyterian church of Utica and treasurer of the church.

Now comes the most important fact in connection with this human document. Mr. Sherman is a baseball fan! He attended three games while in Chicago for the convention and would have attended another on Friday if the other fellows hadn't nominated him for vice president.



JAMES S. SHERMAN. MRS. JAMES S. SHERMAN.

FAIRVIEW, THE NOMINEE'S HOME IN UTICA, N. Y.

ELBERT COLEMAN IS VICTIM OF ACCIDENT

He Is Caught in an Explosion of Dynamite.

SOME HOPE FOR THE RECOVERY OF VICTIM

Coleman Is Assisting in Tamping a Charge of Dynamite at Montpelier, Indiana, at the Time of Accident. Ear Is Torn Off and Body Filled with Stone.

With an ear blown off and his entire body filled with bits of stone, Elbert Coleman, formerly of this city, lies in a hospital at Montpelier, Indiana, the victim of a dynamite explosion in a stone quarry. Guy and Clarence Coleman, of this city, have gone to his bedside. News by long distance telephone from Montpelier, Wednesday night, was to the effect that unless blood-poisoning developed Coleman would recover although he will be greatly disfigured for life.

The explosion occurred, Tuesday afternoon, while Coleman and other workmen were tamping a charge of dynamite. The other man had his hand completely torn off. Both were hurled a great many feet. The only piece of the tamping rod that could be found after the explosion was imbedded in the chin of Coleman, whose body was terribly cut and lacerated, but who suffered no broken bones.

At first a telegram was received here that Coleman had died of his injuries. Wednesday, however, another message came saying that he was still alive, and Wednesday night Marion relatives were informed that he would probably survive if complications did not follow.

The victim of the accident is well known here. He is about thirty years old and has a wife and two children.

REV. F. E. ZECHIEL TO BEGIN PASTORATE

Will Deliver Sermons at Reformed Church Sunday.

Rev. F. E. Zechiel who has been called as pastor of the First Reformed church of south Prospect street will begin his duties as pastor next Sunday. He will move his family into the parsonage at once.

Rev. Mr. Zechiel will deliver his first sermons next Sunday. He will speak in German in the morning and in English in the evening.

The new pastor is an able speaker and a great student of the Bible and his friends feel assured of his making a great success of the work in this city.

A SIMPLE CASE OF ARITHMETIC

Continued from Page One

fied with any one of a number of men who have been proposed for second place on the ticket. He has studiously refrained from expressing a preference, publicly at least. He has mentioned, however, candidates who would be agreeable to him. He has mentioned others whom he would object to.

Gray Is Bryan's Favorite.

The impression prevails that Judge Gray is his favorite But it is known, for instance, that he has lent encouragement to the aspirations of Charles A. Towne, of New York. The supporters of other candidates claim that Bryan has spoken favorably of their men.

As to the platform, Bryan will be willing to compromise to a certain extent with the ideas of the so-called conservative element of the party. He will insist that the policies upon which he will go before the voters of the country, shall be progressive, but not necessarily radical.

There will be an anti-injunction plank but it will not be so broad as has been demanded by the labor leaders. Nevertheless, he will see to it that the declaration on this subject shall be clear cut and decisive so that there can be no mistaking where the party stands.

In other words, Bryan, as the choice of more than two-thirds of the delegates to the convention, will exercise the right to veto, both as to the platform and his running mate.

A considerable boost was given today to the candidacy of W. G. Conrad of Montana, a native Virginian, and a simon-pure Bryanite, by reason of the instructions of the Montana state convention, held yesterday. The Conrad boomers expect to obtain generous support from the South, where he is said to be well and favorably known.

Kern Out of It.

Lincoln, Neb., July 2.—The vice presidential situation was simplified today by John W. Kern, of Indiana, who announced his refusal to allow the use of his name, making it all the more likely that a New York man will be selected. Kern arrived in Lincoln early today for a visit with Bryan. He said:

"I am not a candidate for vice president and will do all in my power to prevent my name from going before the convention. Friends and followers of Bryan will be in full control at Denver and, besides nominating Bryan on the first ballot, will adopt a platform in accord with the principles of progressive Democracy."

Kern seemed enthused over the Democratic prospects and hastened to Fairview, early today, to tell Bryan that it was going to be a Democratic year. Congressman William Sulzer, of New York, was another Fairview visitor today, while Bryan varied his program by coming down in a drizzling rain to meet his visitors. These included Governor Haskell, of Oklahoma; Congressman Clayton, of Alabama; J. D. Campau, national committeeman from Michigan; T. E. Ryan, Wisconsin national committeeman; Colonel Moses Wetmore, of St. Louis; O. J. Dunn, of Omaha, and Bird S. Coler, of New York.

Braves in Chicago.

Chicago, July 2.—Charles W. Murphy, high chief of Tammany, Judge Alton B. Parker, Lewis Nixon, Chairman Connors and sixteen other Tammany braves arrived today over the Lake Shore from New York and all but Parker departed at once for Denver, where they will mingle in the preliminary "doings" of the Democratic national convention. Judge Parker disappeared from the Lake Shore station after announcing that he would follow his fellow Democrats at 2 p. m. Murphy was asked if he believed the platform would contain any radical planks, such as the anti-injunction plank advocated by Samuel Gompers, and he replied that he did not think so, believing that the platform would be "mild and sane."

Gompers Leaves for Denver.

Washington, July 2.—Confident that the Democratic party will come forth as the savior of labor within its platform, Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, left this afternoon for Denver.

The fight for an unqualified anti-injunction plank, which is the particular desire of the labor men, will be enlivened Monday by a meeting of the executive council of the American Federation.

WILLIAM PRICE DIES IN FIELD WEDNESDAY

Overcome by Heat and His Heart Fails.

PRICE IS ABOUT FIFTY YEARS OLD

The Unfortunate Man Leave a Widow and Two Children—A Man of Good Habits and Well Liked—Arrangements for the Funeral Services at Family Home.

While shocking wheat on the Headley farm between Prospect and Radnor, Wednesday afternoon about 2 o'clock, William Price, fifty years old, dropped dead of heart disease. "I am sick," he said to Thomas and Edward Headley, who were working with him, and collapsed. "Everything looks green to me," he added and died before one of the men could fetch him a cup of water.

Mr. Price went to work early that morning. He ate a hearty dinner. It is believed that he became overheated, with the result that his heart failed him. He had been subject to heart trouble.

The deceased is survived by a widow and two children, who live two miles north of Radnor in this county. He was a man of good habits and well liked. News of his sudden death will be learned with profound regret by those who know him. He had lived many years in this part of the county and was well known.

The funeral service was held at the Price home, Friday afternoon at 3 o'clock, Rev. Mr. Harris, of Radnor, officiating. Interment took place at Radnor.

SECOND WOMAN IS IN THE CASE

Continued from Page One.

the eyes protruded from the sockets and the tongue from the mouth and that the heart had been badly affected. They found fifteen finger marks on the throat. They were made by long, bony, muscular fingers which had been pressed so hard and deeply that the bones of the throat had all been broken.

The report says the woman had been kicked and beaten badly, and had been stamped in the face by a boot heel. They found more than 100 separate bruises on the body. Their examination showed also that the woman had been assaulted and had resisted. Basing his statement on this last part of the report, Coroner Hoffman today declared the slayer may not have been the man, Raymond, who brought Mrs. Thompson to the boarding-house and who has since disappeared.

The physicians found that two linen pocket handkerchiefs had been stuck in the woman's mouth as a gag. One had the letter "B" woven in the linen and a very faint laundry mark which looks like "S 22."

Harry Morton, husband of the housekeeper of the Verbrugge boarding-house, where Mrs. Thompson was murdered, and who has been wanted by the police, is in the county jail on charge of passing forged checks. He denies any knowledge of the murder.

MISS HOFFMIRE IS HOSTESS TO COMPANY

Afternoon Is Passed in a Pleasant Manner.

THE TIME GIVEN TO "FIVE HUNDRED"

Miss Flossie Shurz Wins the Prize. The Ladies' Embroidery Club Meets with Mrs. J. W. Hungate, of South Prospect Street—Some Social News Items.

Miss Florence Hoffmire charmingly entertained, Wednesday afternoon, at her home on south Prospect street for Misses Hazel and Bessie Long, of Kingston. "Five Hundred" was played, there being seven tables. Miss Flossie Shurz won the prize, a beautiful hand-painted hatpin.

The guests were Misses Bonnie Pinyard, Hilda Garberson, Helen Rosenberg, Flossie Shurz, Mildred Dombaugh, Eliza Dickerson, Roma Hofstetter, Ethel Uncapher, Olga Morgenthaler, Ethel Finley, Cleo Savage, Zelda Ramer, Edith Chase, Martha Burgess, Hazel Harvey, Donna Crissinger, Mae Katz, Margaret Krause, Helen Knapp, Jeanie and Ruth Collier, Maud Johnston, Cora Wahl, Mary Woodruff, Hazel Leffler and Mrs. C. G. Smith.

* * *

Miss Edythe Brader, of Silver street, very pleasantly entertained a company of her friends, Wednesday evening, in honor of Miss Blanche Sullivan of Columbus.

The evening was passed with games and other social pleasures and refreshments were served.

* * *

The Ladies' Embroidery circle met at the home of Mrs. J. W. Hungate, of south Prospect street, Wednesday evening. All the members were present. The afternoon was devoted to embroidery work and music. A two-course luncheon was served by the hostess.

The club guests were Mrs. S. N. Titus, Mrs. Jay Vaughan and Mrs. Charles Kraner.

MISS MAUD DENNIS DIES WEDNESDAY

Death Is the Result of a Long Illness.

Miss Maud Dennis, sixteen years old, died of tuberculosis at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Dennis at No. 350 Leader street, Wednesday at 6 a. m. She had been ill many weeks. Besides her parents the deceased is survived by one brother, Floyd.

The funeral service was held at the Wesley M. E. church, of which Miss Dennis was a member, Friday morning at 9:30 o'clock. Interment took place in the cemetery at Prospect.

BARTL'S RIGHT LEG IS NOW WITHERING

He Will Probably Never Wrestle Again.

IS REMOVED TO HOME IN ROCHESTER

Bartl Is Suffering of a Brain Trouble Which Will Cause Right Leg To Wither Unless Nerve Specialist Is Able To Restore Action of Nerves. Sad End.

"Demon" Bartl will probably never wrestle nor be a well, strong man again, says the Youngstown Telegram.

His recovery from the knockout blow delivered by Jack Young three weeks ago is still in the balance.

Bartl was taken from the City hospital to his home in Rochester, New York, Saturday night. He has no remembrance of Youngstown. The latest incident he recalls happened six months ago. He is conscious and rational and knows that he is ill but does not know the cause of his illness.

Unless a nerve specialist, who will take charge of Bartl immediately, is able to restore nervous action, which ceased from the affection of the brain, the great little wrestler's right leg will wither beyond recovery. The part of the brain affected controls the nerves of the right side. Bartl's right leg has been withering steadily and is noticeably smaller than the left.

Chicago Sandow and Karl Busch, wrestlers now before the local public, carried Bartl on a stretcher from an invalid carriage to a Pullman car of a Lake Shore train. There were tears in both the husky grapplers' eyes when they said good-by to the greatest little man of his inches.

BIRTHS.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Williams of Thompson street Wednesday.

The work of remodeling the plant of the Prospect National Mill company on north Prospect street was begun Wednesday.

Lecturing on the piscatorial art will give no one a fish dinner.

HOW TO KNOW IT.

Hydrophobia is in reality so rare and so terrifying that its symptoms and treatment are little understood. As a matter of fact, the commonly accepted expression of madness in a dog is often misleading. The real mad dog does not shun water, as it is said. On the contrary, mad dogs often rush to the water and drink eagerly, if they are able to swallow. The mad dog does not froth at the mouth. It does not run amuck, snapping at everything in its path. What, then, are the indications of a mad dog? To those familiar with a given dog the surest symptom and the one which would excite closest attention is a distinct and unaccountable change in the dog's disposition— a staid dog becoming excitable and, a frisky one dull. That condition does not necessarily mean rabies, but it is suspicious, and if in addition, the dog has trouble in swallowing—as though it seemed to have a bone in its throat—beware! That dog should be instantly tied up, because if it be rabies it takes but a day or two for ferocious instincts to develop. The unmistakable evidence, however, of a dog with rabies is the sticky, whitish saliva which covers the teeth and shows on the drawn lips. The eyes glare and are red; the dog has paroxysms of running fury, during which it barks hoarsely, which alternate with periods of temporary exhaustion.—Outing Magazine.

DITCH NOTICE.

Auditor's Office, Marion county, Ohio, Marion, June 30th, A. D. 1908. Notice to non-resident lot and land owners. In the matter of the County Ditch Improvement petitioned for by G. T. Nesbaum.

Jacob Schaffner, you are hereby notified that on the 30th day of June, A. D. 1908, G. T. Nesbaum filed a petition with the Auditor of Marion County, the prayer of which is for the location, construction, tiling and deepening, widening and straightening of a ditch on the following starting point, route and terminus, to-wit: Beginning at the terminus of the tile drain at the head of Glade Run ditch in Big Island township, Marion County, Ohio; thence east along the course of Glade Run Ditch through the lands of Jacob Schaffner, John Schmidt, John Schleght and Emma Schaber or as far as may be necessary to secure a good and sufficient outlet.

You are also notified that the following time and place have been fixed when and where the Commissioners of said county will meet for the hearing of said petition, to-wit: Wednesday, July 22, 1908, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the head of proposed improvement for the purpose of hearing any and all proof offered by any of the parties affected by said ditch improvement, whether the said ditch will be conducive to the public health convenience and welfare; and whether the route described is the best route, and any and all objections to said proposed ditch improvement.

In the estimation of the petitioner the following are the names of all persons and corporations, either public or private, who will be affected or benefited thereby, to-wit:

G. T. Nesbaum, E. W. Gracely, Jacob Schaffner, John Schmidt, John Schleght, Emma Schaber, Marion County, Erie Railway Co., George Montgomery, Solmon Kemerer, Charles Ruth, Samuel Gracely, Frank Schaber, C. Selter.

C. L. ALLEN,
Auditor Marion County, Ohio.

7-wk-f-2

PIKE SALE.

The Pike Commissioners of the Linnwood Free Turnpike road will receive sealed bids at the County Surveyor's office, Marion, Ohio, until 12 o'clock noon on Saturday the 11th day of July, 1908, for grading and graveling of said Free Turnpike road located in Bowling Green township, Marion County, Ohio, according to specifications, plat, profile and cross-section, which are on file and may be seen in the office of the County Surveyor.

Bids will be received for the road as an entirety. The successful bidder or bidders will be required to execute a contract and give a good bond, to the satisfaction of the Pike Commissioner for fifty per cent. of the estimated cost, conditioned for the faithful performance of the bid and contract, and said bond must not have less than two sureties, one of whom must be a resident of said Marion County.

Bidders must accompany their bid with one hundred dollars cash, or a certified check for that amount on some bank in said Marion County, which will be forfeited by the successful bidder or bidders in case he or they fails to enter into bond and contract within five (5) days from date of sale.

The Pike Commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

GEORGE DILSAVOR, President.
H. MAX CODDING, Secretary.

7-wk-f-2

Petition for Free Turnpike Road.

To the Honorable Board of Commissioners of Marion County, Ohio:

Gentlemen:—The undersigned land owners, owing lands lying within the bound of a proposed and hereinafter described route of a Free Turn Pike Road, respectfully ask that your honorable body do appoint commissioners at a special session to be held Friday, July 31st, 1908, at 1 o'clock p. m., to lay out and establish a Free Turn Pike Road pursuant to the provisions of the statute under Chapter (7) seven, "One Mile Assessment Pikes," Revised Statutes of Ohio, Section 4774 to 4828, inclusive, and all acts amendatory thereof or supplementary thereto upon the following route between the following points within the County of Marion, State of Ohio, to-wit:

Beginning in the road leading east and west between Sections 21 and 28, Grand Prairie Township, Marion County, Ohio, where the Marion and Upper Sandusky Turn Pike intersects the same; thence west on or near the section line between Sections 21, 28, 20, 29, 19 and 30, Grand Prairie township, and Sections 24, 25, 23 and 26, Salt Rock Township, to the quarter section line running north and south through the west half of the southwest quarter of section 23 Salt Rock township, a distance of 3¾ miles, more or less, and there terminating.

We would represent that we are residents of Marion County, that we own lands that lie within the bounds of said Free Turn Pike road. We further request that an annual levy be made of extra tax upon all the property within said bounds for the period of not exceeding 25 years and in amount not exceeding ten mills upon the dollar valuation, each year, as may be deemed necessary by the Commissioners appointed to construct said road and for such orders in the premises as are authorized by law.

Dated May 11th, 1908.

FRED BROOKS and Others,
184-wed&wk-4 Petitioners.

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BY W G. HARDING.

SIXTEEN PAGES.

SATURDAY - - - - - JULY 4

President Stanley Hall of Clarke university says college professors must do something to keep themselves from being made ridiculous Why not advise them to do less talking

After reading the St Petersburg story of target practice of the Russian Black sea fleet, one wonders why the idea of leaving the Russian navy to wipe itself out never occurred to the Japanese

Still, we never can hope to get all the detail of John D Rockefeller's life from his autobiography, for naturally he wouldn't want to tell about all the melons he has cut It would read too much like bragging

According to the Houston Post, the Democrats are going to have a lovefeast at the Denver convention Well, that's the place to have it, there won't be a ghost of an excuse for one later on

If the Nashville Tennessean can make the public credit its statement that "there is no politics in hell" it will remove from many a certain amount of dread of the "future"

The blowing up of the Fourth Reformed Presbyterian church of Philadelphia is threatened in case its minister, over whom a factional war is being waged, is retained It must not be assumed, however, that there are not some in the church who know something about christianity

The Toledo Blade refers to Mr Sandles as the champion officeseeker of Ohio Doesn't look like a square deal to our good old friend, General Ebenezer D Finley, to ignore him like that

"In the resignation of Mr Taft," says the Chicago Tribune, "the war department suffers the heaviest loss it has sustained in many years" The Tribune may always be relied on to speak by the book regarding material facts

Colonel Bryan appears to be laboring under the suspicion that somebody is trying to switch platforms on him

It is already manifest that history will accord to the late Grover Cleveland a place among the nation's great men, and perhaps two qualities, which did as much as any other duo to give him a high place in the esteem of his countrymen, were his frankness and absolute honesty

The Ohio supreme court having assured first-term sheriffs and treasurers that the general assembly did not intend to hand them "a lemon," that should make the expression good enough for the general run of us

The way Mr Littlefield knocks at times might be taken to indicate that he was at some time a blacksmith's apprentice

The tribute paid to the United States and its people and their former president June 26 is probably without precedent in the history of the world Never before has the flag of one nation been lowered to half mast throughout the length and breadth of the land to show respect to the memory of a distinguished private citizen of another Brazil thereby shows the esteem in which the great Latin American republic holds the memory of former President Cleveland, and at the same time gives evidence that the newly-cemented ties of friendship between the great republic of the south and the great republic of the north mean more than in many quarters regarded The United States government, thanks in a great measure to Secretary Root, is at last beginning to be understood by the Latin-Americans, and the action of Brazil, Friday shows in no uncertain way that the seeds which he planted upon the occasion of his recent visit which were more recently nourished by the visit of our fleet are bearing fruit

Apropos of the close approach of the Denver convention one naturally recalls the fact that only a little over a decade ago the Democratic prescription for what was ailing the country was free silver

The Equitible Assurance company proposes to erect a building 209 feet higher than the tower of the Metropolitan Insurance company's structure and seventy-four feet higher than the Eiffel tower It is to be 1059 feet high and is to cost $10,000,000 This rivalry of the insurance people would doubtless be better appreciated by the policy-holders did it tend less to high structures and more to higher dividends.

That wasn't such a bad mistake after all when the type in an exchange recently stated that "Colonel Bryan's career as a politician of prominence had been a lung one"

Judging by the past, we can get a pretty good idea of what the Denver convention won't do by reading the stories being run nowadays telling what it will

The Republican state literary bureau should give the widest publicity to the announcement of John J Lentz, that in the event that the Ohio general assembly is Democratic on joint ballot, he will be a candidate for United States senator

Colonel Bryan says "If I have anything to say I will not say it to any one person, but will say it to the public So would we, colonel, if we could get $300 a say Don't blame you a bit colonel, for refusing to tap your oratorical flow without the proper financial inducement

No matter how good she may look at other times, a good girl never shows off to so good advantage as when she cheerfully helps her mother do the work

Had Colonel Bryan to say it over again he would probably object to the mode of execution only and not to the material of which the cross was constructed

The news of the arrival of a cargo of 9,000 000 lemons at an eastern port will be of mighty little interest to the allies who got theirs in Chicago

It was a mighty mean trick on the sky sharps for the moon to arrive ten seconds before she was due last Sunday But, after all it's only another illustration that none of us is perfect

It was hardly necessary for Charlie Towne to state that he was in a receptive mood in connection with the vice presidency Being in a receptive mood has become a disease with Charlie

No matter whether Betsy Ross or somebody else designed it, no one has attempted to improve on the design with any degree of success barring, of course, the adding of an additional star occasionally to the field of blue to make it representative

The fact that Colonel Bryan wore whiskers when he was a youth should not be held against him now The colonel has learned a lot in the last decade or two and undoubtedly knows better now

It is possible that the manufacturers of red devil-wagons are behind all this talk about Tom Johnson for Democratic campaign manager

If the advance notices from Denver are worthy of credit the platforms of the two old parties will not be so dissimilar that they couldn't be passed off as distant relatives, anyway

Early watermelons never were better than this season That the public may not draw any erroneous conclusions we will state that we got this from the fellow who lives next door

An Iowa editor asks if politics is worth while Well we know one distinguished gentleman who is more or less of an international character, who hasn't lost anything by playing the game

The Marion Star thinks it would be a joke if a platform were worked off at Denver on Colonel Bryan like the one specially prepared for Taft at Chicago says the Portsmouth Times The Star has an absurd idea of humor One such platform is that manufactured at Chicago is a blunder two like it would be a calamity The Times couldn't be more serious if it really thought what it says

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

Hard cash is awfully hard to do without

We can die only once much to the relief of the undertaker

Woman's rights needs only the workers' vessel in the coming ship class

The man who believes all he says doesn't always say what he believes

Most people waste a lot of valuable time telling their imaginary troubles

People seldom get that tired feeling from carrying the burdens of others

The easiest way for a man to get married is to let a young widow get on his trail

One of the many things a conceited youth is unable to understand is how any sensible female can pass him up for some other chap —Chicago News

Hundreds Are Murdered.

Seattle Wash July 2 —Between 900 and 1 000 members of the Il Chin-Hoi society in organization of pro-Japanese Koreans have been murdered by Korean insurgents according to advices received today from incoming vessels.

TOWARD PROSPERITY.

Steady progress is being made toward the complete restoration of *prosperity* It was easier to break down than it is to build up, but nature is on the side of a healthy, optimistic and active people, and very striking proofs of better times may be seen The fundamental, massive fact is that the crops of the United States are in splendid condition, with every prospect of being bigger than ever before This alone means prosperity, for a nation in the midst of the fatness of the earth cannot be lean It has all it wants to eat, and a surplus with which to buy anything it wants

The prospect of heavy business in crop-hauling and industries dependent upon the harvests has induced railroads to get busy The Erie railroad has 3,000 men at work ballasting, replacing ties, laying rails and otherwise toning the system up for a big fall and winter business The mechanics of that railroad are trying to break the record by repairing 5 000 freight cars in thirty days to make ready for increased traffic Fifteen new locomotives are to be put at work Mr Harriman is extending the Southern Pacific line improving the Union Pacific, and pushing his Mexican road to the City of Mexico and to Pacific tidewater at Mazatlan Mr Hill is running feeders into the western Canadian country in order to handle the wheat crop Idle freight cars are going back into business at the rate of '000 a day, according to reports from the principal roads

Assurance of big crops has led to the resumption of industrial activity Merchants are giving good-sized orders, and the mills must run to fill them All the New England cotton mills are running on full time Wool is coming in rapidly During the past week 500 additional coke ovens were fired up in Pennsylvania The output of pig iron is increasing, and the demand for copper keeps the price well up Building operations have been better all through the country during the last three weeks and the demand for iron pipe and structural steel is increasing

Throughout the West, from Missouri to California there is a demand for farm labor The cry is louder as harvest time approaches Employment agencies in the large cities have their hands full trying to supply the demand for rural labor No healthy man, willing to work need be out of a job The percentage of the unemployed in the cities is dwindling partly on account of the pull from the farm, but principally on account of the resumption of factory work

That part of business which is affected by politics shows improvement following the action of the Chicago convention The speculative element is inclined to take a rest, pending the outcome of the Denver convention but there is no uneasiness in financial circles and the nomination of Mr Bryan has been discounted so thoroughly already that it is not likely to disturb the market as it did in 1896 —Washington Post

BY A BACHELOR.

A nice thing about marriage is before you get into it

A woman wants a course dinner if one of them has to be bread and butter

The nicest kind of a girl to kiss is the one whose mother thinks she wouldn't

A man will take his own religion or politics on faith but he insists upon the other fellow reasoning his out

There is hardly anything that a woman enjoys more than doing something for charity that it wouldn't be right to do for anything else —New York Press

GROVER CLEVELAND

The death of Grover Cleveland at his Princeton home last week removed from the nation the last of its former presidents Although he had been ill during a good deal of the past year his sudden demise came as a shock to his friends and to that wing of his party which had come to look upon him for some years past as its sage and its counselor

Mr Cleveland had the distinction of being the only Democrat elected to the presidential office since the civil war He was also the only man who ever ran for the presidency three times in succession and was twice elected with a defeat sandwiched between his two terms Since his retirement to private life the conservatives of his own party have looked upon his counsels as the words of the oracle while the bitterest of his political antagonists have heard him with respect

Mr Cleveland was a strong man His was a vigorous policy as an executive which while it made him strong friends could not fail to make him equally powerful enemies He possessed the courage of his convictions however and sturdily conducted national affairs as he conceived they should be conducted Both his terms in office were filled with matters of great importance in the development of the nation It is a noteworthy fact that our difficulties with Venezuela which first became of international importance during Mr Cleveland's second administration, should have resulted in the breaking of all diplomatic relations between this country and the South American republic during the very last hours of Mr Cleveland's life His rigid application of the Monroe doctrine in the boundary dispute between Great Britain and Venezuela came nearer to leading us into war with England than anything else in our history since the Alabama affair

As a man, Mr Cleveland was sturdy, conscientious, and a lover of outdoor life As a statesman and politician he was calm in judgment, conservative in speech, and broad minded in his consideration of national matters History may have much to criticise in his two administrations of the republic's affairs, but it will find much to commend also —Washington Post

BLIND TOM

The death of "Blind Tom" recalls one of those so-called 'prodigies that from time to time excite wonder and discussion and are quickly forgotten This negro boy had a remarkable memory and a capacity for imitating musical sounds that was probably akin to that observed in some kinds of birds He had very little intelligence, and there was no evidence of what would be properly called a musical sense or musical understanding But he readily "caught a tune," and early learned to reproduce the sounds he heard by touching the keys of a piano

In this way he was taught to play a great variety of piano music—a fact which would probably appear less remarkable since the perfection of mechanical players but in his day gained him great celebrity and no little profit He learned like wise to repeat long speeches in foreign languages of which he did not understand a word, another example of some kind of abnormally developed sound-memory, which may be quite independent of any intellectual impression

This faculty of intelligent imitation is frequently observed In the case of "Blind Tom" it had been unusually developed, and appeared more remarkable because his general intelligence was more than commonly defective But this surprised those familiar with the physiology of the brain much less than the curious crowds whose patronage awarded the skilful exploitation of the "prodigy" —Philadelphia Ledger

THAT MESSAGE.

The delegates from Wisconsin to the Republican national convention brought a "message" Before the convention opened and in its session then spokesmen said they were in Chicago on this special mission

The hearing given to the Wisconsin 'message' was one of the important features of the convention In the forenoon it was proclaimed by Congressman Cooper in his one-man minority report from the committee on resolution. The Wisconsin 'message" was clear in its proposals for a physical valuation of the railroads as a basis for making rates and in its demands for publicity of campaign contributions and for the election of senators by direct vote of the people It was, however, loaded down with a number of ill digested proposals of other kinds which gave it as a whole an extremely radical tone

Late in the afternoon of the day's continuous session in his speech nominating LaFollette for president, Mr Cochems further elaborated what he called Wisconsin's "message" His exposition was driven home by Mr McGee of the same state, the last speaker of the day In brief the 'message' was a demand for the application of Wisconsin's methods of government regulation of corporations to the national situation Thus said the Wisconsin orators would be prevented domination by 'industrial obstructivism' while justice in the distribution of the products of industry would be promoted and that ideal condition for a democracy would be realized in which the people know and feel that they are the state These views though delivered in the manner of the radical many delegates and visitors

Wisconsin's part in the convention was avowedly educational The views presented by its representatives are likely to be a factor in developing public opinion during the coming campaign as well as later It is probable, indeed that the rejection of the Wisconsin platform and of Wisconsin's candidate for president by the Republican national convention will form the basis for Bryan's campaign should he be nominated at Denver the Nebraskan leader's admiration for LaFollette and for his views on public questions being well known —Chicago News

Horse Is Injured.

Charles W Fairbanks driving his automobile and George Blum driving in his buggy collided at the corner of west Center street and Olney avenue Thursday and as a result Mr Blum's horse suffered a broken leg near the hoof Fairbanks was driving east between Blum and the curb and Blum attempted to turn into Olney avenue when the accident occurred It is thought by the attending veterinary that the horse can be saved

Sidelight on Candidate.

William H Taft's week of democratic pleasure at New Haven and New London has been very strenuous, and if reports are to be believed has wearied him more than a week of ardous campaigning But it was quite worth while No matter whether or not we are candidates for the presidency, it is good to get back among the youngsters and especially good to reunite with our old classmates who are no longer youngsters No matter how grave and dignified we are it is good to be called Bill once more It is good to yell lustily at boat races even though our crew is badly beaten It is good to forget for a time the grave importance of our personality, and to be even as other mortals who are not world famous

So though Mr Taft has returned to New York thoroughly tired out it is a harmless and agreeable weariness During the hot campaign that will soon begin the candidate will look back regretfully at the days of last week He will no longer be Bill, but the honorable 'Mr Secretary, or, in the words of the marching clubs and the men who do the introducing on the platforms, our next president'

Americans like a man who can relax as easily as Mr Taft has done In his sojourn at Yale there was nothing of the poseur He did not strike any attitude as greatest graduate' He did not wield any 'big stick' on the university president, or give gratuitous suggestions as to student discipline There was no strut in his gait In all of which Mr Taft showed himself different from a certain great graduate of Harvard

Because two students who were properly disciplined by the Harvard authorities chanced to be members of the varsity crew President Roosevelt wrote a politely worded but none the less impudent letter to President Eliot suggesting that some punishment be substituted that would not prevent the offenders from participating in the race at New London President Eliot, who is himself something of the strenuous kind replied very sharply told Mr Roosevelt in effect that the matter was none of his business and added a few lines as to the advisability of keeping college sport clean and not overlooking offenses in athletes that would not be overlooked in others As a result of the Harvard attitude the Harvard victory over Yale is all the more creditable to the Massachusetts institution

One can scarcely imagine Mr Taft offering suggestions to President Hadley in matters of college discipline He would surely appreciate that such things are of no legitimate concern to him Nor can we imagine Mr Taft, if he is elected president of the United States officially remodeling the English language or hurling anathemas at writers of nice little stories about animals Or founding an 'Ananias club' —Cleveland Plain Dealer

PROFITS AT SUEZ.

Suez canal reports continue to give the lie to the predictions of failure or of financial unprofitableness which were so numerously and so confidently made concerning that enterprise at its inception and indeed, pretty persistently until it began practically to disprove them

In 1900 the high water mark in tonnage down to that time was reached and there were those who expected a slight decrease in the next year or at least looked for no further increase The transports of Russian troops was a considerable item in 1906 which 1907 did not enjoy and there was some financial depression in the latter year with a consequent slackening of travel and trade Yet it now appears that the total receipts in 1907 were $21,029 104, which was $1 625 879 more than in 1906 The total expenses were $8 728 199 or only $272 605 more than in 1906 The profits were therefore $15,300 605, or more than sixty three per cent of the gross receipts Incidentally it may be remarked that there were last year large increases in the number of ships passing through the canal, in the average tonnage of them and of course in the aggregate tonnage —New York Tribune

ROOSEVELT POLICIES

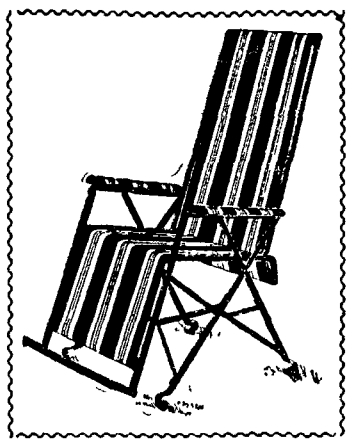
While bestowing warm praise upon President Roosevelt for his progressive policies and his energy and courage in carrying them forward, Mr Bryan declares that they furnish the Republican party with a retreat now well under way This is a criticism which should put on their mettle all admirers of the Roosevelt policies within the ranks of the great political organization which elected the nation's present chief executive

It is significant that a group of western Republicans find the party's peril at this time to lie in the domination of the popular branch of congress by that incorrigible reactionary Speaker Cannon Recently the Republican convention of Guthrie county Iowa, passed resolutions denouncing the present speaker of the national house of representatives as an obstructionist and asking Congressman Walter I Smith, Guthrie county's representative, to vote for some other man as presiding officer of the next congress One must accept this action as a symptom of a wide-spread sentiment not as a mere sporadic attack of anti-Cannonism

If a sentiment of this sort is causing a ferment within the ranks of the Republicans themselves it is natural to expect a similar feeling if not one very much more pronounced among independent voters who desire benefits for the country far more than the success of any particular party It is a fact that the methods employed by Speaker Cannon and his handful of lieutenants in the house have aroused a sentiment among many independent voters in favor of a Democratic majority in the next house The Republicans of Guthrie county in trying to save the majority of their party and still throw out the house organization which stands for reaction are taking a course which will appeal to many voters all over the country

Republicans of the nation ought to realize that to go into a national campaign professing to stand for progressive policies while putting forward Speaker Cannon and his cohorts of subchiefs as representing the type of men into whose hands their progressive policies are to be consigned will not make a great hit with advocates of advancement in and out of their party —Chicago News

This Comfort Chair



25c a Week.

Either Stationary or Swing.

The comfort chair rests you all over, because they fit your body —they support back limbs and feet You just relax and take complete rest the minute you sit in them Change position as freely and as often as you like The chair changes automatically with you We will deliver one on a week's trial and you may pay 25c a week or $1 00 per month after that if you are perfectly satisfied with it

McCLAIN'S.

Cheap Dishes.

Harvest time always makes a demand for more dishes. We have a very good stock of the plain cheap sort selling like this

Cups and Saucers, per set, 25c, 35c and 45c
Dinner plates per set 30, 35, 45c
Deep dishes, 5, 8, 10, 15 and 20c
Sauce dishes per set 15c and 25c
Creamers each 10, 15 and 25c
Good size meat platters 10c
Water pitchers 10c to 35c
Table glasses set of 6 glasses 12c
White metal tea spoons, set of 6 spoons 6c
White metal table spoons, set of 6 spoons 12c
Steel knives and forks, per set 10c to $1.25
10 qt iron kettles 65c
Enameled steel kettles 20c to 75c
Enameled steel coffee pots 25 to 75c
10 qt galvanized bucket 15c

THE ARK.

Cor Main and Church Sts.

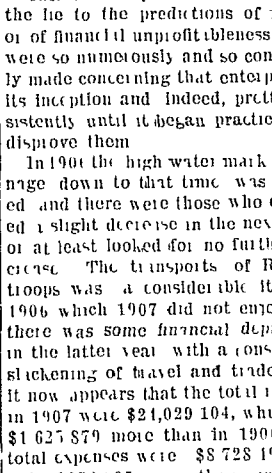
The Lewis Grocery.

Every day——
CHERRIES
CURRANTS
GOOSEBERRIES.
TOMATOES.
PEACHES.
WAX AND GREEN BEANS.
NEW PEAS
PINEAPPLES.
CUCUMBERS
WATERMELONS.
Etc, Etc.

R. T. LEWIS & CO.

North Main St. Opposite Court House

"Rosie Hunter," George Greeno's fast little pacer finished third in the 2 30 pace in Dayton Wednesday



A Special Sale OF

75 Men's Suits

that we formerly sold at $7.50, $10 00, $12 50 and $15.00,
Sizes 34, 35, 36, 37.

SALE PRICE
$4.98

STRAW HATS ½ OFF.

B. DICKINSON & CO.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

THE FIFTH ANNUAL MEETING A SUCCESS

Retail Merchants Enjoy a Nice Affair.

SOME ADDRESSES ON TOPICS OF INTEREST

The Addresses Are Followed by an Election of Officers and the Transaction of Some Other Business—A Buffet Lunch and a Pleasant Social Season.

The fifth annual meeting of the members of the Marion Retail Merchants, association was held in the gymnasium of the Y. M. C. A. building, Tuesday evening, about 100 members of the association being present and the meeting being one of the most enthusiastic ever held by the business men of the city. The gathering was called to order by J. C. Anthony, president of the organization and following the report of the secretary, L. E. Starr. Treasurer E. K. Uhler submitted his report showing $63.21 left on hand while the sum of $189.35 was expended by the association during the past year and a fair sum in dues it still outstanding.

The first question taken up by the members of the association was the matter of closing July 4, the date falling on Saturday. The president announced himself in favor of the suspension of business on that day and J. M. Cleary stated that he was in favor of closing and thought it a good idea. Because of having fireworks for sale and receiving perishable fruits, etc., many of the grocery proprietors thought it would be advisable to close at noon while one or two seemed opposed to closing at all, but did not give any expression in the matter. A motion was finally put that the association recommend to the business men that they close at noon and in this way the question was disposed of.

After a few words by the president on what had been accomplished during the past year and scoring the mayor because peddlers and alleged fakirs secured licenses to dispose of their goods, the mayor put in his appearance and was called on to speak on the subject. He took advantage of the opportunity and scored the business men who censured him for doing petty things that did not affect their business and meant a livelihood to some cripple. He also mentioned the case of a clothing salesman disposing of a bankrupt or fire stock of goods in the city and how the fight against him had been lost.

C. B. Jenkins, one of the principal speakers on the program, was next called upon to speak on "Organization." He said that the business men usually had two great objects, the first of these being profit. It is because they look forward to profit so much that so many fail. The main thing bringing success to the business men of a community and success to the individual is sociability. If success is expected, the business men must get together and be friends. Regarding the credit rating system, which was discussed for a short time previous to the meeting, the speaker stated that the business men were being watched by others the same as they were planning to watch their patrons and that the plan was an excellent one. Many poor people who do not have a dollar for many weeks are entitled to credit because of their honesty and it is the duty of the merchants to know who these people are. By the establishing of a credit rating system the prices to the consumer can be reduced instead of increased to make those who pay cover the loss resulting from bad accounts.

The system in itself will cost little considering what is lost through bad accounts. Mr. Jenkins spoke further on what organization has done for the business man through bringing him in contact with his competitors in a business manner. The time was not long back when only the banks closed in the evenings and now but few of the merchants keep their places open. This is one of the results of organization. The merchants have lost nothing in a business way by this plan while all have gained in health and social relations, especially with their families.

Dr. C. E. Sawyer was the next speaker on the program speaking on the subject of "Marion's Opportunities." He referred to what had been accomplished in Kansas City by the cooperation of the business men in pulling together and displaying pluck and energy for the growth and welfare of that now thriving city. It will not do to be satisfied with what we are, although the city is among the best in the state, but we must look to further advancement. We have not done all that we might do and many of the advantages which have come to us have not been taken. We may have done wrong in restricting many people who visit the city with wares that conflict but little with those of the merchants. When the mayor is put in a yoke it makes things hard for him. Liberality by a city means much to that city.

The speaker said the superstructure depends largely on the foundation and Marion certainly has a good foundation. We have territory for agriculture, factories and stores as good as any in the state, but we should not be satisfied and stand in a shadow. If we would have Marion be what it can be we must go into every thing with spirit, determination and energy.

What are the duties of a citizen? The first duty of a citizen is to take care of himself. Personal appearance is one of the greatest essentials. Much also depends on the manner in which his place is kept. The next duty is that to his business, but he should never forget his employes and look alone to his own gain, for he owes them and himself the right and privilege of rest. The duty to the public is one of the greatest of all. Without the public, including the poorer and hard-laboring classes, the business man and community would be nothing and it is right for the business man to highly regard this class. The business men should put their shoulders to the wheel and not only adopt resolutions to bring about what is good, but carry them into effect.

John Bain, who was present on invitation to show the business men some of the advantages they might derive by the saloons being voted out of the city, spoke for ten minutes. His talk was chiefly on the conditions which have prevailed since the last election and along temperance lines.

Following the addresses of the evening the members of the association brought up the question of an outing, but this was talked of but little as more of the members were in favor of closing their places of business Wednesday afternoons during the months of July and August to give the clerks a rest during the hot weather. This plan met with the favor of the members and will be thoroughly advertised to go into effect next Wednesday.

Under the head of new business the officers for the ensuing year where elected as follows:

E. K. Uhler, president; W. B. Denman, David Martin, J. B. Layton, W. T. Jones and J. M. Cleary, vice presidents; Earl Smart, secretary; John Waddell, treasurer, Charles Turner, R. T. Lewis, W. J. Grills, C. F. Myers, J. Schoenberger, G. E. Frank and Frank Levy were elected members of the executive committee.

The incoming president was introduced by J. C. Anthony and on taking the chair he immediately announced that it was time for lunch. Following a buffet lunch the members discussed various topics relative to the work of the association and the advantages of the Wednesday closing. It was after 12 o'clock when the scene of the meeting was deserted after one of the most interesting and harmonious gatherings ever held by the association.

THE WORTHY BLIND OF THE COUNTY ASSISTED

Sum of $3,000 for the Deserving Unfortunates.

MONEY TAKEN FROM INFIRMARY FUND

The Blind Commission and the County Commissioners Take Action Under the Law Providing for Blind Persons Who Need Assistance and Are Deserving.

The county commissioners have appropriated $3,000 for the worthy blind of Marion county. The money was transferred from the infirmary fund, which, after the transfer had been made, still contained more than $21,000. Under the law the commissioners could have transferred the money from any fund, but the infirmary fund was the most available for that purpose.

The blind commission has allowed a number of certificates to the worthy blind of the county. The names of the blind persons have all been alphabetically arranged in a large book, which is kept at the office of the county auditor. The first money to be paid to the blind under the new law was paid by the county auditor Wednesday a number of certificates having been presented. Aid is to be given through the blind commission, which will issue certificates to those worthy, four times a year.

The blind commission may give as much as it may see fit. The usual amount given for the first quarter under the new law for the totally blind has been $37.50. Those who are not totally blind have been given $25 or less.

There are more blind people in the county than most people have any idea. Thirty-four names are recorded. Not all of these have made application for aid, however.

The Federal Building.

Congressman Grant E. Mouser has received a letter from William Taylor, supervising architect in the treasury department at Washington, in which he states that work on the Marion public building will be begun just as soon as the drawing of the plans is completed.

Warning Received.

The Star is in receipt of a communication from the chief of police of Kenton to be on the lookout for S. S. Lanney, who professes to be a newspaper circulation man and was employed on the News-Republican at that place.

A woman and her opinions are soon parted.

ANNUAL REUNION IS HELD AT PROSPECT

Veterans of the Civil War Enjoy an Affair.

OFFICERS ELECTED FOR COMING YEAR

Prospect Plans for a Spectacular Reproduction of a Fight Between Indians and Cowboys July 4—Fine Program of Entertainment Is Arranged.

Prospect, July 1.—[Special.]—The members of B company, 121st regiment, Ohio volunteer infantry, held their annual reunion at the opera-house, Saturday. There was one death in this company during the year, that of N. C. Rapp, of Marion. The following officers were elected: President, J. H. Treese; secretary, J. W. Statler, and treasurer, William Eversole. The members of the company present at the reunion were J. H. Treese, of Woodland; W. B. Patten, Delaware; Samuel Berry, Ashley; Peter Boger, Marion; J. J. Davis and C. L. Patten, of Green Camp; William Eversole, C. R. Van Houten and J. W. Statler, Prospect. The guests were L. D. Harshbarger, J. P. Penry, D. Landon, E. Showalter, A. D. Mohr, of Prospect, and Albert Black, of Green Camp. Rations were furnished the old soldiers by Mrs. Freeman, of the Central hotel. The next reunion of this company will be held at Ashley, June 27, 1909.

Mr. and Mrs. John Osborn and little daughter, of Rushsylvania, are visiting relatives at Prospect this week.

A very good program has been arranged for the Fourth of July celebration here. Plenty of music will be furnished by the Prospect Knights of Pythias and the Bethlehem bands. There will be sports on the river and two good ball games. In the evening at 6 o'clock the spectacular reproduction of the skirmish at Black Rock by the Indians and cowboys will take place.

Miss Helen Horn visited her aunt, Miss Martha Cellars, at Toledo the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. William Stockman and children, of Marion, visited relatives here last week.

Frank Bull, of Chicago, was a guest at the home of Mrs. E. Brownmiller several days last week.

Mrs. S. H. Gast and mother, Mrs. G. M. Young, visited relatives at LaRue, Wednesday.

Mrs. J. W. Humphreys was a Marion visitor Thursday.

Mrs. Roy Pace, of Cleveland, is visiting her mother, Mrs. George Johnson.

Mrs. Carie Owens, of Marion, was the guest of relatives here several days last week.

Mrs. Watt Kyle entertained the Embroidery club very nicely at her home on North street, Wednesday afternoon. The home was tastefully decorated throughout in red, white and blue. After a season of needlework, a two-course luncheon was served. For the next meeting the club will enjoy a picnic at Greenwood lake.

Miss Priscilla Nelmeyer visited relatives in Marion several days last week.

Roland Middleton, of Columbus, visited friends here Sunday.

Mrs. R. H. Finnefrock visited at home of Dr. and Mrs. Charles Finnefrock at Green Camp, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Perry Wolfley were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. James Thompson in Columbus, Sunday.

Mrs. L. R. McNeill and Mrs. T. P. Penry were Marion visitors Saturday.

Edward Fritch, an employe of the National Cash Register company in Dayton, visited the past week with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Fritch.

Thomas Voght, of Louisville, Kentucky, visited friends and relatives here the past week. Mr. Voght formerly lived in Prospect.

W. S. Thompson, of Columbus, was the guest of James Farnum Sunday.

Roland Hunter, of Columbus, visited at the home of his aunt, Mrs. H. D. Beavers, the past week.

Mrs. Charles Meyers and son, of Marion, were guests at the home of William Lauer Sunday.

Earnest Cox, of Marion, visited his parents Mr. and Mrs. William Cox, over Sunday and left this week for Denver, Colorado, where he expects to spend several weeks.

Mrs. Walter Hershey and children, of Ashley, were guests of the former's mother, Mrs. George Johnson, from Saturday to Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Wilcox and son, Gail, visited Sunday with relatives in Columbus.

Mrs. Frank Mays and children, of Lancaster, were guests of Mrs. Mays' sister, Mrs. Charles Dix, the past week.

L. W. Johnson after a pleasant visit with relatives returned to his home in Columbus Saturday.

Harvey Wolfley and family were guests of the former's father, George Wolfley, at Radnor Sunday.

The local chapter of the order of Eastern Star was entertained very nicely at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George Hedge near Green Camp Tuesday evening.

Mrs. L. M. Johnson, of Columbus, Mrs Fred Sauer and Mrs. Albert Johnson spent Wednesday with relatives at Ashley.

THE LODGE WORLD.

The special conclave of Marion Commandery, No. 36, Knights Templars, held in the Masonic temple, Thursday afternoon and evening, attracted a large number of the members of the orders of this city and surrounding territory.

Beginning at 2 o'clock in the afternoon the red cross order was conferred on a class of candidates, followed by a banquet at 6 o'clock. The spread was served by the members of Lydia Chapter, No. 83, Order of the Eastern Star. The banquet was one of the pleasing features of the gathering and the service was excellent.

In the evening the temple and Malta orders were conferred. The installation of officers was also held, Past Eminent Commander M. B. Dickerson serving as installing officer. George S. McGuire, grand sentinel of the Grand Commandery of Ohio, served as marshal.

The officers installed are Dan Evans, eminent commander; William C. Stafford, generalissimo; George E. Waddell, captain of the guard; Philip I. Ruehrmund, senior warden; Charles Scroggs, of Bucyrus, junior warden; Albert J. Whiting, prelate; John E. Waddell, treasurer; James A. Knapp, recorder; L. B. McNeal, standard bearer; Harry W. Jones, of Delaware, sword bearer; Clarence B. Weston, warder.

In connection with the work of the afternoon and evening and the installation ceremonies, which were public to the members of the order and their friends, some beautiful vocal selections were rendered by a quartet composed of Mrs. Charles L. Allen, Mrs. C. F. Church, Mr. F. W. Berryman and Mr. John E. Waddell. Miss Jesse Havill served as pianist.

The work as a whole was pleasing in the extreme and the installation ceremonies were very impressive.

Every lodge of Odd Fellows in the state of Ohio will be working under an entirely new ritual after Tuesday night. This is the first time that there has been any change in the ritualistic work of the order in the last twenty years. The new ritual was adopted at the last session of the Grand lodge, and about a carload of the old rituals have already been received at the office of Grand Secretary C. H. Lyman in the I. O. O. F. building in Columbus in exchange for new rituals. No lodge will be allowed to work under the old ritual after July 1.

THE UNTIMELY DEATH OF JAMES M. RYAN

Dies of Bright's Disease in Dayton Wednesday.

DEATH COMES AFTER VERY LONG ILLNESS

Regardless of the Fact That Mr. Ryan Is Ill Two Years the Announcement of Death Comes as a Great Shock to Friends in This City—Official of Nypano.

James M. Ryan, supervisor of the Nypano Railroad company between Galion and Dayton, and well known in this city, died of Bright's disease at his home in Dayton Wednesday at 9:40 o'clock. He was one of the most popular officials of the entire Erie system and news of his death will come as a shock to his legion of friends.

Mr. Ryan had been ill during the past two years. Two weeks ago, after a serious attack, he resumed his position on the road and visited Marion a week ago last Monday. He took to his bed shortly after returning to his home in Dayton.

The deceased had been supervisor of the Nypano for twelve years, succeeding his father who was supervisor at the time the Nypano tracks were laid through this city. He was thirty-five years old and is survived by a widow and four children.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Marriage licenses have been issued to Miss Maud Close, of Pleasant township, and Francis M. Smith; Miss Flossie M. Bland and James J. Peacock.

Marriage licenses have been issued to Miss Sophronia Eager, aged fifty-four, of Grand Prairie township, and George W. Clutter, aged sixty-two, of Caledonia; Miss Violetta Tidd, aged thirty-three, of this city, and Fayette Wyckoff, aged sixty-three, of Lansing, Michigan, and Miss Nellie F. Whitman, aged seventeen, and Benjamin H. Thatcher, aged twenty years, both of this city.

Marriage licenses have been issued to Miss Hattie May Wells and Charles Verne Klingel, and Miss Ethel L. Dorward and John M. Hagemann, the latter living in Columbus.

Bowers Settles.

On a charge of jumping a board bill, George Bowers was arrested in the West End by Officer Ulsh, of Justice C. E. Gompf's court, Tuesday afternoon. He settled. Bowers was arrested on complaint of Frank Fetter, who alleged Bowers owed him $20.

RICHWOOD PLANS FOR A BIG RACE MEETING

Fourth of July Will Be Observed Properly.

RACING PROGRAM TO LAST TWO DAYS

Three-Year-Old Son of Mr. and Mrs. John Styer Is the Victim of an Accident—Teachers Are Elected for the Ensuing Year—Some Notes Gathered at Richwood.

Richwood, July 2.—[Special.]—The matinee races at the fairground race course, Friday and Saturday, July 3 and 4, promise to surpass anything of a like nature ever held in Richwood. There will be four races Friday afternoon, a C pace, C C pace, C trot and D trot. Saturday afternoon there will be six events, an A pace, B trot, B pace, A trot and B B pace. The sixth event will be a special pace in mile heats. There are sixty-four horses entered, from the following surrounding towns: Marion, three; West Mansfield, sixteen; LaRue, three; Prospect, one; Marysville, twelve; Mt. Victory, four; North Lewisburg, two; Peoria, one; Sunbury, one. Twenty-one of the horses entered belong in Richwood. The races will be called at 12:30 o'clock and will be started by Charles Reppert, of Kenton. A band concert will be given on the public square both Friday and Saturday evenings and the celebration will wind up with a fine display of fireworks. Richwood is preparing to entertain an immense crowd during the two days.

The three-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. John Styer, who reside south of Richwood, suffered an injury, Saturday, falling over a high gate. It was at first thought that the child's leg was broken, but the injury proved to be only a severe sprain.

At a meeting of the township board of education, held Friday afternoon, the following corps of teachers was elected for Claiborne township: District No. 1, Jacob R. Fackler; No. 2, Ralph B. Vestal; No. 3, Miss Florence Coe; No. 4, Miss Zaidee Chandler; No. 5, Miss Elizabeth Stone; No. 6, Miss Marie Glassmeyer; No. 7, Fred S. Cheney; No. 8, Edward H McMahon; No. 9, Miss Leah Cox; No. 10, Miss Belle Cox.

Miss Cora Martin, who has been employed at the Uhler & Phillips store in Marion, during the past several months, is now employed as a saleslady at the B. F. Carmean store in Richwood.

There were no services at the Baptist church, Sunday, the pastor, Rev. L. S. Colborn, having been called to Connellsville, Pennsylvania, last week, by the death of an uncle.

Mrs. R. F. Thomas returned to her home in Marion, Sunday, after several days' visit with Carr Bailey and family, of York.

Mr. and Mrs. G. J. Baldwin and daughter, Miss Lamont, spent Sunday with relatives in West Mansfield.

Mr. and Mrs. John C. Carroll, of Columbus, visited during the past week with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Winters, of south Franklin street.

Mrs. Zella M. Warren was the guest, Sunday and Monday, of Mr. and Mrs. O. H. Voorhies, of Marion.

Herbert Roush and family, of Marion, visited over Sunday with Mrs. Roush's parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Decker, south of Richwood.

Lewis Dolan, who is superintending the paving of Franklin street in Richwood, spent Sunday at his home in Marysville.

C. F. Grindell, who resides near Richwood has bought the Martin pike in Taylor township, Union county. This will be an extensive improvement, the selling price being $1,315.

Mrs. Lou Drake and nephew, Earl Courter, of Marysville, spent several days during the past week with the former's brother, James Guyton and family, who reside near Arbela. Mrs. Drake was accompanied home by her mother, Mrs. Mary Courter, who had been visiting the Guyton family for some time.

Services at the M. E. church were held, Sunday evening, on the lawn on the south side of the church, on Bomford street. A large congregation heard the sermon on "Rocks and Balloons," as delivered by the pastor, Rev. George B. Willsie. A chorus choir led the music, which consisted of familiar hymns.

Oral M. Bixler, of Washington township and Miss Lena B. McMahon, who resides near Summerville, were united in marriage, Sunday evening, by Rev. E. Hobson, pastor of the Friends' church. The marriage took place at the bride's home. Mr. Bixler is a professional nurse.

Mr. and Mrs. Philip Showers, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Poland and Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Gallaher, all of Marion, spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Showers, east of Richwood.

Miss Glenna Tanner, of Columbus, is the guest of her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Tanner.

Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Handley are spending the week at the Lewistown reservoir.

Mrs. H. M. King and daughter, of Macon, Mississippi, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. James King, east of Richwood.

Miss Blanche Biddle, who has been attending school in Detroit, has returned home to spend the summer with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Biddle.

The enumeration of the village school district has been completed, showing a total of 424 pupils between the years of six and twenty-one years.

Miss Edith Stiles, who has been studying music in New York City during the past year, arrived in Richwood, Tuesday noon, to spend several weeks with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Stiles.

Mrs. William Kinney is spending the week with her son, Clarence Kinney, and family, of Galion.

Mrs. R. D. Roberts spent Tuesday with her sister, Mrs. Oscar Markert, of Marion.

Mr. and Mrs. George Harriman are visiting their son, F. J. Harriman, and family, of Milford Center.

Miss Mayme Collier is spending a few days with Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Kinney, of Galion.

Mrs. Belle Willoughby and daughter, Miss Vera, of Marion, are guests of the former's daughter, Mrs. George Smith.

Dr. Douglas, secretary of the college at Wooster, delivered a lecture in behalf of the college at the Presbyterian church in Richwood, Sunday morning. In the evening Dr. Douglas delivered a forceful temperance sermon at the same church.

Miss Addie Smith, of Marion, visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Smith, of west Ottawa street, Sunday and Monday.

Roy Chapman and family, of Marion, were guests, Sunday, of Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Hall, of west Bomford street.

Mrs. Clarence Morris and little daughter, of Golden, Colorado, are guests of the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Winters.

Mr. and Mrs. Ira Donohoe and Miss Alma Donohoe spent Sunday with relatives in Columbus.

Everett Jolliff and Miss Lucy Disbennett, of near Broadway, were united in marriage by J. M. Kennedy, of Marysville, Wednesday morning. The young people will reside on a farm southwest of Richwood.

UNITED IN MARRIAGE AT THE COURT-HOUSE

Miss Andrews and Mrs. George A. Purkey.

Miss Gertrude Andrews, of Prospect, and Mr. George A. Purkey, of New Castle, Pennsylvania, were united in marriage at the court-house, Tuesday afternoon. Rev. E. F. W. Stellhorn performed the ceremony. The young people will make their future home in New Castle.

MRS. JOHN NAVIN IS GIVEN A HAT SHOWER

The First Shower of the Kind on Record.

AFFAIR IS SEQUEL TO RECENT ELECTION

Mrs. Navin Offers an Excuse in Joking Manner That She Has No Hat To Wear to a Convention—The Fertile Brain of a Marion Woman Gets Busy.

Who ever heard of a hat shower? Society is whimsical and subject to fads. There have been many kinds of showers given in the local social world. In fact, there are showers and showers, including even the baby showers; but the hat shower is a distinct sensation as well as an innovation. Mrs. John Navin, of north Greenwood street, has the honor of being the first Marion woman to be given a hat shower. Perhaps, she is the first woman to be so honored anywhere. The idea of such a shower originally belongs to Marion.

Necessity may be the mother of invention. Anyhow, it plays a part in the story of the original hat shower that for all any one knows may become a fixed society fad.

A short time ago Mrs. Navin was elected a delegate from this city to the state convention of the Catholic Ladies of Ohio to be held in Cleveland in August. She insisted that some one else be sent to the convention as the local delegate. Members of the society would not hear of it. Finally, Mrs. Navin laughingly confessed that she wanted to attend the convention, but had no hat to wear. It was all a joke with Mrs. Navin, but several members of the Catholic Ladies of Ohio heard of her remark. Then the idea of a hat shower popped into somebody's head. It took like wildfire with the other members of the society. Wednesday night, it was sprung for the first time. Mrs. Navin was surprised at her home by the members of the society, which had honored her by electing her delegate to the state convention. Every woman had a hat. The "Merry Widow" was among them. To be sure, there could be no successful hat shower without the "Merry Widow." And Mrs. Navin was pleased. She was surprised, too, beyond description.

What hat Mrs. Navin will wear to the state convention is a little feminine secret, but there is no longer any doubt about her attending.

CARRIAGES—Painted and revarnished. Only the best materials used. Come up and see our finished jobs. Dennis Gompf, over Martin & Wolfinger's repair shop, Mill street. 171-t-s-wk-6

DRUNKEN YOUTH IS FOUND IN THE PARK

Steals a Jug of Wine and Becomes Intoxicated.

AN EXPANATION IS GIVEN MAYOR

Lad Is Discharged After Being Given a Lecture—William Ambrose Is Turned Over to the Probate Court. Chief Cornwell Is Trying To Solve a Mystery—Police Notes.

Frank Bowen, aged fourteen years, was arrested at Lincoln park Tuesday afternoon by Officer Crabb and a charge of drunkenness was placed against the youth. When found in the park by Addison Bain, superintendent of parks, the boy was thought to be dead. After being taken to the city prison he was given medical attention and soon revived. He was released and ordered to appear next morning with his mother to give an explanation of where he secured his drinks. Mother and son appeared Wednesday and it was learned that the boy worked for a woman named Smith, early in the afternoon, and had discovered a jug of wine. He had previously been given a taste of the wine in the presence of his mother. It being to his liking, he stole the jug from the Smith woman and drank enough to make him intoxicated. He was given a severe lecture by the mayor and released.

William Ambrose was arrested, at Lincoln park, Tuesday night, by John Stengel, a special officer, on a charge of turning the lights out at the park. Tuesday evening a picnic was being held at the park and to guard against the turning out of lights and the stealing of lunch baskets an officer was placed on watch with the result that Ambrose was arrested. A little over a year ago the boy was before the probate judge and released on probation, having been implicated in the theft of some tools. He was taken to the mayor's office and committed to jail to be given a hearing before the probate judge.

Chief Cornwell has received a letter from Mrs. John Abner, of Woodridge, Tennessee, asking him to try and locate Mrs. Mary Hall in this city. The woman left Tennessee about a month ago with her husband Thomas Hall and were supposed to have come to this city. Hall returned to Tennessee a week after leaving, but his wife was not with him and he stated that he knew nothing of her whereabouts. Owing to his silence regarding his wife, it is feared that there may have been foul play. Chief Cornwell failed to locate any person by that name in the city, but is continuing the search.

Jacob Banner was arrested on north Main street, Saturday night, by Officer Thompson and a charge of drunkenness was slated against him. When arraigned before the mayor, Banner pleaded guilty to the charge and was fined five dollars. He paid the amount and was released.

ANNOUNCEMENT OF MARRIAGE AT AKRON

Miss Switzer and Mr. E. C. Auten United.

The marriage of Miss Maude Switzer and Mr. E. C. Auten, of the Marion Preserving company, has been announced as having been celebrated at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. S. Switzer, in Akron, June 18. The marriage service was performed by Rev. Frank Luce of the First M. E. church in the presence of a company composed of the immediate friends and relatives of the young people.

Mr. and Mrs. Auten left for a wedding journey to Cleveland, Buffalo, St. Johns and other points of interest. They will take up their residence at No. 1302 east Center street.

BIRTHS.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. John Davis of the South End Friday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Ray, of Clinton street, are the parents of a daughter, born Friday.

A son was born Saturday to Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Byers, of Patten street.

A daughter was born, Sunday evening, to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Cluff, residing about five miles northeast of the city.

A daughter was born Tuesday to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Owen, residing on Blaine avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth Hill, of Wood street, are the parents of a daughter born Monday night.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Eliza Williams, of Thompson street, Wednesday morning.

Officers After Summers.

Officer Ulsh, of Justice C. E. Gompf's court, went to Zanesville, Wednesday evening. He will probably return with Colonel Summers, who is wanted here for jumping an alleged board bill of $47.50. Summers was arrested at Zanesville on a warrant sent from this city. Mrs. Eliza Webb, a widow who conducts a boarding-house on north Main street, is the complainant.

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FRANK SHRIEVES IS VICTIM OF ACCIDENT

Hand Is Caught in Corn Plow and Injured.

CHURCH SOCIETY ELECTS OFFICERS

William De Haven Is Injured While Unloading Coal at Caledonia. Some News Notes of Interest Gathered at Caledonia and in Vicinity During Past Week.

Caledonia, July 3.—[Special.]—Frank Shrieves met with an accident last Thursday evening. He was oiling a corn plow when the horses started, catching his right hand between a wheel and the cogs. The flesh on the back of his hand and fingers was badly crushed. Dr. J. E. Baker dressed the wounds.

While unloading a carload of coal, Friday evening, William De Haven in some manner got the third finger of his right hand caught between two large lumps and received a severe wound.

G. W. Van Dorn, of Berry county, Missouri, was a guest of his sister, Mrs. George Henry, Tuesday and Wednesday.

The following officers were elected at the last meeting of the M. E. Ladies' Aid society, to serve for the coming year: Mrs. James Gray, president; Mrs. Elva Burt, vice president; Mrs. Bertha Ehlers, secretary, and Mrs. Kittie Dilts, treasurer. The society decided to hold its annual picnic in Rinker's grove, Saturday afternoon, July 4.

Miss Retta Busch left Monday with a party of Mt. Gilead friends to spend a week at Lakeside.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Rennert, of Marion, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Elias Gorenflo.

Miss Maude Anselment returned last week from Ashtabula, where she was employed the past season in a millinery store. She was accompanied home by her nephew, Master Glen Harrold, of Cleveland.

Barney Meister, of Marion, was a guest of his brother, Philip Meister, Friday and Saturday.

Mrs. David Landes and children, Florence and Nelson, departed Thursday for Akron, where they will visit relatives for a week or two.

Mrs. Mary Coughlin returned, Monday, from a short visit with relatives in Marion.

Mrs. T. B. Keech is the guest of her daughter in Mt. Gilead this week.

Miss Ida Jeffrey spent last week with her sister, Mrs. Rachel Neal, at Kirkpatrick.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lyons, residing east of town, Wednesday.

M. M. Iden returned home Saturday from a short visit at Port Huron and Detroit.

Mrs. Arch Fields is entertaining her sister, Mrs. G. W. Disman, of Lima, this week.

John J. Smith departed, Thursday, for Fredericktown, where he will be the guest of his sister several days.

Miss Mabel Fell is the guest of her sister, Mrs. T. J. Harold, and family in Cleveland, this week.

The Woman's Foreign Missionary society of the M. E. church held a regular meeting with Mrs. James Gray Wednesday afternoon. Devotional exercises were followed by the transaction of business, after which Rev. James Gray and Mrs. Elizabeth Hart contributed select readings on missionary work. Light refreshments were served by the hostess.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Busch entertained the following guests, Sunday, in honor of their son, Charles, and his bride of Cleveland: Mr. and Mrs. Frank Rinker and daughters, Mildred and Irene; Mr. and Mrs. Charles Rinker and daughter, Ruth; Mr. and Mrs. George Rinker, Sr., Misses Emma and Ella Rinker and Messrs. Lewis and Wesley Rinker.

Mrs. Margaret Crissinger, of Marion, spent Sunday with her niece, Mrs. Richard Geyer.

Mrs. H. W. Underwood and children and Mrs. Frank Hensel and son, Frank, left Wednesday for a two-weeks visit with relatives in Upper Sandusky.

Mrs. Irene Rogers and two children, of Cleveland, arrived at this place last Saturday evening and are the guests of the former's mother, Mrs. R. G. Burt.

At a meeting of the Scott town ship board of education last, Monday night, the following teachers were hired: Mabel Fell, district No. 1; Estella Rice, district No. 2, Lavina Drake, district No. 3; Jessie Daugherty, district No. 4; Emma Croft, district No. 5; Edith Weir, district No. 7 and Arena Hinds, district No. 8.

The contest given by a traveling medicine show was decided Wednesday night and Miss Margaret Glathart received the most votes for being the most popular lady in town. Little Louella Pommert was the successful candidate in the baby show. Each of the contestants received a gold ring.

The three-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Quinn Kightlinger, of south of town, fell Thursday afternoon while playing and broke his right forearm.

W. G. Haas, of Edison, has accepted a position as assistant cashier of the Farmer's Savings bank of this place and assumed his duties Wednesday. A. M. Dilts, who formerly did the work of assistant, has resigned from active service, but still remains president of the institution. Mr. Haag held the position of cashier of the Edison bank, prior to coming here. He will move his family here soon.

Mayor T. A. Gruber made a business trip to Delaware Monday and Tuesday. Dr. J. E. Baker, as president of the council filled the office of mayor during his absence.

Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Simpson are visiting their daughter, Mrs. John Rolfe, at Pemberville, this week.

Misses Helen and Gladys Boone, of Mt. Victory and Louise Cory of Cleveland, were calling on friends here Friday.

John Irwin returned to Crawfordsville, Indiana, Monday to attend Wabash college during the summer term.

The contract for building the new M. E. church will be sold this week by Architect Garfield, of Cleveland. Work will be commenced on the structure as soon as possible.

LAVISH FEATURES OF ENTERTAINMENT

Oliver H. Belmont Gives a Novel Ball—Society Man and Horse Lover.

Oliver Hazard Perry Belmont, the society man and lover of horses, who recently died at his home in Hempstead, N. Y., was named in honor of his granduncle, Commodore Oliver Hazard Perry, the hero of the battle of Lake Erie.

In 1896 Mr. Belmont married Mrs. Alva S. Vanderbilt, the divorced wife of William K. Vanderbilt and mother of the Duchess of Marlborough, formerly Consuelo Vanderbilt. Mr. Belmont himself had been divorced. The courtship was a long one. As a wedding gift he gave his wife all his Newport real estate. The value of the property was almost a million dollars.

Mr. Belmont entertained lavishly. A ball which he gave in Newport in 1895 caused a stir in social circles. Belcourt, his Newport house, was the scene of the ball. The fittings and furnishings were fit for a castle. Rare old tapestry and bronzes, statues of horses with knights in armor astride; thousands of dollars' worth of paintings, etchings and engravings, all emblematical of race horses, conching and of all kinds of racing of ancient and modern days, were on the walls of the coach room where the supper took place.

The Belmont colors and coat of arms were prominent. Down on the first floor and connected with the ballroom, where sounds of revelry were heard and where two bands of music were in attendance, was the stable. Here were the thoroughbred horses, only horses which could be owned by a Belmont. These were in handsome stalls, with sides in snow white tile.

For the occasion the blooded animals were placed on dress parade. They were covered with pure white blankets with colors to match. Such a scene was never before witnessed at a ball in America. The women, in chic gowns, strolled through the brilliantly illuminated stables with as much freedom as they did in the ballroom. It was by all odds the grandest entertainment ever given in Newport at least, and it has never been duplicated in America.

It was a bachelor ball pure and simple, and not one of Mr. Belmont's many women friends was asked to receive the guests, although many were anxious to aid the host in every possible manner. The cotillon was led by two Boston men, G. D. Cushing and H. Hunnewell, and that, too, without women. Of course this was not pleasing to women, but it could not be helped, Mr. Belmont being original, even if erratic or eccentric, in his ideas of a bachelor ball at the only combination dwelling house and stable in America.

GENERAL WRIGHT.

The most striking feature of the career of General Luke E. Wright, the successor of Secretary Taft at the head of the war department, is the fact that the man to whose charge is now committed the military administration of the nation was in his youth a captain in the confederate army. His accession, we are assured, is particularly welcomed by the officers of the army who have known him best in the Philippines, where his tact, sympathy and energy have been of the greatest value.

Both the president and Mr. Taft are especially to be congratulated that a man of General Wright's type was available for the war department, with the experience that he has had. The work in the islands has been the most difficult and trying that our army has had to do in time of general peace, not even excepting that the Indians imposed upon it after the civil war. Often it required from officers and men capacity for civil administration amid vexatious circumstances, as well as the utmost skill, daring and enterprise in fighting a savage foe. They have met the requirements extremely well on the whole. General Wright shared in some of this work, and was familiar with it all, and he enters the department knowing the army as probably none of his predecessors has except the man under whom Captain Wright served forty-odd years ago.—New York Times.

A woman's popularity in society depends upon her keeping her complexion good, and a man's upon remaining single.

TWO CANDIDATES ARE GIVEN THE DEGREE

Agosta Rebekahs Hold a Business Session.

WORK FOLLOWED BY REFRESHMENTS

N. Porter, of Green Camp, in Charge of a Meat Market at Agosta—Odd Fellows Elect Officers and Arrange for an Installation—Some Notes of the Village.

Agosta, July 3.—[Special.]—Independent Rebecca Lodge, No. 234, held an interesting meeting Saturday evening. Two candidates were instructed in the mysteries of the degree. A large crowd was present. Refreshments were served.

Charles Williams and Myron Russler called on Deputy Sheriff Johnston in Marion Sunday.

John Eversole, of Prospect, was a business visitor here Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. O. Barnthouse attended the Eastern Star memorial services in Marion Sunday.

Mrs. Alice Russler has returned from a visit with her sister, Mrs. E. Phelps, of North Baltimore, who is suffering of lung trouble. Mrs. Phelps will leave for California this week, where she expects to regain health.

Philip Bauer, of Green Camp, was calling on old acquaintances here Tuesday.

Miss Ola Knowles, of Marion, is the guest of Miss Martha Montgomery, north of town.

Mr. and Mrs. Ward Kinnamon and children, Harry and Marie, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Clark Longshore, Saturday.

George Irey has returned to his home at Boulder, Colorado, after visiting several days with his parents, south of town.

W. F. Dutton was a business visitor in Marion Friday.

N. Porter, of Green Camp, is attending to the work at the meat market this week during the absence of his son, Talmage.

T. J. Horton was calling on Marion friends Tuesday.

Richard Love, of Mt Victory, was calling on friends here Thursday.

Mrs. David Bilger is recovering from quite a severe attack of stomach trouble.

At the last meeting, Agosta Lodge, No. 751, I. O. O. F., decided to install officers July 9. W. F. Hill was elected noble grand and E. F. Martin, vice grand.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Tobias were calling on Marion friends Saturday.

Mrs. A. D. Schultz, of Cochranton, was the guest of her mother, Mrs. C. M. Stockwell, Friday.

D. H. Clifton, of DeCliff, was a business visitor here Monday.

Mrs. Amanda Lehman and Sarah Bloster were the guests of Mrs. W. Patton, of Marion, Saturday.

Vernal Birch, of Columbus, spent Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. David Birch.

C. F. Benson, the first trick operator at Longville, is spending the week with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. Benson, of Ft. Wayne. George McKinnis, of Ridgeway, is acting as operator during Mr. Benson's absence.

Glen Wisecarver, of Green Camp, is visiting his grandmother, Mrs. Elizabeth Miller.

Mr. and Mrs. G. T. Nesbaum visited the family of A. J. Lippincott, near Marion, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Cook Young were the guests of Marion friends Saturday.

Mrs. William Gray, of Marion, was the guest of W. F. Dutton, and family, Thursday.

Charles Wilson, a traveling salesman for a Dayton firm, spent Sunday with his family here.

Mrs. W. Miller spent Monday and Tuesday with Green Camp friends.

The Misses Mary Cone and Nina Dutton are the guests of William Holverstott and family, east of Marion.

Hazel Black is recovering from an illness.

Jessie Burley and Ernie Prettyman attended the musical at Cochranton, Tuesday evening.

Mrs. J. Crissinger returned home, Wednesday evening, from a visit with Deputy Sheriff Johnston and family of Marion.

Epworth League Affair.

The Epworth league of the M. E. church at Scott Town gave a very nice program at the church Tuesday evening. The affair proved a success in every way.

The contributors were Miss Dora Jones, of Custer, Miss Ruth Baker, George W. Baker and Jesse T. Dowler, of Marion; Miss Mildred Gaffney, Miss Fern Moon, Miss Gayle Hatfield and Mrs. Bessie Briggs, of DeCliff and vicinity, and a male quartet from Agosta composed of Elmer Wilson, D. M. Birch, Charles Baker and Wesley Baker.

The brand of faith that some men expect to move mountains with wouldn't even move a mole hill.

A woman doesn't object to a husband with a will of his own—providing it is in her favor.

It's enough to discourage the tightrope walker when business is slack.

It takes a real worry to make a big man sit up and take notice.

ITEMS OF INTEREST GATHERED AT WALDO

Patterson Graduates Are Given Their Diplomas.

THE CLASS NUMBERS FIVE THIS YEAR

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Francis Return Home After an Absence of Several Weeks—Mrs. Peter Cook Suffers a Stroke of Paralysis and Is in a Serious Condition.

Waldo, July 3.—[Special.]—Mr. and Mrs. J. Cook were Marion visitors Friday.

Mrs. Robert Higgins, of Marion, visited several days the past week with friends at this place.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Francis returned home Saturday after an absence of several weeks, during which time they were visiting friends at Marion and other places.

The commencement for the Patterson graduates was held in the town hall, Friday evening. There were five graduates, Florence Smith, Hazel Dixon, Fred Smith, Frank Miley and Else Smith.

Mrs. Effie Barton and son, Russel, and Jay Houseworth were visiting friends at Waldo Friday.

Mrs. Jacob Akron was called to Marion, Saturday, by the serious illness of her daughter Mrs. Roscoe Oborn.

Mr. and Mrs. Weston Luellen visited friends here over Sunday. Mrs. Luellen remained several days this week.

Miss Mazie Bland and Lowell Gompf visited relatives at Delaware Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Frank and Mrs. H. C. Higgins, of Marion, were visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Michel Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Stoner and family, of Marion, were guests of friends in this vicinity Sunday.

Miss Vinnie Selanders was a Prospect visitor Sunday.

Mrs. Peter Cook suffered a stroke of paralysis, Monday about noon, which left her in a very serious condition.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Wilson and son, Laurence, of Westfield, were guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. D. Benedict Tuesday.

Miss Bertha Augustine spent Saturday and Sunday with friends in Marion.

Mr. and Mrs. John High spent Sunday visiting at Columbus.

Mrs. Levi Yake, of Marion, is spending the week with friends here.

Miss Dessa Marie Benedict and Miss Vivian Knickle spent Wednesday in Marion.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Reformed church met, Wednesday afternoon, at the home of Mrs. William Michel.

Mr. and Mrs. John Cook and daughter, May, left Wednesday for Lee Summit and other points in Missouri. Mr. and Mrs. Cook expect to be absent about a month.

Mrs. W. C. Michel and Mrs. J. B. Corbin were Marion visitors Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs Edward Wilson and daughter, Ellen, left Thursday to spend a week with Mr. Wilson's mother at Mechanlesburg.

Mrs. Charles Grall and sons and Miss Grace Wiser were in Marion Thursday.

Miss Vorence Oborn of near Westfield is visiting her grandmother Mrs. Ellen Miller this week.

Mrs. William Gerhiser visited her mother, Mrs. William Court, at Prospect Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs D. W. Benedict were visitors at Radnor Thursday.

Quite an improvement is being made in the village at present by the laying of several carloads of stone sidewalk by various residents.

Kenny Brothers have completed their machine for the making of concrete building block and will proceed immediately to the manufacture of the block.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Many so-called hair tonics raise a lot more hope than hair.

But put off until tomorrow the clothes you do not need tonight.

True friends are those who listen to your talk when you don't say anything.

Many a man pulls down his character in an effort to build up a reputation.

The self-made man usually hurries and neglects to add the finishing touches.

Some one asks why babies cry. Perhaps it is because they don't know how to swear.

When an heiress marries a title she probably thinks she may be able to live happily ever after she is divorced.—Chicago News.

Being cheerful is having a genius for fooling yourself into the belief that you are contented.

Did you ever see a woman offer to pay her street-car fare before the conductor reached for it?

Marriage merely gives one woman the exclusive right to find fault with a man.

MORRAL TO CELEBRATE THE GLORIOUS FOURTH

Preparations for a Fine Program Saturday.

CITIZENS' BAND TO ORDER NEW UNIFORMS

A Male Quartet from Morral Furnishes Music for Memorial Exercises of the Odd Fellows at Marseilles, Sunday—People Visiting in the Village This Week.

Morral, July 2.—[Special.]—Preparations for the Fourth of July are going merrily forward, a large amount of fireworks has been purchased by the citizens for the evening, and baseball teams have been secured for the day. The Morral Citizens' band will furnish music. The band expects to order uniforms this week.

Miss Roma Welsh has returned from a visit with Miss Ethel Jolley of Richwood. Miss Jolley accompanied her to Morral and will visit her brother, Dr. J. W. Jolley, for two weeks.

Mrs. C. G. Riley returned to her home at LaRue, Monday, after visiting her brother, George Drake, who is slowly recovering from typhoid fever.

Miss Midge Andrews, of Richwood, visited at the home of S. M. Stouffer and family last week. She left this morning for Marion, where she will visit relatives.

Mrs. N. Young, of Marion, was the guest of Mrs. J. W. Jolley last week. Mrs. Jolley left Wednesday evening for Detroit, to visit her parents and other relatives.

Mrs. Fern McIntire is visiting at the home of C. W. Ferguson and family this week.

The Male quartet, consisting of J. W. Smith, C. W. Jacoby, S. M. Stouffer and W. W. Morral, went to Marseilles Sunday afternoon where it rendered several selections for the I. O. O. F. memorial services.

Mrs. F. F. Cook is visiting her daughter, Mrs. C. H. Sutton, at LaRue.

Mrs. R. E. McAllister, of Marion, is visiting relatives here this week.

Mrs. S. M. Stouffer and son, Dwight, and Harrold Schultz visited at the home of H. S. Ruhl and family Sunday.

Misses Faye, Katie and Bertha Wood, of Marion, were calling on friends in Morral Wednesday.

J. R. Lupton, of Blackley, West Virginia, arrived in Morral Wednesday evening. He will visit friends here for a week.

The Washburn-Taylor reunion will be held at the school grove on July 1.

Mr. L. F. Gault, of Sycamore, was in town Wednesday.

Mrs. S. E. Morral was visiting at Upper Sandusky Tuesday.

Miss Mabel Richards, of Marion, is spending her vacation with her parents here.

Charles Starkey is on the sick list. He is threatened by typhoid fever.

Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Coey are the parents of a daughter born Sunday.

Dwight Fowler, of Harpster, was in town Wednesday.

C. F. Bitter, of Covington, Kentucky, is here looking after his farm interests.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Postle were visiting relatives in Mt. Victory last week.

Mrs. H. A. Martin and Miss Vera Beck drove to Oceola, Wednesday, to visit friends.

Dio and Lloyd Dix, of Prospect, were in town Sunday.

Miss Lou Will was a Marion visitor Wednesday.

Mrs. Anna Dumm, of Columbus, arrived here Wednesday evening, to visit her brother, Lloyd Dennis, and wife.

Mrs. Hazel Mercer and children, of Dayton, are visiting Mrs. J. W. Bosley.

S. S. White, of Bucyrus, was in town Wednesday.

Miss Aura Rose, of Gallipolis, is visiting at the home of John McCarley.

Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Morral and mother, Mrs. E. Showers, attended the funeral of David Isaacs at Upper Sandusky Wednesday.

REAL ESTATE.

Jonathan Carmean to A. S. Carmean, 225 acres in Scott township, $1.

Maude Clayton to Lona W. Moon, part of one lot in Marion, $325.

Philip M. Gast to Ida L. Noble, part of three lots in Prospect, $1.

Alice P. Gottschall to H. E. Smith and others, one lot in Marion, $2,250.

W. H. Houghton to George E. Salmon, one lot in Marion, $1.

J. F. Kennedy, to Jane E. Kennedy, half an acre in Scott township, $1.

T. C. Lewis to C. F. Lippincott, twenty-one acres in Marion township, $2,800.

Ida L. Noble to Philip M Gast, seven lots in Prospect, $1.

W. H. Siples to Patrick Wixtead one lot in Marion, $800.

C. D. Schaffner to Martha Smith, lot in Marion, $2,000.

TIMBER SUPPLY IS TO BE CONSERVED

Railroad Men Taking Steps Toward the Preservation of Wood of Country.

The recent action by the board of directors of the American Railway Engineering and Maintenance of Way association in appointing a committee of seventeen to investigate and report upon the subject of wood preservation has shown that the practical railroad men of the country recognize the importance of taking steps to conserve the rapidly diminishing timber supply of the United States.

Timber is one of the principal materials purchased by the railroads, and its economical use is a subject of far-reaching importance. More than 100,000,000 cross ties are used annually by the different railroad companies, and their average life in this country is not more than six or seven years. From a study of European methods and the knowledge of wood preservation under conditions in this country timber testing engineers say it is reasonably certain that an average life of from fifteen to twenty years may be secured by treating the tie with a good preservative and the use of improved devices for the prevention of mechanical abrasion, thus to a large degree diminishing the drain upon the timber supply.

While the quantity of timber used for ties is very great and the problem of a future supply is a serious one, yet this class of timber is not the only one which should receive consideration. A greater length of service from timber now used by railroads for bridges, trestles, piles, fences and transmission poles is greatly to be desired.

A. L. Kuehn, engineer of track and roadway of the Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis railway, is chairman of this special wood preservation committee, and C. G. Crawford, specialist in wood preservation of the United States forest service, is its vice chairman. The first meeting was recently held in Chicago for the purpose of organizing and deciding upon a plan of work. The committee was divided into four subcommittees to take up the following lines of work:

Statistics and economics, O. Chaunte, consulting engineer, Chicago, chairman.

Preservatives and specifications, H. von Schrenk, consulting timber engineer, St. Louis, chairman.

Adaptability of woods and their preparation, W. K. Hatt, civil engineer, forest service, Lafayette, Ind., chairman.

Treating processes, C. G. Crawford, specialist in wood preservation, forest service, Washington, chairman.

This American Railway Engineering and Maintenance of Way association now consists of about 900 members representing 200,000 miles of railroad track and including among its membership the leading railroad engineers of the country. The object of the association is the advancement of knowledge pertaining to the scientific and economical construction, operation and maintenance of railroads. The method employed to obtain this information is through standing committees appointed by a board of directors. Each committee is appointed to investigate a special subject and to report at each annual meeting, presenting the results of its investigation, followed by recommendations which are published in the Manual of Recommended Practice after they have been adopted by the association.

HOT WEATHER HEALTH.

In cold weather—extremely cold—the best advice that can be given in the way of precautions against colds, influenza and worse diseases is to guard the general condition of the body carefully. "Keep well and you you will not get sick" is the paradixical maxim which is by no means the light-minded jest which it seems at first glance, and in winter it means simply that if reasonable care is taken to keep "fit" in every sense the ills and perils of the season may be warded off almost invariably.

In hot weather—the hottest—the same rule holds good. The best preventive of heat prostration, diseases of the digestive organs and all other ailments especially common in summer, is general care of the body. It is keeping fit for any reasonable strain or exposure, any test which the human body ought to be able to stand.

Every one knows that millions of men work hard in the hottest weather without ill effects. They labor under the broiling sun of midsummer with the temperature about ninety in the shade, and not one in ten thousand is overcome or made ill, unless the weather is rendered more dangerous by a low state of vitality or poor general condition.

Winter blizzards and summer heat waves simply uncover weak points in their victims. They strike down those who are unprepared for any extreme strain or demand upon the resisting forces of the body. The best safeguard is moderation, reasonableness and the general toning up of the system by right living. That is the part of wisdom, in hot weather and cold alike.—Cleveland Leader.

There is only one way to the hearts of men, it is the way of your own heart.

The reason a man can be shocked by the scandalous clothes of his wife is generally they cost more.

Life is the mill in which men are made.

COUNTY OFFICES ARE ON A PAYING BASIS

Quarterly Statement Filed with Treasurer.

MONEY TAKEN IN TO MEET EXPENSES

What the Receipts of the Various Offices of the County Amount to in Three Months—The Sheriff's Office Is Making Good Showing Regardless of First Predictions.

Every county office is now on a paying basis under the salary law, according to the quarterly statement filed with County Treasurer W. C. Wottring. The clerk's office has received about fifty dollars more than is required to pay expenses for the first time. While the sheriff's office has not received enough cash to pay expenses, the books show many hundreds of dollars in fees, which are just as good as cash.

The offices of treasurer and auditor have only semi-annual settlements to make, and practically all of the fees are accounted for in the months of April and September. At, the April settlement these offices received funds far in excess of all expenses up to the present time.

The receipts for the second quarter as certified to the county treasurer, follow:

Probate, $969.21; clerk, $655.15; sheriff, $413.82; recorder, $820.

The receipts of the probate court are about $300 less than for the first quarter, but the amount collected for the quarter is greatly in excess of the operating expenses of the office.

It was at first thought that the offices of the county clerk and the sheriff would not take in sufficient fees to pay expenses, but it is now believed that the offices will be on a paying basis easily before the year is out.

BALLOONING FOR SOCIETY PEOPLE

Mrs. Charles A. Bristed Plans To Make the Sport Fashionable.

Mrs. Charles Astor Bristed of New York, now at her country place near Lake Mahkeenac, in Stockbridge, Mass., is to be the first prominent society woman of the millionaire Berkshire colony to take up ballooning.

Mrs. Bristed, who is a close friend of Mrs. Cortlandt Field Bishop, has become an enthusiast over the possibilities of ballooning as a sport, and as soon as society is really settled in the hills she will give a balloon party.

Mrs. Bristed will use the new balloon Berkshire, which recently arrived in Pittsfield. This balloon will carry six, and Mrs. Bristed will invite four of her friends to make the flight with her early in July. This will be the first society ballooning event in America, as the guests of Mrs. Bristed will be women of the foremost social scale.

Only a short flight is planned, and the aeronauts will take automobiles back to Lenox in time for dinner. Mrs. Bishop, who has made several ascensions with Count de la Vaulx in Paris, will be one of Mrs. Bristed's guests in the initial flight.

If the balloon sport becomes popular, several men of the Berkshire cottage colony will club together and buy a balloon for their personal use.

MOTHERS.

In granting the custody of two small children the other day to the wife and mother in a case of domestic disagreement a Massachusetts judge said:

"A mother's love survives the deepest degradation of which the female nature it capable, and it is capable of a lower state than man's nature. When a woman comes into my court claiming the custody of her child I always grant it. She may be a bad woman and yet a good mother, at least the best, if not the only, mother the child can have. In this way I have at times saved both mother and child. For the sake of the child the mother will at least strive to appear virtuous. It is not a rare event for a father and son to be engaged knowingly to each other in crime; it is never the case with mother and child."

This may not universally be the law of the land, but it is the inflexible law of nature. Children bring out the best that is in us, particularly in the mother. Fresh from the hands of their Creaor, pure and sweet in their innocence and trust and helplessness, they bloom about us like flowers of paradise. A wise man has told us that in our old age, when the frame weakens and the faculties decay, the mind returns to its early youth and then its childhood. We pass from life as we entered, and the mother's teaching goes with us to that other life. The wisest and best among us, as well as the lowest and vilest, may learn from the little ones and from that mother love which is the strongest thing on earth.—Pittsburg press.

There is no harm in a man's posing as a genius if he is self-supporting.

Fools build houses; lunatics enlarge and improve them.

Every woman cries at a funeral, whether she feels sorry or not.

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RESOLUTION TO BE BITTERLY OPPOSED

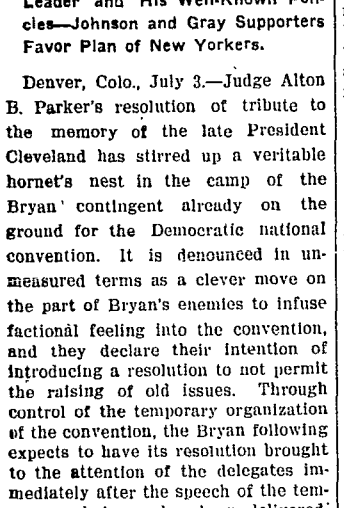
Judge Parker Starts Trouble at Denver.

BRYAN MEN ARE UP IN ARMS

Declare Cleveland Eulogy Part of Deep-Laid Plot to Discredit Their Leader and His Well-Known Policies—Johnson and Gray Supporters Favor Plan of New Yorkers.

Denver, Colo., July 3.—Judge Alton B. Parker's resolution of tribute to the memory of the late President Cleveland has stirred up a veritable hornet's nest in the camp of the Bryan contingent already on the ground for the Democratic national convention. It is denounced in unmeasured terms as a clever move on the part of Bryan's enemies to infuse factional feeling into the convention, and they declare their intention of introducing a resolution to not permit the raising of old issues. Through control of the temporary organization of the convention, the Bryan following expects to have its resolution brought to the attention of the delegates immediately after the speech of the temporary chairman has been delivered. In that event the Parker resolution would have to be offered as a substitute, if submitted at all, and the Bryan men declare that the New York delegation would thereby be placed in the attitude of attempting, under the guise of eulogizing a great party leader, to create strife and dissension and to make harmony impossible.

All Democrats, without regard to factional affiliations, applaud the suggestion coming from New York that the national convention should em-



JUDGE ALTON B. PARKER.
Leader in the Movement to Eulogize Cleveland.

brace the first opportunity of honoring the memory of Cleveland, but most of those who have expressed themselves on the subject are of the opinion that the resolutions adopted should not contain anything over which there could be the slightest difference of opinion. The New York resolution, which was made public, is denounced by such Bryan leaders as Mayor J. C. Dahlman of Omaha and Judge M. E. Wade of Iowa, the member of the national committee from that state. They declare that its adoption would be a direct slap at Bryan, and insist that in giving it out for publication the New York delegation intended to disparage the Nebraska candidate. The portions of the resolution which particularly aroused the ire of the friends of Mr. Bryan relate to Mr. Cleveland's record on the questions of maintaining the integrity of the courts and finance.

It was said by Mayor Dahlman that these expressions are but thinly veiled attacks upon Mr. Bryan and his well-known attitude on the question of adopting an anti-injunction plank and his position in 1896 and 1900 on the money question.

"These questions have no proper place," said Mr. Dahlman, "in resolutions intended only to honor the name of the late Mr. Cleveland. Mr. Bryan's personal tribute to the memory of the late ex-president was of a character proving that no man honored Mr. Cleveland more, nor would go further in giving him credit for advancing the interests of the Democratic party. It is true that Mr. Bryan and Mr. Cleveland had different views on many questions of party policy, and with the rare tact which he always exhibits, Mr. Bryan refrained from any allusions that might provoke strife in the party. It is my opinion that the Democratic national convention in adjourning out of respect to Mr. Cleveland's memory should follow Mr. Bryan's example."

R. M. Johnson, the Texas member of the committee on convention arrangements, said: "If that Parker resolution is introduced in the convention it will raise all sorts of a row. The friends of Mr. Bryan do not propose that, under the guise of a resolution honoring Grover Cleveland, Mr. Bryan shall be attacked and his policies for the last 12 years held up to rebuke."

A less serious view was taken of the Parker resolution by Frank M. Day, secretary to Governor Johnson and one of the managers of his campaign. Mr. Day said: "I certainly think that the convention should adopt a resolution in honor of Mr. Cleveland, and the one prepared by Judge Parker seems to me to be entirely proper and to fill the bill completely."

At the Gray headquarters Josiah Marvel said that Mr. Cleveland was a world character and that his memory should be paid the highest possible tribute. He had not read the Parker resolution, and he said that the wisdom of adopting it had not been called to his attention. After reading the resolution with great care Mr. Marvel said he thought it open to criticism, and that a resolution which did not rake up issues over which there had been or was likely to be bitterness, would answer the purpose far better, and be eminently more just to the record of Mr. Cleveland.

"We still feel the utmost confidence in the outcome of our campaign and our 24 hours in Denver, instead of weakening, have strengthened our assurance," remarked Mr. Lynch, who has charge of Governor Johnson's candidacy for the presidency. Asked for an explanation, he replied that he had been given much encouragement from leaders on the ground and from others on the way here. "I have received a number of telegrams of a most encouraging nature," he said. "One comes from members of the New York delegation, saying 'don't give up the fight; it is impossible for Bryan to be nominated on the first ballot.' Others of similar import have come from members of the Illinois, Pennsylvania, Massachusetts and other delegations. If Mr. Bryan is not nominated on the first ballot, which will not happen, his defeat is certain."

Judge Gray's friends also contend that Bryan's nomination on the first ballot is quite out of the question, and say that if the Nebraskan can be kept down until the second or third vote the nomination is as likely to go to one man as another, and that Mr. Gray's chances will be equal to the best. "You say Bryan and Gray," said Mr. Marvel, the Gray manager, to Judge Powers, head of the Utah delegation, who wears a Gray button but says he is for Bryan. "Why not make it Gray and Bryan? By contending for Gray for second place you admit his qualities as a vote-getter. Bryan has tried twice and failed. He would get for the ticket a vice presidential candidate all the votes he can command as a candidate for the presidency. Give us Gray and Bryan, and we will win."

STOP AT LINCOLN

Many Delegates Visit Bryan En Route to Denver Convention.

Lincoln, Neb., July 3.—Fourteen delegates and a score or more of sightseers bound for Denver arrived during a heavy rainstorm, and spent the day in making puddles of the road leading to Fairview and beating down the hayfields of Mr. Bryan and his neighbors.

Sifting the statements made by delegates after talking with Mr. Bryan, it may safely be stated that the Democratic presidential candidate will leave the platform makers and the vice presidential canvass alone. Only urgent necessity, such as threatens the passage of a plank repugnant to what the Nebraskan considers progressive Democratic doctrine, or a considerable move in favor of some vice presidential candidate whose views and political practice were antagonistic to the platform, will constrain Mr. Bryan to interfere. So far, however, it is believed Mr. Bryan has nothing against any of the 39 running mates reported as having been "mentioned" to date. The great majority of them, of course, are not taken seriously. However, should occasion arise for interference, Mr. Bryan has provided the means for prompt action. Lincoln will be in close telegraphic touch with the convention hall and Fairview will be in direct and continuous touch with the telegraph office here. Friends in thorough accord with his wishes will keep him promptly informed of every move in the committee and on the floor, and by the same means Mr. Bryan, if compelled to by some move radically antagonistic to his judgment, will make his voice heard at Denver with great celerity.

The delegates were shown advance sheets of The Commoner, Bryan's paper, which will claim 807 delegates instructed and favorable to Bryan, not including the six delegates who were instructed for him by the Montana convention.

THIS AND THAT

Fire destroyed Warner Industrial building at Oneida, N. Y. Loss exceeds $50,000.

Six hundred persons are reported to have been drowned at Batavia, Java, during a severe storm in the harbor.

Four persons were injured and two houses partially wecked at McKeesport, Pa., as the result of a Black Hand plot.

Clinton H. Snyder and Lawrence L Denning, both of Ohio, have been appointed chaplains in the army by Secretary Wright.

W. M. Townsend of St. Louis, former general passenger agent of the Missouri Pacific railroad, is dead at Port Huron, Mich.

There is to be a general resumption of work at the Bessemer rolling mills of the Tennessee Coal and Iron company Monday, July 6.

The Akron China company has been thrown into the bankruptcy court at Cleveland and W. E. Slabaugh of Akron named as receiver.

CORTELYOU GIVES POINTERS TO TAFT

Drawn From Own Experience in Last Campaign.

ADDS WORD FOR HITCHCOCK

Considers Him Admirably Adapted to Discharge Duties as National Chairman—Notification Will Take Place at Cincinnati July 29—Burton Goes to Hot Springs.

Washington, July 3.—Speaker Cannon called upon Judge Taft to pay his regards and renew his assurances given in his telegram on the day of the nomination, that he could be depended upon to furnish any assistance in his power to insure the election of Judge Taft. No detailed information as to the subjects discussed at the conference were given out. Judge Taft then went to the treasury department and had an hour's talk with Secretary Cortelyou. The interview covered a wide range of political topics. Primarily it was Judge Taft's idea to talk with Mr. Cortelyou about the work of the national committee of which Mr. Cortelyou was chairman in the last presidential campaign. Secretary Cortelyou gave Judge Taft much valuable information concerning the practical workings of the committee. Incidentally, although the subject of the national chairman was not considered at great length, Secretary Cortelyou took occasion to urge the selection of Frank H. Hitchcock. He regarded him as eminently equipped to undertake the responsibility and discharge the duties of chairman of the national committee.

It has been decided that the committee appointed at the Chicago convention to notify Judge Taft of his nomination for the presidency will meet him in Cincinnati on Tuesday, July 28. Judge Taft will go to Cincinnati from Hot Springs for the purpose of receiving the committee's notification, and will return directly to Hot Springs.

Burton Goes to Springs.

Washington, July 3. — Representative Theodore E. Burton of Ohio, who made the nominating speech for Secretary Taft at the Republican national convention, has gone to Hot Springs, Va., for a further conference with the Republican nominee.

Individual Betting Legal.

New York, July 3.—Horse racing interests in this state, which have been adversely affected by the police application of the new anti-gambling laws at the racetracks, were greatly encouraged by a decision of Justice Bischoff that an individual verbal bet does not constitute a crime. This decision was handed down in the case of Melville Collins, who was arrested at the instance of the Jockey club, charged with having violated the new law by making a bet on a horse race and receiving $5 —hich he won by it.

GREETING IS NOISY

Citizens of Utica Give Candidate Sherman Royal Welcome.

Utica, N. Y., July 3.—The homecoming of Congressman James S. Sherman was made the occasion of such a demonstration as has rarely been seen in this section The welcome to the Republican candidate for the vice presidency was a nonpartisan affair and to a great extent personal, for the congressman's recovery from his recent illness gave added reason for public rejoicing upon his safe return.

Mr. Sherman, accompanied by Mrs. Sherman and Dr. Carter, reached here on the New York express. As his train drew into the station, bands played, fireworks were set off and church chimes rang out. In Baggs square and every other spot adjacent to the New York Central station thousands of persons were crowded. Mr. Sherman stepped from the train slowly, looking pale and worn; but he stood the journey, his physicians said, very well. A monster procession formed in the vicinity of the station and escorted the candidate to his home. The line of march covered fully a mile.

Debs Turned Down.

New York, July 3. — The name of Eugene V. Debs, candidate for president on the Socialist party ticket, was presented for indorsement unexpectedly at the convention of the Socialist Labor party here. Mr. Debs was practically read out of the Socialist Labor party at a Chicago gathering some time ago, and the presentation of his name threw the convention into an uproar. A long discussion ensued, nearly every one of the 23 delegates taking occasion to explain why he was not in favor of Debs. The motion finally passed was to the effect that the suggestion of the Socialistic party unity league could not be adopted, and that the convention will send the league a reply explaining why Debs is not desirable.

Former Cashier Arrested.

Clarksburg, W. Va., July 3.—Harry E. Gump of this city was arrested at Weston and taken to Webster Springs. There is an alleged shortage of $3,500 in the funds of the First National bank of Webster Springs, of which Gump was formerly cashier.

DOINGS IN OHIO

Live News Notes of the Buckeye State. Taft Takes Boom With Him.

Cleveland, O., July 3—Mayor Tom L. Johnson left Cleveland for Lincoln, Neb., where he will confer with Mr. Bryan before other Ohio delegates reach Denver. It is stated that the mayor will discuss with Mr. Bryan the subject of the anti-injunction plank, public ownership and the initiative and referendum, principles which he is said to favor being incorporated in the Democratic platform. Incidentally Mayor Johnson will take up the matter of his talked-of candidacy for the chairmanship of the national committee.

Better Education Discussed.

Cleveland, O., July 3—A thorough study of shops and machines, and not so much of the sciences, as now taught in the elementary and high schools, and a more scientific study of agriculture in rural schools, were the main recommendations brought out in the discussion of the report of the committee on industrial education of rural schools at the council meeting of the National Education association. The report was submitted by the newly elected president, Lorenzo D. Harvey. He was given an ovation when he appeared before the executive body.

Lake Gives Up Dead.

Lorain, O., July 3.—Fred Esmoz disappeared while out fishing, and his body was found near West pier. When Esmoz failed to come home his wife became anxious and notified the police. They dragged the lake with the result that the body was found. Esmoz leaves three children.

Farmer Drops Dead.

Marion, O., July 3.—William Price, a well-known farmer residing near Radnor, dropped dead while shocking wheat on his farm.

HAPGOOD ARRESTED

Is Charged With Grand Larceny by Five Complainants.

New York, July 3.—Herbert J. Hapgood, president of Hapgood's incorporated employment agency, which advertises itself as "The National Organization of Brain Workers," was arrested on a charge of grand larceny, with his secretary, Ralph Kirby. There are five complainants against Hapgood, the chief one being William J. Witte of Rosyln, L. I.

All the complainants claim to have invested money in Hapgood enterprises, the total amount being $32,000. Witte says he put $10,000 into the Hapgood Sales company and $2,500 into Hapgood's incorporated. According to Witte, Hapgood told him the Hapgood Sales company was to invade the European market with a new safety razor of its own manufacture, and Hapgood gave him a position with the company at $50 a week. Later, he says; he discovered that Hapgood did not manufacture the razors, but simply acted as an agency for them. He says he complained and was discharged.

The prisoners were held in $20,000 bail. Hapgood says the complainants were investors, but that they received everything promised them

Death List Grows.

Yusovo, Russia, July 3.—A terrible explosion of gas occurred in the Rikovsky mine, in which a very large number of miners were at work. One hundred and fifty-seven bodies have been recoverd, but it is believed the death list will reach 200. Many of the men rescued alive are in a serious condition.

Nine Killed; Fifty Injured.

Knobknoster, Mo., July 3.—The fast California special train from St. Louis on the Missouri Pacific railroad collided with the equally fast St. Louis train from Kansas City, two miles east of here. Nine persons were killed, all on the train from Kansas City, and at least 50 were injured.

LIVE STOCK AND GRAIN.

EAST BUFFALO—Cattle: Export cattle, $6 50@7 25; shipping steers, $6 00@6 50; butcher cattle, $4 75@7 00; heifers, $3 50@5 75; cows, $3 00@6 00; bulls, $3 00@4 75; milkers and springers, $30 00@60 00. Calves—Best, $6 00@6 50. Sheep and Lambs — Mixed sheep, $4 00@4 25; wethers, $4 65@4 75; ewes, $3 75@4 00; spring lambs, $5 00@7 00. Hogs—Yorkers, mediums and heavies, $6 85@6 90; pigs, $6 10, roughs, $5 25@5 60; stags, $4 00@4 50.

CHICAGO—Cattle—Steers, $5 90@8 25; cows, $3 60@5 75; heifers, $3 50@6 15; bulls, $3 00@5 30; stockers and feeders, $3 75@5 15. Calves—$5 40@6 25. Sheep and Lambs—Sheep $3 75@4 25; lambs, $4 50@5 60; yearlings, $4 00@4 75. Hogs—Choice heavy shipping, $6 50 @ 6 55; butchers' $6 15@6 65; light mixed, $6 25@6 35; choice light, $6 35@6 45; packing, $5 75@6 40; pigs, $4 50@6 00. Wheat—No 2 red, 89@91c. Corn—No 2, 72½c. Oats—No 2, 50c.

PITTSBURG—Cattle: Choice, $7 25@7 50; prime, $6 90@7 20; tidy butchers', $6 00@6 40; heifers, $5 50@5 75; cows, bulls and stags, $2 50@5 00. fresh cows, $25 00@55 00. Calves—veal, $6 00@7 50. Sheep and Lambs—Prime wethers, $4 20@4 25; good mixed, $4 00@4 15; clipped lambs, $7 00@5 25; spring lambs, $5 00@7 25 Hogs—Heavy hogs, mediums and heavy Yorkers, $6 75@6 77½; light Yorkers, $6 40@6 50; pigs, $5 80@6 00.

CLEVELAND—Cattle: Prime dry-fed steers, $5 75@6 00; choice, $5 65@5 85; heifers, $4 50@6 50; cows, $2 50@4 50, bulls, $3 75@4 75; milkers and springers, $25 00@45 00. Calves—$7 25 down. Sheep and Lambs — Mixed sheep, $4 00@4 10; wethers, $4 25@4 40; ewes, $4 00@4 10; spring lambs, $7 25 down. Hogs—Mixed, mediums, heavies and Yorkers, $6 55; pigs, $5 75; roughs, $5 40@5 50; stags, $4 25.

CINCINNATI—Wheat; No. 2 red, 90@91c. Corn—No. 2, 71@71½c. Oats—No. 2, 53½@54c. Rye—No. 2, 80c. Lard—$8 85@8 95. Bulk Meats—$8 12½. Bacon—$8 87½. Hogs—$5 00@6 60. Cattle—$2 50@6 50. Sheep—$1 75@3 75. Lambs—$4 25@6 50

TOLEDO — Wheat, 89c; corn, 72½c; oats, 54½c; rye, 76½c.

VETERAN EDITOR IS CALLED BY DEATH

Murat Halstead Expires Surrounded by Family.

MADE NAME IN CINCINNATI

Was Known Throughout Country as Forceful Editorial and Magazine Writer—Death of Son Thought to Have Hastened Own End—Cerebral Hemorrhages the Cause.

Cincinnati, O., July 3.—After a vain struggle against the encroachments of disease for more than a year, Murat Halstead, one of the leaders in American journalism for half a century and widely known as a vigorous editorial and magazine writer, is dead at his home in this city, in his seventy-ninth year. At his bedside were his wife, his son Robert and one daughter, Mrs. Arthur Stem. Mr. Halstead had been failing in strength for several months and recently suffered from cerebral hemorrhages.

Mr. and Mrs. Halstead celebrated their golden wedding anniversary a little more than a year ago, at which time Mr. Halstead's health seemed frail, and as time passed he grew weaker, so that the news of his death was not wholly unexpected. The sudden death of his son Marshall a few months ago was a severe shock to him and is believed to have had an adverse effect on his health, being the first break in his large family. Albert Halstead, another son, is American consul at Birmingham, England, and other members of the family are scattered throughout the country.

Mr. Halstead was one of the great editors of the last half of the nineteenth century, and one of the strongest tributes to his incisiveness as a writer was in 1889, when his nomination by the president to be American minister to Germany was rejected by the United States senate because of articles he had published charging corruption to some members of that body.

He was a native of Butler county, Ohio, and after a short service on a literary weekly he in 1853 became connected with the Cincinnati Commercial, in which he secured a small interest a year later, becoming chief owner in 1865. Nearly 20 years later his paper was consolidated with the Gazette, and he was editor in chief of the combined newspaper until 10 years afterward, when another consolidation was effected, new owners securing control. For a time he was editor of the Brooklyn Standard-Union, and during the last 10 years he has figured largely as a magazine and special newspaper writer, besides issuing a number of books on current matters of historical interest. In the civil war Mr. Halstead personally reported many battles, being rated as a war correspondent of the first class, and later in the Franco-German war and also in the Spanish-American war he added to his reputation in that line. For 50 years he attended and reported all Republican national conventions, and in 1860 he was the only newspaper man who reported all the various political conventions of that year.

RACES WITH STORM

Aeronaut Glidden Has Exciting Experience Among Clouds.

North Adams, Mass., July 3.—Charles J. Glidden, the Boston automobilist and aeronaut, raced for 15 miles with a thunderstorm while several thousand feet above the earth, in his new balloon "Boston." By ascending before dawn and going alone, Mr. Glidden fulfilled at one time two of the pilot's requirements of the Aero Club of America. One hour and 18 minutes after the ascent Mr. Glidden landed near Wilmington, Vt., about 15 miles in an air line from this city.

Immediately after rising, thunderclouds began to surround the car and the race began. By keeping the balloon at the same elevation as the clouds the aeronaut found that he could keep just ahead of the storm. During the flight a double trailing line was used for the first time, and Mr. Glidden reported that it was a great help in keeping the "Boston" steady and also facilitated his landing.

Hundreds Die In Floods.

Hongkong, July 3.—Detailed reports from the floods in southern China show that hundreds of persons have been drowned and thousands are starving in the destroyed villages. Chinese and foreigners have combined to raise a large relief fund. Large sums and quantities of food are being consigned nightly from Hongkong. The government has made a grant of $30,000 and the Standard Oil company has subscribed $5,000.

Seek Woman's Husband.

Chicago, July 3.—Edward Thompson, formerly of Fargo, N. D., and Minneapolis, and husband of Mrs. Francis Gilmore Thompson, who was found murdered in a rooming house, is being sought by the police as the person most likely to have actual knowledge of the crime. Description of him and of "J. H. Raymond," who brought the woman to the house, have been telegraphed to cities in various parts of the country.

ENTERS A PROTEST

Mexico Accuses Texas of Harboring Revolutionists.

City of Mexico, July 3.—Mexico will ask the United States to punish severely the local authorities of Del Rio, Tex., and possibly others of the state, under whose authority they acted. The grounds will be that the officers knowingly failed in their duty by allowing persons who partook in the Las Vacas raid to return to the Texas side of the river uninterfered with and to bring with them their wounded. Punishment may also be asked for the police of Del Rio for allowing meetings to be held there for the purpose of fomenting and planning raids, murder and robbery in Mexico.

The latter request, however, will be contingent upon investigation not yet completed, which has for its purpose the ascertaining of the amount of knowledge which the police of Del Rio had of the meetings. This new phase of the international side of the trouble in northern Mexico was made known by Minister Mariscal of the foreign relations department. Bad faith towards Mexico by the state of Texas in the recent trouble is very strongly suspected by the Mexican government.

Alleged Revolutionists Jailed.

San Antonio, Tex., July 3.—Seven alleged Mexican revolutionists have been captured by United States troops at Del Rio and the surrounding country, according to W. E. Weatherbee. "Four of the revolutionists were captured at night by detachments of troops," said Mr. Weatherbee, "and three were taken in the morning They have all been placed in the county jail at Del Rio. By this time it is not improbable that several more have been captured by the troops, of which there are about 200 now at Del Rio and along the river. One hundred men went over to Mexico from Del Rio, but not half that number have returned, and it is thought the remainder have either been killed or are being pursued by the Mexican troops. That some of the revolutionists hardly realize the importance of the movement is shown by two of the seven prisoners who were captured by United States regulars. They were armed with razors. One had a revolver, while I don't know if the others were armed or not."

Youthful Murderer Acquitted.

Raleigh, N. C., July 3. — The coroners jury in case of Engineer M. B. Stultz of the Seaboard Airline, who was killed, acquitted Turner Smith, the 19-year-old boy who admitted shooting Stultz because he was peeping at his younger sisters while they were undressing.

Freed From Murder Charge.

Champaign, Ill., July 3.—After two hours' deliberation the jury returned a verdict of not guilty in the case of Eleazer O'Neal and Mrs. Gertie Pierson, charged with the murder of Lome Pierson, the woman's husband, near Foosland, Ill., three months ago.

BASEBALL

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

AT WASHINGTON—	R.	H.	E.
Washington ... 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 2 *—4	5	2	
New York .... 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 1—3	11	2	

Batteries — Tannehill, Falkenberg and Street; Orth, Newton and Klelnow.

Second Game:	R.	H.	E.
Washington ... 0 0 0 0 0 4 1 0 *—5	11	3	
New York .... 0 0 0 0 0 1 2 0 0—3	6	1	

Batteries — Falkenberg, Otten and Street; Hog, Manning and Blair.

AT CLEVELAND—	R.	H.	E.
Cleveland ... 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1	8	1	
Detroit ... 0 2 3 1 0 1 0 2 0 2—11	15	2	

Batteries—Cheek, Thielman, Ryan, Hess and Clarke and Davidson; Willett and Schmidt

AT PHILADELPHIA—	R.	H.	E.
Boston ... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1	6	0	
Philadelphia ... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 *—1	10	0	

Batteries—Cicotte and Criger; Bender and Smith.

AT CHICAGO—	R.	H.	E.
Chicago ... 3 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 *—6	11	0	
St. Louis .... 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1	8	5	

Batteries—Walsh and Sullivan; Waddell, Bailey and Spencer.

Second Game—	R.	H.	E.
Chicago ... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0	5	5	
St. Louis .... 0 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 3—9	13	0	

Batteries—Owen, Olmstead and Shaw; Dineen and Blue.

CLUBS	W.	L.	P.C.	CLUBS	W.	L.	P.C.
Cleve.	36	27	.585	Phila.	33	31	.516
St L..	39	28	.582	Bost...	28	36	.438
Chica..	37	29	.561	N. Y...	30	35	.435
Det't..	36	29	.554	Wash..	22	43	.338

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

AT ST. LOUIS—	R.	H.	E.
St. Louis ..... 0 1 0 0 2 0 0 1 *—4	7	3	
Cincinnati ..... 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—2	4	3	

Batteries — Frommo and Hostetter; Campbell and Schlei.

AT PITTSBURG—	R.	H.	E.
Pittsburg ... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0	6	0	
Chicago ... 0 0 0 0 0 3 0 0 0—3	8	3	

Batteries — Young, Camnitz and Gibson; Brown and Kling and Marshall

Second Game:	R.	H.	E.
Pittsburg ... 4 1 0 1 2 0 1 0 *—9	13	0	
Chicago ... 0 0 0 0 0 1 3 0 0—4	9	2	

Batteries—Maddox, Camnitz and Gibson, Pfeister and Marshall.

AT BOSTON—	R.	H.	E.
Brooklyn ... 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—2	8	1	
Boston ... 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1	7	3	

Batteries—Wilhelm and Bergen, Flaherty and Smith.

AT NEW YORK—	R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia ... 1 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0—3	7	2	
New York ... 0 0 0 1 0 0 3 0 *—4	7	0	

Batteries—Foxen and Doolin; Mathewson and Bresnahan.

CLUBS	W.	L.	P.C.	CLUBS	W.	L.	P.C.
Pitts...	41	25	.621	Phila	27	31	.466
Chica..	39	24	.619	Bost...	29	38	.433
N. Y...	38	28	.576	Brook..	24	39	.381
Cin'ti..	34	32	.515	St. L...	25	41	.379

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

AT TOLEDO 5, Columbus 0.
Other games postponed; rain.

CLUBS	W.	L	P.C.	CLUBS	W	L.	P.C.
Ind'ls.	49	27	.646	Minne..	34	35	485
Lou's .	44	30	.595	Milw...	34	40	.459
Toledo.	43	32	.573	K. C...	30	44	.405
Colum..	40	36	.526	St. P...	21	50	.296

SOME STATISTICS AS TO COUNTY PRODUCTS

County Auditor Allen Makes an Abstract.

MANY DOMESTIC ANIMALS ARE LOST

The Year Is Very Hard on Stock. Marion County Makes a Good Record for Sheep and Wool—Some Increase Noted in Raising of Various Crops—The Figures.

County Auditor Charles L. Allen has completed an abstract of agricultural statistics for Marion county, which shows some interesting facts as gleaned by the assessors. According to the returns made to the auditor there were 11,803 cattle, while for the preceding year there were 12,326. The total number of horses is 5,861, while for the preceding year there were 6,147 horses returned for taxation.

The number of sheep is given at 51,649, while for the preceding year there were 47,892. The total number of hogs is 28,009, a slight increase over the previous year when there were 27,784. An idea of the wool industry in Marion county is given when it is stated that 280,812 pounds of wool are returned for taxation by the farmers of the county. For the preceeding year there were something like 283,000 pounds reported.

During the year 1907, domestic animals in the county suffered greatly from disease, 3,451 having died. During 1906, the animals reported as having died from disease numbered 1,463. Of the deaths from disease among the domestic animals last year 1,754 were hogs, 1,374 sheep, 157 cattle and 169 horses.

According to the statistics the farmers of Marion county produced 460,287 pounds of butter. This is an increase over the previous year when 439,895 pounds were produced.

There was a considerable falling off in the raising of Irish potatoes last year compared with the year 1906. During the latter year 87,971 bushels were raised, while last year the statistics show only 36,542 bushels. Comparatively speaking, little attention is paid to sweet potatoes, only 110 bushels being reported.

Marion county produced 39,758 tons of hay last year, an increase over 1906 when the number of tons was 23,778. The tons of clover hay raised last year numbered 3,728, with 872 bushels of cloverseed. For 1906, 8,930 tons were raised, with 3,678 bushels of seed.

There was a slight falling off in the wheat product. In 1907 322,602 bushels were reported compared to 341,635 bushels for 1906. Last year 3,679 bushels of rye were produced compared with 3,118 bushels in 1906. There was also a falling off in the production of oats. In 1906, 872,279 bushels were reported, while for 1907 the number of bushels was 642,569.

The shelled corn for 1906 was 1,949,699 bushels and for 1907 1,475,714 bishels.

OBITUARY.

Mrs. Melvina J. Tufts, affectionate daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Rufus D. Harvey, and beloved wife and widow of Rev. John F. Tufts, departed this life at the home of her daughter, Mrs. George S. Wood, near Big Island, Saturday evening, June 27, 1908, at the advanced age of seventy-six years and seventeen days. She was born in Windsor, Vermont, June 10, 1832. At the age of twelve years she went with her parents to New York. After a residence there of a few years the family settled in Malneville, near Cincinnati. In a few years she united her life with Rev. John F. Tufts, who some forty years ago was a prominent minister of the Free Baptist denomination and held pastorates in southern Ohio, also in Marion county. He departed this life in April, 1878, following which time she made her home with her daughter. During the past eight years she was an almost helpless invalid. In early girlhood she sought and found Christ and became a member of the church, which membership she worthily retained until death. She knew the time of her departure was at hand, assured every one of her peace with God, choose the minister to officiate and his text, and made many arrangements touching her funeral service, which was held at the Pleasant Hill church, Monday at 10 a. m. Rev. J. A. Sutton officiated, assisted by Rev. E. N. Long, of LaRue, and Rev. J. M. Glasson, of Morral. Following service, the remains were taken to Malneville, where they were laid to final rest.

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If absence makes the heart grow fonder, it's up to the wise man to go home early.

CHICAGO PRODUCE.

Chicago, July 2.—Eggs—Extras 19; prime firsts 17½; firsts 15½; seconds 10@10½.

Butter—Extra creamery 22; firsts 21; seconds 19; dairy 21.

Live poultry—Turkeys 14; ducks 10; chickens 10; spring chickens 18@22; geese, per dozen, $5@$7.

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